Canadian Community Health Survey Cycle 2.2, Nutrition (2004)

Nutrient Intakes from Food

Provincial, Regional and National Summary Data Tables Volume 1

Revised March 31, 2008 and February 2009

Note: This PDF contains the 13 data tables for Alberta, and the Appendices.

The full report is available at:

www.hc-sc.gc.ca/fn-an/surveill/nutrition/commun/index-eng.php

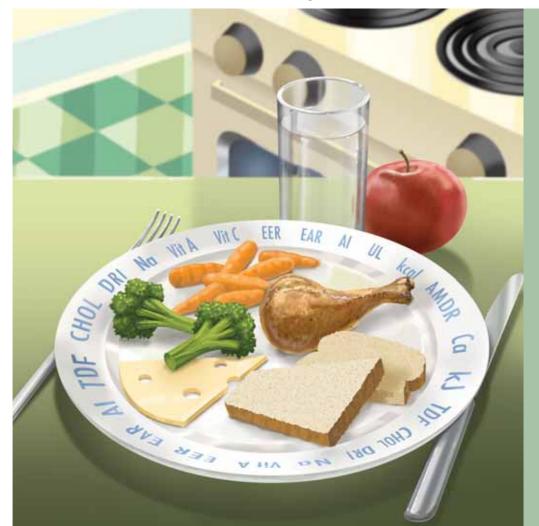




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Table 1.9 Total energy intake (kcal/d): Usual intakes from food, by DRI age-sex group, household population, Alberta, 2004¹

										Percei	ntiles (and	SE) of usu	ıal intake					
		n	Mean	(SE)	5th	(SE)	10th	n (SE)	25th	(SE)	50tl	n (SE)	75th	(SE)	90tl	n (SE)	95th	n (SE)
Sex	Age (years)										•		•				•	
Both																		
	1-3	169	1341	(45)	983	(114)	1058	(99)	1188	(75)	1342	(57)	1506	(69)	1661	(110)	1759	(146)
	4-8	281	1818	(53)	1312	(45)	1403	(47)	1569	(51)	1775	(59)	2008	(70)	2242	(86)	2395	(99)
Male																		
	9-13	183	2471	(113)	1794	(251)	1923	(221)	2163	(169)	2472	(131)	2835	(180)	3214	(299)	3469	(393)
	14-18	187	2837	(109)	1891	$(359)^{E}$	2091	(301)	2445	(204)	2874	(132)	3355	(205)	3850	(367)	4180	(490)
	19-30	223	2591	(99)	1563	(111)	1755	(111)	2105	(113)	2541	(117)	3028	(125)	3510	(144)	3820	(163)
	31-50	229	2464	(123)	1564	(211)	1743	(183)	2058	(151)	2462	(152)	2957	(216)	3485	(325)	3832	(408)
	51-70	197	2042	(84)	1251	$(239)^{E}$	1406	(203)	1682	(145)	2016	(103)	2390	(149)	2772	(259)	3024	(342)
	>70	72	1805	(76)	1304	(156)	1414	(135)	1599	(108)	1809	(95)	2038	(115)	2275	(170)	2435	(218)
	19+	721	2346	(61)	1417	(104)	1593	(93)	1921	(78)	2340	(77)	2821	(96)	3312	(130)	3633	(156)
Female																		
	9-13	165	1979	(82)	1443	(107)	1567	(111)	1792	(116)	2050	(118)	2320	(123)	2584	(134)	2753	(146)
	14-18	206	1903	(70)	1299	(203)	1415	(173)	1622	(123)	1874	(90)	2148	(124)	2415	(199)	2584	(254)
	19-30	191	1917	(92)	1176	(123)	1307	(120)	1556	(120)	1881	(133)	2265	(159)	2667	(208)	2937	(266)
	31-50	258	1769	(73)	1112	$(312)^E$	1243	$(266)^{E}$	1481	(186)	1784	(112)	2142	(167)	2529	(329)	2797	(458)
	51-70	249	1631	(61)	1039	(94)	1159	(83)	1369	(70)	1621	(69)	1908	(89)	2211	(133)	2421	(174)
	>70	128	1423	(67)	950	(126)	1039	(114)	1220	(104)	1442	(90)	1652	(94)	1849	(154)	1989	(214)
	19+	826	1730	(42)	1065	(60)	1194	(59)	1429	(58)	1728	(59)	2078	(68)	2453	(88)	2710	(110)

Symbol Legend

Footnote

^E Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) from 16.6% to 33.3%; interpret with caution.

<3 Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) greater than 33.3% with a 95% confidence interval entirely between 0 and 3%; interpret with caution.</p>

F Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) greater than 33.3% with a 95% confidence interval not entirely between 0 and 3%; suppressed due to extreme sampling variability.

¹ Intakes are based on food consumption only. For additional detail, see footnote 4 in Appendix A.

Table 2.9 Percentage of total energy intake from fats, by DRI age-sex group, household population, Alberta, 2004¹

						Percentile	es (and SE) of usu	ıal intake				%		%		%	
		n	Mean (SE)	5th (SE)	10th (SE)	25th (SE)	50th (SE)	75th (SE)	90th (SE)	95th (SE)	AMDR ²	below AMDR	(SE)	within AMDR	(SE)	above AMDR	(SE)
Sex	Age (years)																
Both																	
	1-3	169	30.3 (1.1)	22.0 (2.1)	23.5 (1.8)	26.4 (1.4)	29.8 (1.2)	33.6 (1.7)	37.1 (2.5)	39.2 (3.0)	30-40	51.2	$(11.6)^{E}$	45.0	$(10.7)^{E}$	F	
	4-8	281	30.1 (0.6)	25.8 (1.8)	26.8 (1.5)	28.4 (1.0)	30.2 (0.7)	32.0 (0.9)	33.7 (1.3)	34.6 (1.6)	25-35	F		93.8	(8.6)	F	
Male																	
	9-13	183	30.6 (0.7)	24.1 (2.1)	25.4 (1.8)	27.8 (1.3)	30.6 (0.9)	33.4 (1.1)	36.0 (1.7)	37.6 (2.1)	25-35	F		77.4	(10.7)	F	
	14-18	187	31.2 (0.9)	24.1 (2.5)	25.6 (2.1)	28.1 (1.4)	30.9 (1.0)	33.9 (1.4)	36.8 (2.1)	38.5 (2.5)	25-35	F		73.9	(12.2)	F	
	19-30	223	30.1 (0.9)	22.4 (2.3)	24.0 (2.0)	26.9 (1.4)	30.2 (1.1)	33.4 (1.6)	36.2 (2.3)	37.8 (2.8)	20-35	F		83.6	(10.1)	F	
	31-50	229	31.7 (1.4)	25.8 (3.0)	27.0 (2.5)	29.0 (1.8)	31.3 (1.6)	33.7 (2.2)	35.8 (3.1)	37.1 (3.8)	20-35	F		85.4	(14.8) ^E	F	
	51-70	197	30.1 (1.5)	23.3 (3.6)	24.9 (3.0)	27.5 (2.2)	30.4 (1.6)	33.3 (2.0)	35.9 (2.8)	37.6 (3.4)	20-35	F		84.7	(13.9)	F	
	>70	72	32.2 (2.1)	20.6 (4.5) ^E	22.9 (3.9) ^E	26.8 (3.0)	31.4 (2.2)	36.1 (2.7)	40.5 (3.8)	43.1 (4.6)	20-35	F		65.7	$(14.8)^{E}$	F	
	19+	721	31.0 (0.8)	21.2 (1.9)	23.2 (1.6)	26.8 (1.1)	30.9 (0.9)	35.0 (1.2)	38.7 (1.6)	40.9 (1.9)	20-35	F		71.7	(7.1)	25.1	(6.3) ^E
Female																	
	9-13	165	28.9 (0.8)	21.8 (1.7)	23.2 (1.5)	25.6 (1.2)	28.4 (1.0)	31.4 (1.2)	34.3 (1.6)	36.0 (2.0)	25-35	F		71.8	(9.9)	F	
	14-18	206	30.5 (0.7)	24.2 (2.0)	25.6 (1.7)	27.8 (1.2)	30.2 (0.9)	32.7 (1.2)	35.1 (1.7)	36.5 (2.1)	25-35	F		82.3	(10.2)	F	
	19-30	191	31.0 (1.4)	23.0 (3.0)	24.8 (2.5)	27.8 (1.9)	31.0 (1.6)	34.1 (1.8)	36.9 (2.3)	38.5 (2.8)	20-35	F		79.5	(12.1)	F	
	31-50	258	33.6 (1.0)	28.0 (2.7)	29.3 (2.3)	31.4 (1.6)	33.7 (1.3)	35.9 (1.5)	37.7 (1.9)	38.8 (2.3)	20-35	<3		65.5	(15.1) ^E	F	
	51-70	249	32.8 (0.9)		26.5 (2.5)	29.5 (1.9)	32.8 (1.0)	36.0 (2.2)	38.9 (3.7)	40.6 (4.6)	20-35	F			$(11.9)^{E}$	F	
	>70	128	29.4 (1.1)		23.8 (2.1)	26.4 (1.7)	29.2 (1.5)	32.0 (1.5)	34.6 (1.8)	36.1 (1.9)	20-35	F			(7.8)	F	
	19+	826	32.4 (0.6)	, ,		29.0 (0.9)	32.3 (0.7)	35.7 (0.9)	38.6 (1.1)	40.3 (1.3)	20-35	<3			(6.2)	20 5	(6.1) ^E
	17+	020	32.4 (0.0)	44.4 (1.4)	26.0 (1.2)	23.0 (0.9)	34.3 (0.7)	33.1 (0.9)	30.0 (1.1)	+0.3 (1.3)	20-33	< 3		02.8	(0.2)	49.5	(0.1)

Symbol Legend

- E Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) from 16.6% to 33.3%; interpret with caution.
- <3 Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) greater than 33.3% with a 95% confidence interval entirely between 0 and 3%; interpret with caution.</p>
- F Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) greater than 33.3% with a 95% confidence interval not entirely between 0 and 3%; suppressed due to extreme sampling variability.

