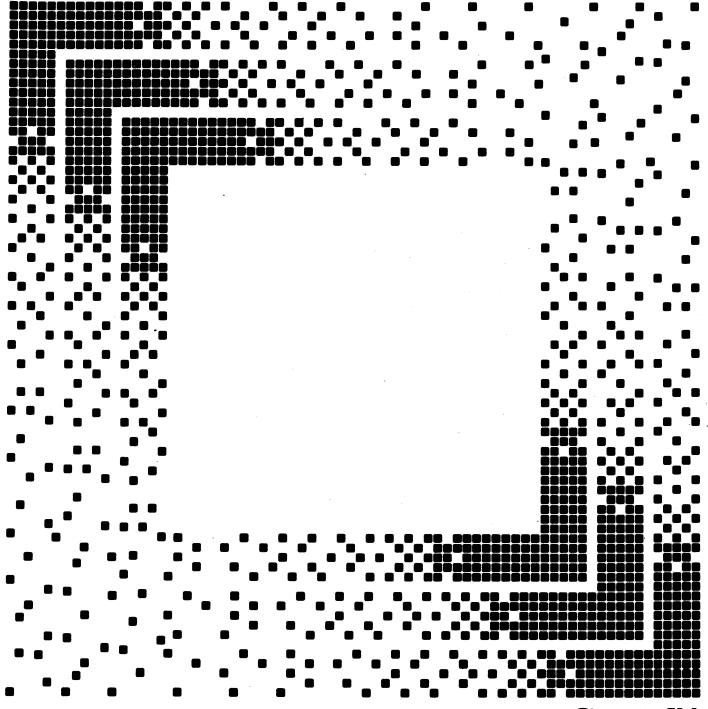


General Social Survey

HEALTH AND SOCIAL SUPPORT - 1985

Public Use Micro Data File Documentation and User's Guide



GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY

HEALTH AND SOCIAL SUPPORT - 1985

PUBLIC USE MICRO DATA FILE DOCUMENTATION
AND USER'S GUIDE

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THE GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY - CYCLE 1 MICRO DOCUMENTATION AND USERS GUIDE

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1. INTRODUCTION

This package was designed to enable interested users to access and manipulate the microdata file for the September, 1985 General Social Survey. It contains information on the objectives, methodology and estimation procedures as well as guidelines for releasing estimates based on the survey.

Appendix A contains the data dictionnary, the major part of this documentation package. The survey questionnaires are contained in Appendix D.

The documentation package, excluding the crude sampling variability tables and questionnaires is machine readable and can be found as a separate file following the data records.

2. OBJECTIVES

For sometime, Statistics Canada has been aware of gaps in the national statistical information system with respect to data on socio-economic trends. These gaps cannot be filled through existing data sources or vehicles because of the level of detail required or the population to be covered. To respond to these needs, Canada, like other countries such as Australia, Japan, the Scandinavian nations, and the United Kingdom has introduced a General Social Survey Program.

The General Social Survey (GSS) is gathering a variety of different kinds of data to meet different kinds of unmet needs, many with different audiences and relevant periodicities. GSS has two principal objectives: first, to gather data on social trends in order to monitor changes in Canadian society over time; and secondly, to provide information on specific policy issues of current or emerging interest. GSS is a continuing program with a single survey cycle each year.

To meet the stated objectives, the data collected by the GSS are made up of three components: Classification, Core and Focus.

Classification content consists of variables which provide the means of delineating population groups and for use in the analysis of Core and Focus data. Examples of classification variables are age, sex, education, and income.

Core content is intended to obtain information which monitors social trends or measures changes in society related to living conditions or well-being. The Core content area for the September 1985 GSS was health. Topics included health status measures such as short and long term disability, well-being, health problems, height and weight as well as barriers and bridges to improving health status such as smoking, alcohol use, sleep, physical activity, and use of health care services.

Focus content is aimed at meeting the second objective of GSS, namely to provide information touching directly on a specific policy issue or social problem. Focus content, in general, is not expected to be repeated on a periodic basis. For Cycle One Focus content was social support for the elderly.

3. POPULATION

The target population for the General Social Survey was all persons 15 years of age and older in Canada excluding:

- residents of the Yukon and Northwest Territories;
- 2. full-time residents of institutions.

Two separate sampling methodologies were employed in the survey and each excluded small subpopulations due to their design in addition to those above. Households containing persons 15 to 64 were surveyed through random digit dialing (RDD), a telephone sampling method. As a result, households without telephones were excluded. These represent less than 3% of the population. Households containing persons 65 and over were sampled in the Labour Force Survey (LFS). The LFS excludes all residents of Indian Reserves and full-time members of the Canadian Armed Forces. These exclusions represent less than 0.5% of the 65+ population.