Footnotes

- ¹ Intakes are based on food consumption only. For additional detail, see footnote 4 in Appendix A.
- ² AMDR is the Acceptable Macronutrient Distribution Range. For additional detail, see footnote 8 in Appendix A.

Table 3.9 Percentage of total energy intake from protein, by DRI age-sex group, household population, Alberta, 2004¹

									Percentile	es (and S	E) of usu	al intake						%		%		%	
		n	Mean	(SE)	5th	(SE)	10th (SE) 25	th (SE)	50th	(SE)	75th	(SE)	90th	(SE)	95th (SE	AMD	below AMDI	(SE)	within AMDR	(SE)	above AMDR	(SE)
Sex	Age (years)																						
Both																							
	1-3	169	14.6	(0.4)	10.3	(1.1)	11.2 (0.9	12.	7 (0.6)	14.5	(0.5)	16.5	(0.7)	18.3	(1.1)	19.5 (1	5-	20 <	3	96.4	(2.7)	F	
	4-8	281	14.4	(0.3)	13.6	(1.6)	13.7 (1.4	14.	1 (0.9)	14.4	(0.4)	14.7	(0.8)	15.1	(1.5)	15.2 (2.0	10-	30	F	100.0	(2.5)	<3	
Male																							
	9-13	183	14.7	(0.5)	11.1	(1.0)	11.9 (0.9	13.	2 (0.7)	14.8	(0.6)	16.4	(0.7)	18.1	(1.0)	19.3 (1.4)) 10-	30	F	98.8	(2.4)	<3	
	14-18	187	15.5	(0.5)	11.0	(1.2)	11.8 (1.1	13.	3 (0.9)	15.2	(0.7)	17.6	(0.8)	20.1	(1.4)	21.8 (1.	10-	30	F	98.5	(1.8)	<3	
	19-30	223	16.7	(0.7)	12,2	(1.4)	13.1 (1.3	14.	6 (1.0)	16.3	(0.8)	18.3	(1.3)	20.5	(2.0)	22.0 (2	10-	35	F	99.5	(2.9)	<3	
	31-50	229	16.8	(0.8)	12.4	(1.3)	13.1 (1.2	14.	5 (1.0)	16.2	(0.9)	18.1	(1.1)	20.1	(1.5)	21.4 (2.6	10.	35 <	3	99.9	(1.0)	<3	
	51-70	197	17.5	(0.7)	15.6	(2.4)	16.0 (2.0	16.	5 (1.4)	17.2	(0.8)	17.8	(2.1)	18.4	$(4.8)^{E}$	F	10-	35	F	100.0	(4.5)	F	
	>70	72	18.1	(1.3)	14.9	(1.8)	15.4 (1.6	16.	3 (1.4)	17.4	(1.3)	18.5	(1.5)	19.6	(2.2)	20.3 (2.0	10-	35 <	3	100.0	(0.8)	<3	
	19+	721	17.0	(0.4)	13.0	(0.9)	13.7 (0.8	15.	1 (0.6)	16.7	(0.5)	18.5	(0.7)	20.2	(1.1)	21.4 (1.4)) 10-	35 <	3	100.0	(0.5)	<3	
Female																							
	9-13	165	13.9	(0.5)	9.8	(1.0)	10.5 (0.9	11.	8 (0.7)	13.4	(0.6)	15.1	(0.8)	16.8	(1.2)	17.8 (1	10-	30	F	94.0	(4.4)	<3	
	14-18	206	14.8	(0.7)	10.2	(1.1)	11.1 (1.0	12.	6 (0.8)	14.3	(0.7)	16.4	(0.9)	18.4	(1.3)	19.7 (1.6	10.	30	F	95.8	(3.4)	<3	
	19-30	191	15.3	(0.7)	10.7	(1.2)	11.6 (1.1	13.	0 (0.9)	14.9	(0.8)	17.1	(1.0)	19.5	(1.4)	21.1 (1.) 10-	35	F	97.7	(3.0)	<3	
	31-50	258	16.7	(0.6)	12.1	(1.6)	13.0 (1.4	14.	7 (1.1)	16.6	(0.8)	18.6	(0.9)	20.5	(1.3)	21.8 (1.)	10-	35	F	99.4	(1.2)	<3	
	51-70	249	16.7	(0.4)	13.3	(1.1)	13.9 (1.0	15.	0 (0.8)	16.3	(0.6)	17.8	(0.7)	19.3	(1.1)	20.3 (1) 10-	35 <	3	100.0	(0.3)	0.0	(0.0)
	>70	128	20.1	(1.1)	14.9	(1.5)	15.9 (1.4	17.	7 (1.3)	19.9	(1.3)	22.6	(1.4)	25.2	(1.7)	26.9 (2.0) 10-	35 <	3	100.0	(0.2)	<3	
	19+	826	16.8	(0.3)	11.9	(0.6)	12.8 (0.6	14.	5 (0.5)	16.5	(0.4)	18.8	(0.5)	21.0	(0.7)	22.4 (0.	10-	35 <	3	99.3	(0.5)	<3	

Symbol Legend

- Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) from 16.6% to 33.3%; interpret with caution.
- <3 Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) greater than 33.3% with a 95% confidence interval entirely between 0 and 3%; interpret with caution.</p>
- F Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) greater than 33.3% with a 95% confidence interval not entirely between 0 and 3%; suppressed due to extreme sampling variability.

Footnotes

¹ Intakes are based on food consumption only. For additional detail, see footnote 4 in Appendix A.

² AMDR is the Acceptable Macronutrient Distribution Range. For additional detail, see footnote 8 in Appendix A.

Table 4.9 Percentage of total energy intake from carbohydrates, by DRI age-sex group, household population, Alberta, 2004¹

									Per	centiles	s (and SE) of usi	ual intake				%		% within		% above	
		n	Mean	(SE)	5tl	h (SE)	10th	(SE)	25th ((SE)	50th (SE)	75th (SE)	90th (SE)	95th (SE)	AMDR ²	below AMDR	(SE)		(SE)	AMDR	(SE)
Sex	Age (years)	Ì							•												
Both																					
	1-3	169	55.1	(1.2)	45.5	(3.2)	47.7 (.	3.4)	51.4 (2.	.3)	55.5 (1.4)	59.3 (1.8)	62.6 (2.3)	64.4 (2.7)	45-65	F		91.9	(7.1)	F	
	4-8	281	55.5	(0.7)	49.8	(0.8)	51.0 (0	0.8)	53.0 (0.	.8)	55.3 (0.8)	57.6 (0.8)	59.7 (0.9)	61.0 (0.9)	45-65	<3		99.6	(0.3)	<3	
I ale																					
	9-13	183	54.6	(1.0)	46.0	(2.4)	48.0 (1.9)	51.1 (1.	.3)	54.5 (1.3)	57.7 (1.7)	60.4 (2.3)	61.9 (2.6)	45-65	F		95.7	(4.2)	F	
	14-18	187	52.5	(1.0)	40.9	(2.8)	43.6	2.2)	18.0 (1.	.5)	52.5 (1.2)	56.9 (1.7)	60.9 (2.6)	63.4 (3.2)	45-65	F		83.3	(7.3)	F	
	19-30	223	49.7	(1.1)	41.4	(3.1)	43.3 (2	2.5)	16.4 (1.	.7)	49.8 (1.3)	53.1 (1.6)	56.1 (2.4)	57.8 (2.9)	45-65	F		82.9	(9.8)	<3	
	31-50	229	47.7	(1.6)	39.2	(3.9)	41.3 (3.2)	14.8 (2.	.3)	48.6 (1.8)	52.3 (2.3)	55.5 (3.0)	57.4 (3.6)	45-65	F		73.9	$(13.2)^{E}$	<3	
	51-70	197	49.3	(2.0)	39.4	(3.5)	41.4 (2	2.9)	14.7 (2.	.2)	48.6 (2.0)	52.8 (2.7)	56.9 (3.8)	59.4 (4.5)	45-65	F		72.6	$(12.7)^{E}$	F	
	>70	72	48.7	(2.5)	38.2	(4.4)	40.8 (.	3.8)	14.9 (2.	.8)	49.5 (2.5)	54.5 (3.4)	59.7 (5.0)	62.9 (6.1)	45-65	F		71.8	(13.9) ^E	F	
	19+	721	48.7	(0.9)	37.0	(2.1)	39.6 (1.8)	14.0 (1.	.2)	48.9 (1.0)	53.8 (1.4)	58.3 (2.0)	61.1 (2.5)	45-65	29.5	$(6.3)^{E}$	68.9	(6.5)	F	
male																					
	9-13	165	57.1	(0.9)	49.4	(2.2)	51.4 (.	1.8)	54.6 (1.	.3)	58.0 (1.1)	61.3 (1.3)	64.1 (1.8)	65.8 (2.1)	45-65	<3		92.2	(5.3)	F	
	14-18	206	54.2	(1.0)	48.6	(3.3)	50.1 (2	2.8)	52.4 (1.	.9)	54.8 (1.3)	57.0 (1.5)	58.8 (2.3)	59.9 (3.0)	45-65	F		99.4	(6.2)	F	
	19-30	191	51.7	(1.7)	42.1	(3.9)	44.1 (.	3.3)	17.5 (2.	.5)	51.3 (2.1)	55.3 (2.5)	59.0 (3.4)	61.3 (4.0)	45-65	F		85.7	(11.0)	F	
	31-50	258	46.5	(1.1)	39.5	(3.1)	41.0 (2	2.4)	13.5 (1.	.7)	46.1 (1.3)	48.8 (1.8)	51.3 (2.6)	52.9 (3.3)	45-65	F		61.3	(13.6) ^E	<3	,
	51-70	249	48.7	(1.2)	40.7	(3.0)	42.5 (2	2.5)	45.4 (1.	.7)	48.8 (1.4)	52.1 (1.8)	55.0 (2.6)	56.8 (3.1)	45-65	F		77.8	(11.3)	<3	
	>70	128	49.7	(1.3)	39.7	(3.2)	41.8 (2	2.8)	15.4 (2.	.2)	49.3 (1.8)	53.3 (2.1)	57.0 (2.7)	59.1 (3.1)	45-65	F		76.5	(11.8)	<3	,
	19+	826	48.5	(0.6)	38.9	(1.6)	41.0 (1.3)	14.5 (0.	1.9)	48.3 (0.7)	52.2 (1.0)	55.8 (1.5)	58.0 (1.9)	45-65	27.8	$(5.5)^{E}$	71.9	(5.9)	<3	

Symbol Legend

- Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) from 16.6% to 33.3%; interpret with caution.
- <3 Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) greater than 33.3% with a 95% confidence interval entirely between 0 and 3%; interpret with caution.</p>
- F Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) greater than 33.3% with a 95% confidence interval not entirely between 0 and 3%; suppressed due to extreme sampling variability.

Footnotes

¹ Intakes are based on food consumption only. For additional detail, see footnote 4 in Appendix A.

² AMDR is the Acceptable Macronutrient Distribution Range. For additional detail, see footnote 8 in Appendix A.

Table 5.9 Percentage of total energy intake from saturated fats, by DRI age-sex group, household population, Alberta, 2004^{1,2}

										Percer	ntiles (and	SE) of usu	ıal intake					
		n	Mean	(SE)	5th	(SE)	10tł	(SE)	25th	(SE)	50th	(SE)	75th	(SE)	90tl	n (SE)	95t	h (SE)
Sex	Age (years)								·		•							•
Both																		
	1-3	169	11.8	(0.6)	6.3	$(1.4)^E$	7.4	(1.1)	9.4	(0.8)	11.9	(0.6)	14.6	(0.8)	17.0	(1.2)	18.5	(1.5)
	4-8	281	11.0	(0.3)	8.8	(0.3)	9.3	(0.3)	10.1	(0.3)	11.1	(0.3)	12.1	(0.3)	13.1	(0.3)	13.7	(0.4)
Male																		
	9-13	183	10.4	(0.3)	6.9	(0.7)	7.6	(0.6)	8.8	(0.5)	10.2	(0.4)	11.9	(0.5)	13.6	(0.8)	14.7	(1.0)
	14-18	187	10.7	(0.5)	8.3	(0.4)	8.8	(0.4)	9.6	(0.5)	10.4	(0.5)	11.4	(0.6)	12.3	(0.7)	13.0	(0.8)
	19-30	223	9.8	(0.3)	6.9	(0.9)	7.5	(0.8)	8.5	(0.5)	9.6	(0.4)	10.8	(0.6)	12.0	(0.9)	12.8	(1.2)
	31-50	229	10.0	(0.4)	7.0	(1.0)	7.5	(0.8)	8.5	(0.6)	9.6	(0.5)	10.8	(0.6)	11.9	(0.9)	12.5	(1.1)
	51-70	197	9.4	(0.5)	5.3	$(1.4)^{E}$	6.1	$(1.2)^{E}$	7.7	(0.9)	9.5	(0.7)	11.3	(0.7)	12.9	(1.0)	14.0	(1.3)
	>70	72	10.1	(0.7)	5.7	$(1.2)^{E}$	6.4	$(1.2)^{E}$	7.8	(1.1)	9.7	(0.9)	11.8	(0.8)	13.4	(1.0)	14.3	(1.1)
	19+	721	9.8	(0.2)	6.1	(0.8)	6.8	(0.7)	8.0	(0.6)	9.5	(0.6)	11.0	(0.7)	12.4	(0.9)	13.3	(1.0)
Female	}																	
	9-13	165	10.4	(0.3)	7.6	(0.9)	8.1	(0.8)	9.0	(0.6)	10.1	(0.4)	11.3	(0.6)	12.4	(0.8)	13.1	(1.0)
	14-18	206	10.1	(0.4)	7.3	(0.8)	7.7	(0.8)	8.7	(0.6)	9.9	(0.5)	11.2	(0.6)	12.5	(0.9)	13.3	(1.2)
	19-30	191	10.8	(0.7)	8.2	(1.2)	8.8	(1.1)	9.8	(1.0)	10.9	(0.9)	12.2	(1.0)	13.4	(1.3)	14.1	(1.6)
	31-50	258	10.8	(0.5)	7.5	(1.1)	8.2	(0.9)	9.4	(0.7)	10.7	(0.6)	12.1	(0.6)	13.4	(0.8)	14.2	(1.0)
	51-70	249	10.7	(0.4)	8.3	(1.0)	8.8	(0.9)	9.7	(0.7)	10.6	(0.5)	11.7	(0.6)	12.7	(0.9)	13.3	(1.2)
	>70	128	9.7	(0.5)	6.1	(0.8)	6.8	(0.7)	8.0	(0.6)	9.5	(0.6)	11.0	(0.7)	12.4	(0.9)	13.3	(1.0)
	19+	826	10.7	(0.3)	6.1	(0.8)	6.8	(0.7)	8.0	(0.6)	9.5	(0.6)	11.0	(0.7)	12.4	(0.9)	13.3	(1.0)

Symbol Legend

- Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) from 16.6% to 33.3%; interpret with caution.
- <3 Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) greater than 33.3% with a 95% confidence interval entirely between 0 and 3%; interpret with caution.</p>
- F Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) greater than 33.3% with a 95% confidence interval not entirely between 0 and 3%; suppressed due to extreme sampling variability.

Footnotes

¹ Intakes are based on food consumption only. For additional detail, see footnote 4 in Appendix A.

² No DRIs have been established for percentage of total energy intake from saturated fats.

Table 6.9 Percentage of total energy intake from monounsaturated fats, by DRI age-sex group, household population, Alberta, 2004^{1,2}

							Percer	ntiles (and SE) of usu	al intake		
		n	Mean	(SE)	5th (SE)	10th (SE)	25th (SE)	50th (SE)	75th (SE)	90th (SE)	95th (SE)
Sex	Age (years)	•				•		•		•	•
Both											
	1-3	169	9.6	(0.5)	5.4 (1.3) ^E	6.4 (1.0)	7.8 (0.7)	9.6 (0.5)	11.7 (0.7)	13.4 (1.0)	14.4 (1.2)
	4-8	281	11.5	(0.3)	8.8 (1.0)	9.4 (0.8)	10.4 (0.6)	11.5 (0.4)	12.7 (0.5)	13.8 (0.7)	14.5 (0.9)
Male											
	9-13	183	12.1	(0.4)	9.4 (0.9)	9.9 (0.8)	10.9 (0.6)	12.0 (0.5)	13.2 (0.6)	14.4 (0.9)	15.1 (1.1)
	14-18	187	12.3	(0.4)	8.7 (1.2)	9.4 (1.0)	10.6 (0.7)	12.1 (0.5)	13.8 (0.7)	15.5 (1.2)	16.6 (1.5)
	19-30	223	12.4	(0.5)	9.2 (1.1)	9.9 (0.9)	11.0 (0.7)	12.4 (0.6)	13.9 (0.8)	15.2 (1.2)	16.0 (1.5)
	31-50	229	12.9	(0.7)	8.4 (0.7)	9.3 (0.7)	10.9 (0.7)	12.8 (0.8)	14.8 (0.9)	16.7 (0.9)	17.9 (1.0)
	51-70	197	12.1	(0.7)	8.8 (1.8) ^E	9.5 (1.6) ^E	10.8 (1.2)	12.2 (0.8)	13.7 (1.2)	15.1 (1.9)	16.0 (2.4)
	>70	72	12.8	(1.0)	8.8 (1.6) ^E	9.6 (1.5)	11.0 (1.2)	12.5 (1.1)	14.0 (1.2)	15.4 (1.5)	16.2 (1.7)
	19+	721	12.6	(0.4)	8.6 (0.9)	9.4 (0.8)	10.8 (0.6)	12.5 (0.5)	14.3 (0.6)	16.0 (0.9)	17.1 (1.1)
Female	:										
	9-13	165	10.8	(0.4)	8.2 (0.9)	8.7 (0.8)	9.6 (0.6)	10.6 (0.5)	11.7 (0.6)	12.8 (0.8)	13.4 (1.0)
	14-18	206	11.6	(0.4)	8.5 (0.9)	9.1 (0.8)	10.2 (0.6)	11.5 (0.5)	12.8 (0.6)	14.1 (0.9)	14.8 (1.2)
	19-30	191	12.0	(0.5)	7.5 (1.3) ^E	8.4 (1.1)	10.1 (0.8)	12.0 (0.7)	14.0 (0.8)	15.8 (1.1)	16.9 (1.4)
	31-50	258	13.4	(0.4)	12.6 (0.6)	12.8 (0.6)	13.1 (0.6)	13.5 (0.6)	13.8 (0.6)	14.2 (0.6)	14.4 (0.6)
	51-70	249	13.1	(0.5)	8.1 (1.2)	9.2 (1.0)	11.1 (0.7)	13.1 (0.5)	15.2 (0.7)	17.3 (1.1)	18.6 (1.3)
	>70	128		(0.4)	7.2 (1.0)	8.0 (0.9)	9.4 (0.7)	10.8 (0.6)	12.3 (0.6)	13.7 (0.7)	14.5 (0.9)
	19+	826		(0.2)	8.8 (0.6)	9.7 (0.5)	11.2 (0.4)	12.9 (0.3)	14.5 (0.4)	16.0 (0.5)	16.9 (0.6)

Symbol Legend

- Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) from 16.6% to 33.3%; interpret with caution.
- <3 Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) greater than 33.3% with a 95% confidence interval entirely between 0 and 3%; interpret with caution.</p>
- F Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) greater than 33.3% with a 95% confidence interval not entirely between 0 and 3%; suppressed due to extreme sampling variability.