The survey estimates have been adjusted (weighted) to represent persons without telephones, residents of Indian Reserves and the Armed Forces.

4. SURVEY DESIGN

The General Social Survey employed three different sampling techniques.

For persons 15-64, the General Social Survey employed two different Random Digit Dialing sampling techniques. For Newfoundland and Ontario, the Elimination of Non Working Banks method was used. A description of this procedure is given in Section 4.2. For the remaining provinces (Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia) the Waksberg method was used. This procedure is described in Section 4.1.

For persons 65 years of age or older, the survey was conducted with households that had rotated out of the sample used for the Canadian Labour Force Survey in previous months. Hence, the survey design for the 65+ group is based on the Labour Force Survey frame and sampling procedures. Section 4.3 provides a brief overview of the methodology of the Labour Force Survey as well as highlighting those aspects of the survey design particular to the General Social Survey (65+).

4.1 TELEPHONE SAMPLE (WAKSBERG DESIGN) PERSONS 15-64 (PEI, NS, NB, QUE, MAN, SASKA, ALTA, BC)

The Waksberg Method is a Random Digit Dialing sampling technique which significantly reduces the cost of a survey as compared to dialing telephone numbers completely at random. The method employs a two-stage design which increases the likelihood of contacting households. The following describes what was done for the General Social Survey in the above-mentioned provinces for the 15-64 age group.

First, each of the eight provinces was divided into strata - one stratum representing the Census Metropolitan Areas (CMAs) of the province, the other representing the non-CMA areas. Montreal formed a separate stratum. An up-to-date list of all telephone area code and existing prefix number combinations was obtained for each stratum. To these, all possible combinations of the next two digits were added (i.e., all possible banks of 100 consecutive numbers within existing area code - prefix combinations were identified). This resulted in a list of all the possible first eight

digits of ten digit telephone numbers in each stratum. These eight digit numbers formed the first stage sampling units (i.e., were the Primary Sampling Units -PSUs).

Within each stratum, a random selection was made of one of these eight digit numbers and then the final two digits were generated at random. number (called a Primary number) was called to determine whether or not it reached a household. If it did not reach a household (i.e., the number was not assigned for use or was a business, institution, etc.), the number was dropped from further consideration. If it did reach household, additional numbers referred to secondary numbers were generated within the same bank (i.e., numbers with the same first eight digits as the primary number). These numbers were also called to determine whether or not they reached a household.

Secondary numbers were generated on a continuing basis until (i) five additional households were reached in each retained bank or (ii) the bank was exhausted or (iii) the survey period ended.

Primary numbers were generated continuously throughout the survey period in order to yield a predetermined required number of households within each stratum. An attempt was made to conduct an interview with a randomly selected respondent in all primary and secondary households reached in which there was at least one household member in the 15-64 age group.

This method is more efficient than 'pure' random digit dialing because there is a higher probability of reaching a household if the telephone number for that household is within a bank that contains at least one other household. For the General Social Survey, in the provinces in which the Waksberg method was used, around 57.9% of the secondary numbers called reached a household, while only 16.5% of the primary numbers called reached a household.

4.2 TELEPHONE SAMPLE (ELIMINATION OF NON-WORKING BANKS DESIGN) PERSONS 15-64 (NFLD & ONT)

The Elimination of Non-Working Banks design is a form of Random Digit Dialing in which an attempt is made to identify all working banks for an area

i.e., to identify all banks that have within them at least one household. Thus, all telephone numbers within non-working banks are eliminated from the sampling frame. This is the method that was used to sample the 15-64 age group in Newfoundland and Ontario.

Again, strata were formed within each of the two provinces representing CMA and non-CMA portions. Toronto formed a separate stratum. For Newfoundland, a list of all banks that contained at least one household (i.e., all working banks) was drawn up for each stratum using the most recent telephone books from the province. (There were five telephone books in total.) A clerical procedure was undertaken to list every bank that occurred at least once within the residential portions of any of the five phone books.

A systematic sample of telephone numbers was then generated for each stratum within these working banks. The entire sample of telephone numbers was generated on the first day of interviewing. Therefore, a prediction had to be made of the percentage of numbers dialed that would reach a household. This is what is known as the "hit rate". In addition to this a prediction had to be made of the percentage of households that would contain at least one person in the 15-64 age group. Approximately 1,500 telephone numbers were generated for the sample with the expectation that this would result in around 580 households being contacted, 400 of which would bе eligible responding households. This represents a hit rate of approximately 36%.