Footnotes

¹ Intakes are based on food consumption only. For additional detail, see footnote 4 in Appendix A.

²No DRIs have been established for the percentage of total energy intake from monounsaturated fats.

Table 7.9 Percentage of total energy intake from polyunsaturated fats, by DRI age-sex group, household population, Alberta, 2004^{1,2}

							Percen	tiles (and SE) of usua	al intake		
		n	Mean	(SE)	5th (SE)	10th (SE)	25th (SE)	50th (SE)	75th (SE)	90th (SE)	95th (SE)
Sex	Age (years)										
Both											
	1-3	169	3.5	(0.2)	1.9 (0.3)	2.2 (0.2)	2.7 (0.2)	3.4 (0.2)	4.2 (0.3)	5.1 (0.4)	5.6 (0.5)
	4-8	281	4.6	(0.2)	3.1 (0.4)	3.4 (0.3)	3.9 (0.2)	4.5 (0.2)	5.2 (0.3)	5.9 (0.4)	6.3 (0.6)
Male											
	9-13	183	5.0	(0.2)	3.5 (0.4)	3.8 (0.3)	4.3 (0.3)	4.9 (0.2)	5.7 (0.3)	6.5 (0.5)	7.0 (0.6)
	14-18	187	5.2	(0.3)	3.8 (0.5)	4.1 (0.5)	4.5 (0.4)	5.1 (0.3)	5.9 (0.4)	6.7 (0.6)	7.2 (0.8)
	19-30	223	5.0	(0.2)	3.3 (0.5)	3.6 (0.4)	4.3 (0.3)	5.1 (0.3)	6.0 (0.4)	6.9 (0.6)	7.5 (0.7)
	31-50	229	5.8	(0.4)	4.4 (0.4)	4.7 (0.4)	5.2 (0.4)	5.9 (0.5)	6.6 (0.5)	7.2 (0.5)	7.6 (0.6)
	51-70	197	5.5	(0.3)	4.2 (0.6)	4.4 (0.5)	4.9 (0.4)	5.5 (0.3)	6.1 (0.5)	6.7 (0.7)	7.1 (1.0)
	>70	72	6.2	(0.5)	3.9 (0.7) ^E	4.4 (0.6)	5.1 (0.5)	6.1 (0.5)	7.3 (0.7)	8.6 (1.2)	9.5 (1.6) ^E
	19+	721	5.6	(0.2)	3.9 (0.5)	4.2 (0.4)	4.9 (0.3)	5.6 (0.2)	6.5 (0.3)	7.4 (0.5)	7.9 (0.7)
Female											
	9-13	165	4.8	(0.3)	3.3 (0.5)	3.6 (0.4)	4.1 (0.4)	4.7 (0.3)	5.4 (0.4)	6.2 (0.6)	6.7 (0.7)
	14-18	206	5.5	(0.3)	4.8 (0.3)	4.9 (0.3)	5.1 (0.3)	5.4 (0.3)	5.7 (0.3)	5.9 (0.3)	6.1 (0.4)
	19-30	191	5.2	(0.2)	4.4 (0.3)	4.5 (0.3)	4.8 (0.3)	5.2 (0.3)	5.6 (0.3)	6.0 (0.4)	6.2 (0.4)
	31-50	258	5.9	(0.3)	4.5 (0.2)	4.8 (0.3)	5.2 (0.3)	5.8 (0.3)	6.4 (0.3)	7.0 (0.4)	7.4 (0.4)
	51-70	249	5.6	(0.2)	4.7 (0.9) ^E	4.9 (0.8)	5.3 (0.5)	5.6 (0.3)	6.0 (0.4)	6.4 (0.8)	6.6 (1.1)
	>70	128		(0.6)	3.4 (0.7) ^E	3.7 (0.7) ^E	4.5 (0.6)	5.4 (0.7)	6.5 (0.9)	7.8 (1.2)	8.7 (1.5) ^E
	19+	826		(0.1)	4.0 (0.4)	4.3 (0.3)	4.9 (0.2)	5.6 (0.2)	6.3 (0.2)	7.1 (0.4)	7.6 (0.5)

Symbol Legend

- Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) from 16.6% to 33.3%; interpret with caution.
- <3 Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) greater than 33.3% with a 95% confidence interval entirely between 0 and 3%; interpret with caution.</p>
- F Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) greater than 33.3% with a 95% confidence interval not entirely between 0 and 3%; suppressed due to extreme sampling variability.

Footnotes

- ¹ Intakes are based on food consumption only. For additional detail, see footnote 4 in Appendix A.
- ² No DRIs have been established for the percentage of total energy intake from polyunsaturated fats.

Table 8.9 Total dietary fibre (g/d): Usual intakes from food, by DRI age-sex group, household population, Alberta, 2004¹

							Percenti	les (and SE) of usi	ual intake				
		n	Mean	(SE)	5th (SE)	10th (SE)	25th (SE)	50th (SE)	75th (SE)	90th (SE)	95th (SE)	AI^2	% >AI (SI
Sex	Age (years)												
Both													
	1-3	169	9.1	(0.6)	3.3 (0.9) ^E	4.3 (0.8) ^E	6.3 (0.7)	8.8 (0.6)	11.9 (0.9)	15.4 (1.5)	17.9 (2.1)	19	F
	4-8	281	12.6	(0.5)	7.6 (0.4)	8.4 (0.4)	10.0 (0.5)	12.1 (0.6)	14.6 (0.7)	17.0 (0.8)	18.5 (0.9)	25	<3
Male													
	9-13	183	17.8	(1.2)	10.2 (1.9) ^E	11.3 (1.8)	13.6 (1.5)	16.9 (1.2)	21.2 (1.9)	26.1 (3.5)	29.7 (4.9) ^E	31	F
	14-18	187	18.2	(1.0)	11.6 (2.1) ^E	12.9 (1.8)	15.2 (1.4)	18.0 (1.2)	21.1 (1.6)	24.1 (2.4)	26.0 (3.0)	38	<3
	19-30	223	18.7	(1.1)	10.9 (2.3) ^E	12.4 $(2.1)^E$	15.0 (1.6)	18.3 (1.2)	22.0 (1.6)	26.0 (2.7)	28.6 (3.6)	38	<3
	31-50	229	19.8	(1.1)	10.0 (2.0) ^E	11.8 (1.8)	15.1 (1.6)	19.4 (1.4)	25.0 (1.9)	31.8 (3.4)	36.7 (4.6)	38	F
	51-70	197	18.9	(1.0)	10.8 (1.7)	12.3 (1.5)	15.0 (1.2)	18.3 (1.1)	22.4 (1.4)	27.0 (2.3)	30.4 (3.4)	30	F
	>70	72	18.5	(1.4)	8.8 (2.2) ^E	10.9 $(2.1)^E$	14.7 (1.9)	18.5 (1.7)	22.6 (2.0)	28.1 (3.0)	33.0 (4.1)	30	F
	19+	721	19.2	(0.6)	9.8 (0.9)	11.6 (0.9)	14.8 (0.7)	18.8 (0.7)	23.7 (0.9)	29.4 (1.4)	33.5 (1.9)		
Female													
	9-13	165	15.0	(1.0)	11.5 (1.9) ^E	12.3 (1.8)	13.8 (1.6)	15.6 (1.5)	17.7 (1.7)	19.7 (2.3)	21.1 (2.9)	26	F
	14-18	206	13.0	(0.7)	7.8 (1.2)	8.7 (1.1)	10.4 (0.9)	12.6 (0.8)	15.1 (1.1)	17.8 (1.8)	19.7 (2.4)	26	<3
	19-30	191	13.7	(1.2)	6.4 (1.4) ^E	7.5 (1.3) ^E	9.6 (1.1)	12.3 (1.1)	15.8 (1.5)	20.2 (2.5)	23.5 (3.5)	25	F
	31-50	258	13.3	(0.8)	9.4 (1.6) ^E	10.1 (1.4)	11.3 (1.2)	13.0 (1.1)	15.1 (1.3)	17.5 (2.2)	19.1 (3.2)	25	F
	51-70	249	15.4	(1.0)	7.9 (1.8) ^E	9.1 (1.6) ^E	11.5 (1.2)	14.5 (0.9)	18.1 (1.5)	21.9 (2.6)	24.5 (3.4)	21	F
	>70	128		(0.8)	7.9 (0.8)	8.9 (0.8)	10.6 (0.8)	12.8 (1.1)	16.0 (1.4)	20.2 (2.0)	23.4 (2.7)	21	F
	19+	826		(0.5)	7.3 (0.6)	8.4 (0.6)	10.3 (0.6)	13.1 (0.6)	16.8 (0.7)	21.0 (1.2)	24.0 (1.6)		

Symbol Legend

- Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) from 16.6% to 33.3%; interpret with caution.
- <3 Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) greater than 33.3% with a 95% confidence interval entirely between 0 and 3%; interpret with caution.</p>
- F Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) greater than 33.3% with a 95% confidence interval not entirely between 0 and 3%; suppressed due to extreme sampling variability.

Footnotes

- ¹ Intakes are based on food consumption only. For additional detail, see footnote 4 in Appendix A.
- $^{\rm 2}$ AI is the Adequate Intake. For additional detail, see footnote 10 in Appendix A.

Table 9.9 Total cholesterol (mg/d): Usual intakes from food, by DRI age-sex group, household population, Alberta, 2004^{1,2}

										Percen	tiles (and	SE) of usu	al intake					
		n	Mean	(SE)	5th	(SE)	10th	n (SE)	25th	(SE)	50tl	h (SE)	75th	(SE)	90tl	n (SE)	95tl	n (SE)
Sex	Age (years)																	
Both																		
	1-3	169	151	(12)	52	$(16)^{E}$	71	$(14)^{E}$	97	(13)	142	(13)	197	(20)	252	(35)	306	$(52)^E$
	4-8	281	199	(15)	108	(8)	121	(9)	148	(11)	184	(15)	228	(21)	278	(29)	315	(35)
Male																		
	9-13	183	261	(22)	145	(14)	163	(16)	199	(19)	250	(24)	313	(30)	384	(37)	434	(42)
	14-18	187	320	(21)	163	(17)	190	(19)	243	(22)	314	(26)	400	(32)	493	(38)	555	(43)
	19-30	223	326	(22)	168	(17)	193	(18)	239	(21)	301	(26)	377	(31)	458	(38)	513	(42)
	31-50	229	335	(29)	170	(20)	200	(21)	257	(25)	333	(32)	426	(39)	525	(46)	592	(51)
	51-70	197	307	(27)	137	$(25)^{E}$	166	(26)	220	(28)	287	(32)	372	(39)	461	(49)	521	(58)
	>70	72	259	(31)	138	$(41)^{E}$	158	$(39)^{E}$	194	$(36)^{E}$	241	(36)	296	(46)	352	$(69)^{E}$	388	$(90)^{E}$
	19+	721	320	(15)	186	$(34)^E$	210	(30)	256	(24)	315	(19)	385	(25)	458	(43)	505	(56)
Female	:																	
	9-13	165	171	(10)	108	(11)	119	(12)	139	(13)	164	(14)	192	(16)	221	(18)	240	(20)
	14-18	206	216	(20)	105	$(29)^{E}$	123	$(27)^{E}$	159	(23)	209	(22)	272	(33)	344	(55)	395	$(75)^{E}$
	19-30	191	227	(18)	145	(16)	162	(18)	192	(21)	232	(25)	278	(30)	325	(35)	355	(38)
	31-50	258	285	(25)	150	(19)	174	(22)	220	(28)	282	(37)	360	(48)	444	(61)	498	(69)
	51-70	249		(18)		$(32)^E$		(29) ^E	180	(23)		(20)	296	(30)	366	(51)	414	(68)
	>70	128	230		139			(26)		(22)		(22)		(26)		(35)		(43)
	19+	826		(12)	183	. ,		(28)		(22)		(17)		(20)		(32)		(41)

Symbol Legend

- Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) from 16.6% to 33.3%; interpret with caution.
- <3 Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) greater than 33.3% with a 95% confidence interval entirely between 0 and 3%; interpret with caution.</p>
- F Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) greater than 33.3% with a 95% confidence interval not entirely between 0 and 3%; suppressed due to extreme sampling variability.

Footnotes

- ¹ Intakes are based on food consumption only. For additional detail, see footnote 4 in Appendix A.
- ² No DRIs have been established for cholesterol.

Table 10.9 Vitamin A (RAE/d): Usual intakes from food, by DRI age-sex group, household population, Alberta, 2004^{1,2}

										Percentile	es (and S	E) of usi	ual intake)							
		n	Mean	(SE)	5th	(SE)	10th	(SE)	25th	(SE)	50th	(SE)	75th	(SE)	90th	(SE)	95th	(SE)	EAR ³	% <ear< th=""><th>(SE)</th></ear<>	(SE)
Sex	Age (years)																				
Both																					
	1-3	169	498	(36)	254	$(61)^{E}$	296	$(55)^E$	374	(45)	478	(40)	609	(60)	756	(111)	860	$(158)^E$	210	F	
	4-8	281	570	(28)	398	$(67)^{E}$	430	(58)	485	(44)	553	(34)	626	(43)	699	(69)	746	(88)	275	F	
Male																					
	9-13	183	906	(113)	459	$(115)^{E}$	524	$(109)^{E}$	654	(98)	842	(96)	1098	(139)	1415	$(242)^E$	1658	$(343)^E$	445	F	
	14-18	187	711	(50)	387	(41)	444	(45)	556	(52)	708	(62)	892	(79)	1091	(98)	1226	(113)	630	37.1	(9.6) ^E
	19-30	223	709	(73)	F		425	$(118)^{E}$	544	$(105)^{E}$	706	(96)	906	(143)	1129	$(225)^{E}$	1289	$(287)^{E}$	625	F	
	31-50	229	636	(52)	271	$(74)^{E}$	327	$(70)^{E}$	440	(62)	602	(60)	808	(82)	1034	(134)	1195	(183)	625	53.3	$(10.4)^{E}$
	51-70	197	680	(76)	F		334	$(93)^E$	441	(83) ^E	594	(78)	800	(106)	1047	$(187)^{E}$	1231	$(271)^E$	625	54.6	$(15.1)^{E}$
	>70	72	666	(65)	436	$(77)^{E}$	481	(80)	560	(84)	655	(87)	757	(92)	856	(98)	919	(103)	625	F	
	19+	721	667	(33)	306	$(55)^{E}$	362	(52)	471	(48)	625	(44)	834	(53)	1079	(90)	1257	(129)	625	50.0	(7.5)
Female																					
	9-13	165	611	(86)	408	$(122)^E$	449	$(116)^E$	525	$(106)^{E}$	619	(97)	725	(104)	831	(135)	899	$(164)^E$	420	F	
	14-18	206	521	(36)	217	$(47)^E$	263	$(47)^{E}$	356	(45)	485	(45)	655	(58)	861	(90)	1016	(126)	485	50.1	(8.7) ^E
	19-30	191	493	(45)	166	$(53)^E$	210	$(52)^{E}$	298	(49)	423	(50)	577	(63)	744	(91)	857	(116)	500	63.8	(10.1)
	31-50	258	624	(51)	503	$(141)^{E}$	543	$(130)^{E}$	613	$(108)^{E}$	701	(87)	802	(96)	908	$(157)^{E}$	980	$(217)^{E}$	500	F	
	51-70	249	582	(41)	261	(45) ^E	309	(43)	402	(39)	530	(40)	697	(59)	895	(105)	1043	(153)	500	44.3	(8.2) E
	>70	128	550	(74)	209	(68) ^E	248	$(71)^E$	330	(79) ^E	466	$(90)^{E}$	681	$(118)^{E}$	953	$(181)^{E}$	1161	(246) ^E	500		$(15.1)^{E}$
	19+	826	577	(28)	280	(41)	329	(39)	422	(36)	551	(34)	718	(44)	912	(71)	1049	(97)	500	40.3	$(7.0)^{E}$

Symbol Legend

- Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) from 16.6% to 33.3%; interpret with caution.
- <3 Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) greater than 33.3% with a 95% confidence interval entirely between 0 and 3%; interpret with caution.</p>
- F Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) greater than 33.3% with a 95% confidence interval not entirely between 0 and 3%; suppressed due to extreme sampling variability.

Footnotes

- ¹ Intakes are based on food consumption only. For additional detail, see footnote 4 in Appendix A.
- ² No prevalences of intakes above the UL are shown for vitamin A. The UL for vitamin A applies to preformed vitamin A only, and those estimates had not yet been conducted at the time these tables were produced.
- ³ EAR is the Estimated Average Requirement. For additional detail, see footnote 9 in Appendix A.

Table 11.9 Vitamin C (mg/d): Usual intakes from food, by DRI age-sex group, household population, Alberta, 2004¹