In actuality, a hit rate of 44% was achieved; 675 households were contacted of which 490 were eligible and responding. The hit rate was predicted from a previous Random Digit Dialing Survey which employed the Waksberg method.

As was done for the other eight provinces, an attempt was made to conduct a GSS interview with one randomly selected person between the ages of 15 and 64 from each eligible household reached.

It should be noted that a minor bias could result from this method of sampling. If households exist whose telephone numbers are unlisted or not yet listed in a telephone book and these telephone numbers belong to banks of numbers not represented in the telephone books by other households, then such households have a zero probability of selection. This bias has been estimated to be negligible by using information from Bell Canada.

For Ontario, Bell Canada's computer lists were used to generate working banks. Statistics Canada bought from Bell Canada, a list of all banks of telephone numbers that Bell uses throughout the province. For each bank, a number was given indicating the number of telephone numbers within the bank used by private households. This number included households who have unlisted numbers.

A problem occurred because Bell does not service all of Ontario. There are certain small areas serviced by independent phone companies. The area code prefixes for these areas were identified by matching the Bell File with a file of all area codes and prefixes. Area code prefixes Ontario not on the Bell file were identified. All banks within these area code prefixes were generated and added to the sampling frame. (It would have been more effective to use the Waksberg method for these excluded areas, but the Waksberg method requires that an accurate population estimate be available for the survey area. an estimate was not available for the parts of Ontario not covered by Bell.)

As was done for Newfoundland, a systematic sample of telephone numbers was then generated from the telephone numbers within these working banks. Approximately 5,200 telephone numbers were generated with the expectation that this would result in around 2,400 households being contacted, 1,600 of which would be eligible responding households. This represents a hit rate of around 46%. In actuality, a hit rate of 54% was attained; 2,800 households were contacted, 1975 of which were eligible and responded.

4.3 THE 65+ SAMPLE (LABOUR FORCE SURVEY DESIGN)

The LFS is a multi-stage area sample which is based upon information from the 1981 Census of Canada. It has recently been redesigned to reflect the changes in population characteristics shown by the 1981 Census and to respond to changes in information needs. Basically, the sample consists of three main parts: self-representing units (SRUs), non-self-representing units (NSRUs), and special areas. Each of these parts is discussed in Appendix B, following a brief discussion of the stratification used for the Labour Force Survey. Sample rotation procedures are also discussed.

The sample for the General Social Survey (65+) consisted of two Labour Force Survey rotation groups, the rotation groups that had rotated out of the Labour Force Survey Sample in the months of June and July 1985.

For this portion of the General Social Survey, the intention was to interview individuals 65 years of age or older. For the Labour Force Survey, the ages of all members of a household are recorded when the household rotates into the sample. These ages are not updated in the subsequent six months and therefore, the ages that appeared on the Labour Force Survey records for the 'rotates outs' from June and July were actually the ages as of January and February. In September/October when the survey was conducted, these ages were 8-9 months out of date. Therefore, households that contained at least one person 64 years of age or older were identified from 'rotates out' records from the June and July Labour Force Survey files.

One person 64 years of age or older was selected at random from each of these households and a label printed indicating which household member was to be interviewed. Persons 75 years of age or older were given three times the probability of selection within the selected households. This was done to increase the size of this group selected into the sample. For example, if a household was comprised of four individuals — one 62 years of age, one 67, one 74 and one 80, then:

- the 62 year old was given a zero probability of selection;
- the 67 year old was given a 1/5 probability of selection;

- the 74 year old was given a 1/5 probability of selection; and
- the 80 year old was given a 3/5 probability of selection.

A Labour Force Survey interviewer was sent out to each selected household to conduct a personal interview. She was given a Household Docket Form (F03) containing the household information as well as demographic information (age, sex, marital status, etc.) for each household member as of January/February. She was also given the label indicating which person was to be interviewed. Her first responsibility was to update the information on the FO3 including the age of each household member. (She was allowed to conduct this portion of the interview by telephone). When she contacted the household, there were three possibilities:

- (1) the selected person was still residing in the household and 65 or over (i.e., not 64). In this case, she was instructed to set up an appointment to interview this person.
- (2) The selected person was 64 according to the June/July Labour Force Survey file and still had not turned 65.
- (3) The selected person had died or moved out of the household.

For the second and third cases, the interviewer was instructed to select at random one person residing in the household who currently (i.e., in September/October) was 65 or over. In this case, persons 75 and over were not given 3 times the probability of selection. It was felt that it would be too difficult for the interviewer to implement this procedure. If there were no persons 65 or over currently residing in the household, she was instructed to terminate the interview.