					Percentiles	s (and SE) of usu	ıal intake				%		%
	n	Mean (SE)	5th (SE)	10th (SE)	25th (SE)	50th (SE)	75th (SE)	90th (SE)	95th (SE)	EAR ²	$\langle EAR (SE) \rangle$	UL^3	>UL (SE)
Age (years)													
1-3	169	122 (9)	32 (9) ^E	41 (9) ^E	63 (10) ^E	98 (12)	153 (16)	224 (26)	280 (39)	13	<3	400	<3
4-8	281	130 (8)	34 (10) ^E	47 (11) ^E	76 (10)	117 (9)	167 (12)	219 (18)	254 (24)	22	F	650	<3
9-13	183	165 (15)	F	F	88 (18) ^E	146 (18)	230 (27)	333 (49)	409 (70) ^E	39	F	1200	<3
14-18	187	145 (15)	72 (23) ^E	84 (22) ^E	109 (20) ^E	143 (19)	186 (25)	232 (40) ^E	263 (53) ^E	63	F	1800	0.0 (0.0)
19-30	223	144 (17)	F	F	83 (20) ^E	122 (18)	175 (24)	238 (43) ^E	283 (60) ^E	75	F	2000	0.0 (0.0)
31-50	229	127 (13)	F	F	71 (17) ^E	116 (17)	179 (24)	253 (40)	308 (56) ^E	75	F	2000	0.0 (0.0)
51-70	197	112 (18)	F	F	60 (16) ^E	91 (17) ^E	133 (21)	184 (32) ^E	221 (44) ^E	75	F	2000	0.0 (0.0)
>70	72	94 (10)	F	43 (12) ^E	61 (11) ^E	85 (10)	119 (14)	162 (26)	193 (37) ^E	75	39.7 (11.5)	2000	0.0 (0.0)
19+	721	125 (8)	34 (7) ^E	44 (8) ^E	69 (8)	109 (10)	167 (14)	239 (23)	292 (32)	75	29.1 (5.8) ^E	2000	0.0 (0.0)
9-13	165	165 (16)	90 (14)	105 (16)	134 (20)	173 (25)	220 (31)	269 (37)	302 (42)	39	<3	1200	0.0 (0.0)
14-18	206	132 (14)	70 (23) ^E	81 (22) ^E	103 (20) ^E	132 (18)	165 (19)	200 (27)	224 (35)	56	F	1800	0.0 (0.0)
19-30	191	123 (11)	F	58 (18) ^E	82 (17) ^E	118 (16)	164 (20)	215 (31)	251 (40)	60	F	2000	0.0 (0.0)
31-50	258	107 (9)	F	40 (11) ^E	63 (11) ^E	100 (11)	150 (16)	212 (28)	259 (37)	60	23.2 (7.5) ^E	2000	0.0 (0.0)
51-70	249	118 (10)	52 (15) ^E	61 (14) ^E	80 (13)	106 (12)	139 (16)	174 (26)	198 (35) ^E	60	F	2000	0.0 (0.0)
>70	128	, ,			, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,		60	F		0.0 (0.0)
		, ,					, ,	` ´			20.0 (3.8) ^E		0.0 (0.0)
	1-3 4-8 9-13 14-18 19-30 31-50 51-70 >70 19+ 9-13 14-18 19-30 31-50 51-70	Age (years) 1-3	Age (years) 1-3 169 122 (9) 4-8 281 130 (8) 9-13 183 165 (15) 14-18 187 145 (15) 19-30 223 144 (17) 31-50 229 127 (13) 51-70 197 112 (18) >70 72 94 (10) 19+ 721 125 (8) 9-13 165 165 (16) 14-18 206 132 (14) 19-30 191 123 (11) 31-50 258 107 (9) 51-70 249 118 (10) >70 128 94 (11)	Age (years) 1-3 169 122 (9) 32 (9) 4-8 281 130 (8) 34 (10) E 9-13 183 165 (15) 19-30 223 144 (17) 31-50 229 127 (13) 51-70 197 112 (18) >70 72 94 (10) 19+ 721 125 (8) 734 (7) E 9-13 165 165 (16) 90 (14) 14-18 206 132 (14) 70 (23) E F 9-10 19-30 191 123 (11) 19-30 191 191 191 191 191 191 191 191 191 19	Age (years) 1-3 169 122 (9) 32 (9) 4-8 4-8 281 130 (8) 34 (10) 54 72 (23) 55 72 (23) 56 74 75 75 75 76 76 77 76 77 77 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78	Age (years) 1-3 169 122 (9) 32 (9) 48 281 130 (8) 34 (10) 47 (11) 47 (11) 47 (10) 48	Age (years) 1-3 169 122 (9) 32 (9) ^E 41 (9) ^E 63 (10) ^E 98 (12) 4-8 281 130 (8) 34 (10) ^E 47 (11) ^E 76 (10) 117 (9) 9-13 183 165 (15) F F F 88 (18) ^E 146 (18) 14-18 187 145 (15) 72 (23) ^E 84 (22) ^E 109 (20) ^E 143 (19) 19-30 223 144 (17) F F R 83 (20) ^E 122 (18) 31-50 229 127 (13) F F F 60 (16) ^E 91 (17) ^E >>70 72 94 (10) F 43 (12) ^E 61 (11) ^E 85 (10) 19+ 721 125 (8) 34 (7) ^E 44 (8) ^E 69 (8) 109 (10) 9-13 165 165 (16) 90 (14) 105 (16) 134 (20) 173 (25) 14-18 206 132 (14) 70 (23) ^E 81 (22) ^E 103 (20) ^E 132 (18) 19-30 191 123 (11) F 58 (18) ^E 82 (17) ^E 118 (16) 31-50 258 107 (9) F 40 (11) ^E 80 (13) 106 (12) >>70 128 94 (11) 29 (9) ^E 37 (10) ^E 55 (12) ^E 81 (15) ^E	Age (years) 1.3	Age (years) 1.3	Age (years) 1.3	Age (years) 1.3	Age (years) 1.3	Age (years) 1.3

Symbol Legend

- Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) from 16.6% to 33.3%; interpret with caution.
- <3 Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) greater than 33.3% with a 95% confidence interval entirely between 0 and 3%; interpret with caution.</p>
- Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) greater than 33.3% with a 95% confidence interval not entirely between 0 and 3%; suppressed due to extreme sampling variability.

Footnotes

- ¹ Intakes are based on food consumption only. For additional detail, see footnote 4 in Appendix A.
- ² EAR is the Estimated Average Requirement. For additional detail, see footnote 9 in Appendix A. The EAR for vitamin C used in this table is that for non-smokers.
- ³ UL is the Tolerable Upper Intake Level. For additional detail, see footnote 11 in Appendix A.

Table 12.9 Calcium (mg/d): Usual intakes from food, by DRI age-sex group, household population, Alberta, 2004¹

					Percentiles (and SE) of usual intake											%			%				
		n	Mean (SE)		5th	(SE)	10th (SE)	25th (SE)		50th (SE)		75th (<i>SE</i>)		90th (SE)		95th (SE)		AI ²	>AI	(SE)	UL^3	>UL	(SE)
Sex	Age (years)																						
Both																							
	1-3	169	1008	(46)	504	(66)	596 (62)	765	(58)	976	(60)	1230	(79)	1521	(118)	1731	(156)	500	95.2	(2.4)	2500	<3	
	4-8	281	1005	(41)	620	(40)	694 (40)	823	(42)	978	(46)	1152	(57)	1334	(72)	1457	(84)	800	78.2	(5.7)	2500	0.0	(0.0)
Male																							
	9-13	183	1267	(94)	629	$(145)^{E}$	724 (133) ^E	914	(112)	1187	(100)	1564	(148)	2041	(284)	2416	$(418)^{E}$	1300	41.0	$(10.7)^{E}$	2500	F	
	14-18	187	1297	(66)	667	(79)	784 (79)	1011	(79)	1307	(91)	1629	(102)	1926	(112)	2116	(126)	1300	50.6	(8.0)	2500	<3	
	19-30	223	1014	(59)	433	$(110)^{E}$	518 (103) ^E	693	(87)	942	(69)	1250	(91)	1576	(152)	1792	(201)	1000	44.6	$(7.8)^{E}$	2500	<3	
	31-50	229	871	(71)	435	(41)	502 (45)	636	(52)	816	(60)	1043	(78)	1323	(130)	1548	(197)	1000	28.7	$(6.8)^{E}$	2500	<3	
	51-70	197	825	(63)	325	$(104)^{E}$	398 (102) ^E	554	(92)	784	(80)	1070	(96)	1376	(156)	1581	(212)	1200	F		2500	<3	
	>70	72	787	(52)	561	$(97)^{E}$	614 (85)	708	(69)	821	(62)	948	(82)	1076	(121)	1159	(153)	1200	F		2500	<3	
	19+	721	890	(38)	414	(42)	489 (42)	640	(42)	849	(41)	1110	(47)	1406	(68)	1619	(93)				2500	<3	
Female																							
	9-13	165	939	(51)	551	(92) ^E	623 (85)	756	(74)	928	(73)	1136	(96)	1364	(144)	1524	(187)	1300	F		2500	<3	
	14-18	206	864	(43)	415	(59)	486 (57)	623	(52)	811	(51)	1041	(72)	1290	(112)	1459	(144)	1300	F		2500	<3	
	19-30	191	927	(109)	536	$(139)^{E}$	601 (135) ^E	725	$(127)^{E}$	889	(127)	1083	(151)	1288	(207)	1426	(260) ^E	1000	F		2500	<3	
	31-50	258	808	(63)	376	$(104)^{E}$	440 (102) ^E	569	(95) ^E	753	(85)	988	(86)	1254	(120)	1443	(154)	1000	24.1	$(7.9)^{E}$	2500	<3	
	51-70	249	719	(41)	406	(29)	458 (31)		(37)	687	(46)	845	(61)	1019	(83)	1140	(100)	1200	F		2500	0.0	(0.0)
	>70	128	692			$(62)^E$	398 (67) ^E		(74)		(92)		(128)		(171)		(199)	1200	F		2500	<3	, ,
	19+	826	799	,	408	,	470 (52)		(49)		(45)		(47)	1199	,	1362	,	1200			2500	<3	
	17+	020	139	(33)	400	(34)	7/U (J4)	390	(<i>T7)</i>	130	(1 2)	207	(7/)	1199	(04)	1302	(02)				2300	<3	

Symbol Legend

- Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) from 16.6% to 33.3%; interpret with caution.
- <3 Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) greater than 33.3% with a 95% confidence interval entirely between 0 and 3%; interpret with caution.</p>
- F Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) greater than 33.3% with a 95% confidence interval not entirely between 0 and 3%; suppressed due to extreme sampling variability.

Footnotes

- ¹ Intakes are based on food consumption only. For additional detail, see footnote 4 in Appendix A.
- ² AI is the Adequate Intake. For additional detail, see footnote 10 in Appendix A.
- $^{\rm 3}$ UL is the Tolerable Upper Intake Level. For additional detail, see footnote 11 in Appendix A.

Table 13.9 Sodium (mg/d): Usual intakes from food, by DRI age-sex group, household population, Alberta, 2004¹

					Percentiles (and SE) of usual intake											%			%				
		n	Mean (S	SE)	5th (S.	E) 1	Oth (SE)	25th	(SE)	50th	(SE)	75th	(SE)	90th	(SE)	95th	(SE)	AI ²	>AI	(SE)	UL ³	>UL	(SE)
Sex	Age (years)																						
Both																							
	1-3	169	1728 (124)	741 (1	85) ^E 89	7 (182) ^E	1246	(155)	1725	(143)	2195	(171)	2750	(257)	3187	(346)	1000	86.0	(6.4)	1500	62.3	(9.1)
	4-8	281	2560 ()	102)	1880 (8	4) 199	90)	2216	(100)	2485	(114)	2788	(128)	3088	(142)	3279	(151)	1200	100.0	(0.0)	1900	94.3	(3.2)
Male																							
	9-13	183	3578 (2	216)	2778 (3)	56) 29 4	10 (322)	3236	(266)	3609	(230)	4041	(288)	4492	(453)	4796	(603)	1500	100.0	(0.1)	2200	100.0	(2.1)
	14-18	187	4124 (188)	3071 (4	42) 329	7 (389)	3698	(299)	4181	(240)	4705	(324)	5212	(517)	5533	(673)	1500	100.0	(0.1)	2300	99.9	(1.9)
	19-30	223	3793 ()	176)	2797 (4	64) ^E 300	1 (399)	3357	(289)	3777	(207)	4225	(270)	4653	(444)	4922	(590)	1500	100.0	(0.8)	2300	99.5	(3.8)
	31-50	229	3555 (2	237)	2148 (1	86) 242	24 (203)	2948	(233)	3615	(269)	4354	(307)	5056	(343)	5484	(365)	1500	99.6	(0.3)	2300	92.5	(3.9)
	51-70	197	3389 (2	168)	1985 (1	54) 220	64 (159)	2758	(176)	3371	(214)	4101	(269)	4911	(336)	5484	(392)	1300	99.5	(0.3)	2300	89.2	(3.9)
	>70	72	3121 (3	309)	2609 (4	27) 27 5	66 (402)	3017	(372)	3328	(373)	3664	(426)	3987	(521)	4191	(597)	1200	100.0	(0.1)	2300	99.3	(8.7)
	19+	721	3543 (120)	2422 (3	02) 260	3 (265)	3101	(198)	3641	(145)	4240	(187)	4832	(303)	5211	(392)				2300	96.7	(3.1)
Female																							
	9-13	165	2918 (150)	2135 (1	64) 230	12 (172)	2598	(190)	2963	(215)	3372	(246)	3782	(277)	4045	(298)	1500	100.0	(0.2)	2200	93.3	(5.9)
	14-18	206	2843 (173)	1620 (3	02) ^E 182	25 (279)	2214	(241)	2725	(219)	3330	(269)	3966	(405)	4393	(529)	1500	97.0	(2.7)	2300	71.0	(11.6)
	19-30	191	2975 (2	214)	1834 (4	02) ^E 20 5	66 (376) ^E	2468	(332)	2989	(297)	3582	(322)	4181	(435)	4570	(546)	1500	98.8	(3.6)	2300	81.9	(12.7)
	31-50	258	2542 (108)	1828 (2	94) 193	2 (262)	2225	(204)	2525	(154)	2842	(168)	3152	(254)	3352	(332)	1500	99.5	(3.1)	2300	69.2	(14.7) ^E
	51-70	249	2397 (113)	1706 (1	04) 183	32 (110)	2058	(120)	2337	(134)	2652	(155)	2973	(181)	3185	(202)	1300	99.8	(0.2)	2300	53.4	$(11.8)^{E}$
	>70	128	2067 (118)	1124 (1	29) 12 0	61 (131)	1539	(138)	1941	(137)	2418	(161)	2947	(233)	3342	(309)	1200	92.5	(3.6)	2300	30.2	(7.9) ^E
	19+	826	2550 (75)	1550 (1	43) 173	36 (134)	2079	(117)	2501	(104)	2967	(110)	3453	(149)	3785	(190)				2300	62.3	(6.7)

Symbol Legend

- Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) from 16.6% to 33.3%; interpret with caution.
- <3 Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) greater than 33.3% with a 95% confidence interval entirely between 0 and 3%; interpret with caution.</p>
- F Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) greater than 33.3% with a 95% confidence interval not entirely between 0 and 3%; suppressed due to extreme sampling variability.

Footnotes

- ¹ Intakes are based on food consumption only. For additional detail, see footnote 4 in Appendix A.
- ² AI is the Adequate Intake. For additional detail, see footnote 10 in Appendix A.
- ³ UL is the Tolerable Upper Intake Level. For additional detail, see footnote 11 in Appendix A.

Appendix A: Table Footnotes

The following footnotes apply to all of the summary data tables presented in Section III of this report.

- 1. The survey excludes from its target population those living in the three territories, individuals living on Indian reserves or on Crown lands, residents of institutions, full-time members of the Canadian Armed Forces and residents of certain remote regions.
- 2. The tables exclude pregnant and breastfeeding females, subject to another set of nutritional recommendations. The sample of pregnant and breastfeeding females is not large enough to allow for reliable estimates.
- 3. Sample size and mean intake are based on the first 24-hour dietary recall (first day of interview) only.
- 4. Intakes are based on food consumption only. Intakes from vitamin and mineral supplements are not included. Inferences about the prevalence of nutrient excess or inadequacy based on intakes from food alone may respectively underestimate or overestimate the prevalences based on total nutrient intakes from both food and supplements.
- 5. The intake distribution (percentiles and percentage above or below a cut-off when applicable) was adjusted to remove within-individual variability using Software for Intake Distribution Estimation (SIDE) (Iowa State University, 1996) and the method presented in Nusser SM, Carriquiry AL, Dodd KW, Fuller WA: A semiparametric transformation approach to estimating usual daily intake distributions. *J Am Stat Assoc* 1996; 91: 1440-1449.
- 6. In some cases, within-individual variance was estimated at the regional or national level and applied at the provincial level. See section II.4: Measuring Sampling Variability with Bootstrap Replication for more details.
- 7. Bootstrapping techniques were used to produce the coefficient of variation (CV) and the standard error (SE).
- 8. AMDR is the Acceptable Macronutrient Distribution Range, expressed as a percentage of total energy intake. Intakes inside the range (shown in the AMDR columns) are associated with a reduced risk of chronic disease while

providing adequate intakes of essentials nutrients. For further information on AMDR see the Health Canada publication *Canadian Community Health Survey, Cycle 2.2, Nutrition* (2004)—*A Guide to Accessing and Interpreting the Data,* Section 2.1.5, p. 27.

The applications of the AMDRs for essential fatty acids to group assessment are not the same as for the other macronutrients. The lower boundaries for the AMDR for linoleic and alpha-linolenic acids are not based on the same type of endpoints as the boundaries for total fat and carbohydrate. The boundaries for fat and carbohydrate are set based on evidence indicating increased risk for coronary heart diseases and the lower bound of the AMDR for both n-6 (linoleic) and n-3 (alpha-linolenic) fatty acids is based on the percent of energy from these fatty acids needed to provide the AI for these nutrients. The AI, in turn, is based on the median intake of both linoleic and alpha-linolenic acid in the United States, where essential fatty acid deficiency is non-existent in the healthy population.

Thus, by definition about half the population has intakes of these fatty acids below the AI and therefore outside the AMDR. In other words, based on the AI, one would conclude that the population is "adequate" with respect to linoleic and alpha-linolenic acids, while based on the AMDR a different conclusion (i.e. that 50% of the population has intakes below the AMDR) would be reached. Therefore, the lower bound of the AMDRs for linoleic and alpha-linolenic acids should not be used in the assessment of population intakes.

- 9. EAR is the Estimated Average Requirement. The level of intake at the EAR (shown in the EAR columns) is the average daily intake level that is estimated to meet the requirement, as defined by the specified indicator of adequacy, in half of the apparently healthy individuals in a DRI age–sex group. For further information on EAR see the Health Canada publication *Canadian Community Health Survey, Cycle 2.2, Nutrition* (2004)—A Guide to Accessing and Interpreting the Data, Section 2.1.1, p. 23.
- 10. AI is the Adequate Intake. The level of intake at the AI (shown in the AI columns) is the recommended average daily intake level based on observed or experimentally determined approximations or estimates of nutrient intake by a group or groups of apparently healthy people that are assumed to be adequate. It is developed when an EAR cannot be determined. The

percentage of the population having a usual intake above the AI (shown in the %>AI columns) almost certainly meets their needs. The adequacy of intakes below the AI cannot be assessed, and should not be interpreted as being inadequate. For further information on AI see the Health Canada publication Canadian Community Health Survey, Cycle 2.2, Nutrition (2004)—A Guide to Accessing and Interpreting the Data, Section 2.1.3, p. 25.

- 11. UL is the Tolerable Upper Intake Level. The level of intake at the UL (shown in the UL columns) is the highest average daily intake level that is likely to pose no risk of adverse health effects to almost all individuals in the general population. For further information on UL see the Health Canada publication *Canadian Community Health Survey, Cycle 2.2, Nutrition* (2004)—A Guide to Accessing and Interpreting the Data, Section 2.1.4, p. 26.
- 12. For a more detailed understanding of DRIs and their interpretation when assessing intakes of particular nutrients, consult the summary of the series of publications on DRIs published by the Institute of Medicine: *Dietary Reference Intakes: The Essential Guide to Nutrient Requirements*.
- 13. Data on trans fat intake cannot be obtained from the CCHS 2.2 dataset and therefore are not reported separately. However, the estimates for percent energy from total fat comprise all fats, including trans fats. Note that the estimates provided for energy intake from the individual types of fat will not add up to the estimates provided for total fat due to measurement error as well as the lack of data on trans fat intake.
- 14. In terms of precision, the estimate 0.0 with a standard error of 0.0 refers to a standard error smaller than 0.1%.

Appendix B: Interpretation of Sodium Results

Three questions in the CCHS 2.2 questionnaire pertained to salt intake. These were asked to obtain information on type of salt used, frequency of added table salt and the use of table salt in cooking.

1. Salt Type

- —Indicator of the type of salt normally used:
- 1 = Ordinary Salt
- 2 = Sea, Seasoned. Or other Flavoured Salt
- 3 = Lite Salt
- 4 = Salt Substitute
- 5 = None
- X = Don't Know; XX = Refusal; XXX = Other Specified

2. Frequency of Salt at the Table

- -Indicator of how often salt is added at the table:
- 1 = Rarely
- 2 = Occasionally
- 3 = Very Often
- X = Don't Know; XX = Refusal; XXX = Other Specified

3. Frequency of Salt in Cooking

- Indicator of how often *ordinary* salt is added during cooking/preparation:
- 1 = Rarely
- 2 = Occasionally
- 3 = Very Often
- 4 = Never
- X = Don't Know; XX = Refusal; XXX = Other Specified

These questions were the same as those asked in the United States (US) surveys utilizing the Automated Multiple-Pass Method. This method was chosen for a number of reasons. Asking about the use of salt for each cooked, non-processed food was time consuming and repetitive, and respondents frequently did not know the answer for specific foods. Overall salt consumption questions were asked to reduce respondent burden and to address this identified uncertainty. Also, it was estimated that salt added during cooking or food preparation contributed 5% or less to average sodium intake.