This sampling procedure resulted in the selection of approximately 3,800 (65+) households. Non-response and out of scope households (i.e., households identified as having at least one person 65+ in June/July, yet having no such persons in September/October) reduced the effective sample take to 3,130 persons.

It should be noted that there are certain minor biases that resulted from this sampling method:

- (1) Persons (65+) who refused to participate in the Labour Force Survey or were temporarily absent or away from home in the month they rotated out of the sample (in June/July) and who were not interviewed in the previous month as well, had a zero probability of selection. (This represents approximately 2.5% of the total 65+ population.)
- (2) Persons (65+) who moved to a household that was occupied solely by persons 15-63 or households that were vacant in June/July had a zero probability of selection. (This represents approximately 1.5% of the total 65+ population.)
- (3) Persons (65+) who moved into a household occupied by other persons 65+ (still residing there) had a zero probability of selection. (This represents approximately 0.5% of the 65+ population.)

In total these exclusions represent less than 5% of the 65+ population.

5. COLLECTION

Data collection for the General Social Survey was conducted by two data collection methods and three questionnaires. The questionnaires were developed utilizing existing material whenever possible so as to be able to establish trend data and examine change over time. To this end the 1978-79 Canada Health Survey was relied on heavily. Questionnaires and procedures were field tested in a pretest involving approximately 500 households in March 1985.

Persons 15 to 64 were interviewed by telephone while persons 65 and over were interviewed in person. Although personal interviews are more expensive, it was felt that the length of the interview might create problems for some older respondents due to hearing problems over the telephone and fatigue from a 30 minute interview. Therefore it was decided that persons 65 years of age or older should be interviewed in person.

Telephone data collection took place during the period September 25 to October 18, 1985. All telephone interviewing took place from centralized telephone facilities in Statistics Canada's regional offices with calls being made from approximately 9 a.m. until 9:30 p.m. Interviewers were trained by Statistics Canada staff in telephone interviewing techniques, survey concepts and procedures during an 8 hour classroom training session. The majority of interviewers had previous telephone interviewing experience.

Personal interviews were conducted during the period September 20 to October 10, 1985. All personal interviewers were regular Statistics Canada interviewers who conduct the monthly Labour Force Survey. These interviewers were trained on the survey concepts and procedures through a home study guide.

It would have been too lengthly to include all the survey manuals as part of this documentation package but manuals could be made available if requested. Listed below is a list of the manuals used in the survey.

GSS-6	THE	GSS	(CYCL	E ONE)	TELEPHONE
	INTERV	IEWER'S	S MANU	AL	
GSS-7	THE	GSS	(CYCI	,	PERSONAL
	INTERV	IEWER'S	S MANUA	AL	
GSS-9	GSS (ONE)	TELEPHONE	PROCEDURES

GSS-10	GSS (CYCLE ONE) PERSONAL INTERVIEW PROCEDURES MANUAL
GSS-11	GSS - TRAINING GUIDE
GSS-12	GSS HOME STUDY GUIDE PERSONAL INTERVIEW

6. PROCESSING

The following is an overview of the processing steps for the survey.

6.1 <u>Data Capture</u>

Data from the survey questionnaires were entered directly into mini-computers in Canada's regional offices and transmitted to Ottawa. The data capture program allowed for a valid range of codes for each question and automatically followed the flow οſ questionnaire. It was possible for operators to enter either invalid data or information violated the questionnaire flow but only through the use of special functions after they had been alerted that the entry was not valid. No editing to check consistency between questions was done at this stage.

6.2 Edit and Imputation

All survey records were subjected to an exhaustive computer edit to identify and correct invalid or inconsistent information on the questionnaires. Records with missing or incorrect information were assigned non-response codes or corrected other information from the respondents' questionnaire. Editing was 'bottom-up' meaning that specific related information following a question with a branching pattern was employed to ensure the branching was correct. For example, question 63 'In the last 12 months have you taken a drink ...?' was edited in relation to question 64 'How often did you take a drink?' It was ensured that the information was consistent and complete.

Imputation

Due to the nature of the survey, imputation was not appropriate for most items and thus 'unknown' codes were usually assigned for missing data. However, non-response was not permitted for those items required for weighting. Values were imputed for the following: age; sex; number of residential telephone lines (RDD sample).

The imputation technique employed was to split the file between records requiring one or more imputations and records with complete response on those items. A record requiring imputation was then computer matched to good records on relevant criteria such as geography. The value from the matched good record was placed on the record requiring imputation. The imputation routine continued sequentially through the file attempting to match all records.

The table below indicates the number of records requiring imputation for each item on the survey.