Use of the information collected from these questions differed between Canada and the US. Answers to the salt questions in the CCHS 2.2 were not reflected in the estimated sodium intakes in the coded data. Salt present in standard recipes for mixed dishes, such as spaghetti sauce or stew, remained constant. For other cooked items, such as cooked vegetables, the default choice was the food without salt added during cooking. In the US, answers to the question about frequency of salt added in cooking are used to adjust estimated sodium intakes for selected foods that are likely to have been prepared at home.

Appendix C: References

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Appendix D: Note on Changes to Volume 1

In January 2008, users were informed that Volume 1 would be reissued because of corrections made to the sodium table point estimates. Since then, some modifications have been made to the compendium to correct methodological discrepancies in some of the tables. It is important to note that in all cases described below, modifications are not related to the data quality of the CCHS Cycle 2.2 files. Only methodological modifications used in calculating the tables were made. Attached is the list of domains affected. A complete list of modifications is available in a separate document upon request.

Modifications to Volume 1

1. Standard Error

The calculation of the **standard error** of the percentage of the population above or below a certain threshold had to be modified. This affects 12 standard error estimates in Volume 1:

- 5 for calcium
- 4 for percentage of total energy intake from fats
- 3 for percentage of total energy intake from carbohydrates.

In addition, the same type of modification had to be made to the sodium tables, affecting the standard error of the percentage of the population above the UL for 146 domains out of 221.

2. Within-Individual Variance

Other modifications are related to the use of **within-individual variances**⁵ in some domains. For the sodium tables, there were some domains where it was necessary to force another domain's within-individual variance. However, in a number of cases, the next higher domain was not used. These point estimates were corrected using the appropriate within-individual variance.

3. Methodology

Changes were also made to the methodology used to calculate the bootstrap estimate. In order to calculate the bootstrap estimate, the point estimate is recalculated using every replicate weight, meaning 500 times. There are two options; the first uses the same day-to-day variation estimate for every replicate. The second (if the data are coming from another CCHS domain) uses each replicate's day-to-day variation estimate. This means that for replicate one you use the regional day-to-day variation of the first replicate, for replicate two, the second and so on.

In theory, the second method is optimal as variability in the center of the distribution and in the tails are both taken into account. With the first option we do not take into account variability in the tails. The second method will always be more conservative than the first as it accounts for more sources of variability. That being said, the first method is still statistically valid.

In Volume 1, it was initially decided to use the second method. However, most nutrients, with the exception of cholesterol and Vitamin C, were

⁵ To estimate the distribution of usual intake (percentiles, percent above or below a certain threshold), we need to estimate two variance components: the within-individual variance (day-to-day variation in one individual's intake) and the between-individual variance (variation in long-term average

population consumption). This involves a complex normality transformation and an ANOVA model using the first and second 24-hour recall. The second 24-hour recall is used to estimate the day-to-day variation. These calculations are done using SIDE. It is possible that for various reasons (usually not enough second recalls), we fail to estimate the day-to-day variation. In that case, instead of having no estimate, it is possible to use another estimate in its place. For example, for small provinces, if we are unable to estimate the day to day variation, we could use the regional or national day-to-day variation in its place.

calculated using the first method. For consistency and for timeliness, it was decided to recalculate the estimates which used the second method. These modifications will affect 30 domains for the cholesterol tables and 16 domains for the Vitamin C tables. Modifications will affect the standard errors of the 5th, 10th, 25th, 75th, 90th and 95th percentiles. Standard errors for the 5th, 10th, 90th and 95th percentiles will be between 10% and 20% lower than the previously published standard errors that were calculated using the second method described above. For the 25th and 75th percentiles the difference will be less than 10%. Again, this revision only affects the calculation of the SE and not the point estimates already published.

The methodology section in Volume 1 has also been modified to reflect the methods that were actually used to produce the tables.

4. Appendices

Finally, a note was added to <u>Appendix A: Table Footnotes</u> to clarify that an estimate of 0.0 with a standard error of 0.0 refers to an estimate with a standard error smaller than 0.1%.

List of Domains Affected

Percentage of total energy intake from fats

Table 2.1 – Males 51-70

Table 2.2 – Males 19-30

Table 2.3 – Males 19+, Females 51-70

Table 2.10 – Males 19-30

Percentage of total energy intake from carbohydrates

Table 4.1 – Males 14-18, Males 31-50

Table 4.9 – Females 19+

Percentage of total energy intake from monounsaturated fats

Table 6.1 – Females 14-18

Table 6.2 – Males >70

Table 6.3 – Children 4-8, Males 51-70, Males >70

Table 6.5 - Females > 70

Table 6.6 – Males 9-13, Females 9-13

Table 6.7 – Females 19-30

Table 6.8 – Females 19-30

Table 6.9 – Males 31-50

Table 6.10 - Females 19-30

Fibre (mg/d)

Table 8.6 – Females 19-30

Table 8.11 – Females 19-30

Note: AI corrected from 21 to 25 for Females 19-30 in Tables 8.1 to 8.12

Cholesterol (mg/d)

Table 9.1 – Males 19-30, Males 51-70, Females 14-18, Females 19-30

Table 9.3 – Males 19-30, Males 51-70, Females 9-13, Females >70

Table 9.4 – Children 4-8, Females 31-50, Females >70

Table 9.6 – Males 9-13, Males 31-50

Table 9.7 – Males 19-30, Females 9-13, Females 19-30, Females >70

Table 9.8 – Females 9-13

Table 9.9 - Children 4-8, Males 9-13, Males 14-18, Males 19-30, Males 31-50,

Males 51-70, Females 9-13, Females 19-30, Females 31-50

Table 9.12 – Children 4-8, Females 9-13, Females 31-50

Vitamin A (RAE/d)

Table 10.5 – Males 31-50

Table 10.9 - Females 19+

Table 10.12 - Males 9-13, Males 14-18, Males 19-30, Females 9-13, Females 31-50

Vitamin C (mg/d)

Table 11.1 – Females 19-30

Table 11.2 – Children 4-8, Females 14-18

Table 11.3 – Males 9-13, Males 14-18, Females 19-30

Table 11.4 – Males 51-70

Table 11.6 – Females 9-13

Table 11.7 - Children 4-8, Males 9-13, Males 19-30, Females 9-13, Females 51-70

Table 11.8 – Males 14-18, Females 31-50

Table 11.9 – Females 9-13

Calcium (mg/d)

Table 12.3 – Males 9-13

Table 12.4 – Males 31-50

Table 12.6 – Females 19-30

Table 12.7 – Males 31-50, Females 19-30

Sodium (mg/d)

- Table 13.1 Children 1-3, Children 4-8, Males 9-13, Males 14-18, Males 19-30, Males 71+, Males 19+, Females 9-13, Females 14-18, Females 31-50, Females 19+
- Table 13.2 Children 1-3, Males 9-13, Males 14-18, Males 19-30, Males 31-50, Males 51-70, Males 71+, Males 19+, Females 9-13, Females 14-18, Females 19-30, Females 31-50, Females 51-70, Females 71+, Females 19+
- Table 13.3 Children 4-8, Males 9-13, Males 14-18, Males 19-30, Males 31-50, Males 51-70, Males 71+, Males 19+, Females 9-13, Females 14-18, Females 19-30, Females 31-50, Females 51-70, Females 19+
- Table 13.4 Children 1-3, Children 4-8, Males 9-13, Males 14-18, Males 19-30, Males 31-50, Males 51-70, Males 71+, Males 19+, Females 9-13, Females 19-30, Females 31-50, Females 19+
- Table 13.5 Children 1-3, Children 4-8, Males 9-13, Males 14-18, Males 19-30, Males 31-50, Males 71+, Males 19+, Females 14-18, Females 31-50, Females 51-70, Females 19+
- Table 13.6 Children 1-3, Children 4-8, Males 9-13, Males 14-18, Males 31-50, Males 19+, Females 14-18, Females 19-30, Females 19+
- Table 13.7 Children 4-8, Males 14-18, Males 19-30, Males 31-50, Males 51-70, Males 71+, Males 19+, Females 9-13, Females 14-18, Females 31-50, Females 51-70, Females 19+
- Table 13.8 Children 1-3, Children 4-8, Males 9-13, Males 14-18, Males 19-30, Males 31-50, Males 51-70, Males 71+, Males 19+, Females 9-13, Females 14-18, Females 31-50, Females 51-70, Females 71+, Females 19+
- Table 13.9 Males 9-13, Males 14-18, Males 19-30, Males 71+, Males 19+, Females 14-18, Females 19-30, Females 31-50, Females 19+
- Table 13.10 Children 1-3, Children 4-8, Males 9-13, Males 14-18, Males 19-30, Males 31-50, Males 51-70, Males 71+, Males 19+, Females 31-50, Females 51-70, Females 19+
- Table 13.11 Children 1-3, Children 4-8, Males 9-13, Males 14-18, Males 19-30, Males 31-50, Males 51-70, Males 71+, Males 19+, Females 9-13, Females 14-18, Females 19+
- Table 13.12 Children 1-3, Children 4-8, Males 9-13, Males 14-18, Males 19-30, Males 31-50, Males 71+, Males 19+, Females 9-13, Females 31-50, Females 51-70, Females 19+