Variable	Records requiring Imputation
Age	1
Sex	67
Telephone	57

7. ESTIMATION

The principle behind the estimation procedure when a probability sample is used, as was used for the General Social Survey, is that each person selected in the sample 'represents', besides himself/herself, several other persons not in the sample. For example, in a simple random sample of 2% of the population, each person in the sample represents 50 persons in the population.

For the microdata file that was created for the General Social Survey, there is one record for each person who responded to the survey. record contains demographic characteristics of the selected person as well as their health and social network and support information (where applicable). Instead of physically duplicating the sample records according to the number of persons the records represent, an overall weighting factor was placed on each record. weighting factor refers to the number of times a particular record should be replicated to obtain population estimates. For example, if the number of persons who consider themselves to be in excellent health is to be estimated, this is done by selecting the records on the microdata file who reported that they were in excellent health and summing the weights on these records.

7.1 Weighting

Because the General Social Survey employed three different sampling techniques (as discussed in Section 4), three slightly different weighting procedures were employed. Each is discussed briefly in the following sections.

7.1.1 Labour Force Survey Design (Canada 65+)

The sample used for persons 65 years of age and over for the General Social Survey (GSS 65+) was a subsample of the Canadian Labour Force Survey (LFS) sample. Therefore, the derivation of weights for this portion of the survey was closely tied to the weighting procedure used for the LFS. (For more details, see Methodology of the Canadian Labour Force Survey, 1976, Catalogue No. 71-526 and for redesign information - M.P. Singh,

J.D. Drew and G.H. Choudry, Post 1981 Censal Redesign of the Canadian Labour Force Survey, Survey Methodology A Journal of Statistics Canada, December 1984 (catalogue No. 12-001, Vol. 10, No. 2)

For the GSS 65+, sampling was restricted to a subset of the LFS sample. Households that had rotated out of the LFS sample in June and July 1985 were used. All households within these rotation groups that contained at least one person 64 years of age or over were considered as part of the GSS 65+ sample. The following outlines the steps used in weighting the GSS 65+ records.

1) Basic Weight

The first weighting step was to assign to each GSS 65+ responding record a household weight. This weight was transferred from the corresponding LFS record (from June/July).

2) Subsampling and Non-Response Adjustment

In order to account for the fact that only a subsample of LFS households were selected and some households responded to the LFS but not to the GSS, a weight adjustment was made. The method used was to adjust the household weight on the GSS 65+ records (from Step 1). Using the October LFS file, the sum of the weights for all households with at least one member 64+ in a particular geographical area from all six rotation groups was calculated. The sum of household weights for GSS 65+ records within the same geographical area was also calculated. This sum was obviously smaller than the first one because of subsampling and non-response. Α household weight was derived for the GSS 65+ records by adjusting their household weight by the ratio of the first sum to the second. For records within any particular geographical area, the adjustment factor can be expressed as follows:

sum of the weights of October LFS households with (members 64+)

sum of GSS 65+ household weights

3) Deletion of Out of Scope Records

As was discussed in Section 4, it was necessary to sample households with at least

one person 64 years of age or over (rather than 65) because of the fact that the LFS age variable could have been as much as nine months out of date when interviewing took place in October. At this point in the weighting, records were dropped for which there were no household members 65+ in October.

4) Person Weight Calculation

Within each sampled household, only one person was interviewed. In cases where there was more than one person 65 years of age or older living in a household, only one was selected at random. Persons 75+ were given three time the probability of selection within the household. At this point, a person weight was calculated for each GSS 65+ record as the inverse of the probability that the person was selected within the household. This person weight was then multiplied by the adjusted household weight.

5) Province - Age - Sex Adjustment

In the last weighting step, the person weights were ratio adjusted to agree with Census projected age-sex distributions. Census projected population counts were obtained for males and females within each province for the following two age groups: 65-69 and 70+. For each of the resulting 40 classifications (10 X 2 X 2), the person weights for records within the classification were adjusted by multiplying by the following ratio:

projected census population count
sum of the person weights of records
in the prov-age-sex group

It should be noted that persons living on Indian Reservations and full-time members of the Armed Forces were included in these projections even though such persons were not sampled.

7.1.2 Waksberg Design (15-64 PEI, NS, NB, QUE, MAN, SASK, ALB, BC)

A self-weighting sample design is one for which the weights for each unit in the sample are the same. For a two-stage sample design, this happens proportional to size (PPS) sampling and a fixed number of units are selected within each selected Primary Sampling Unit with equal probability.

For the General Social Survey, the 15-64 age group households within the strata in each of the eight above-mentioned provinces were selected using this sampling scheme and thus, the sampled households within each stratum have identical weights. first stage sampling units (i.e., the Primary Sampling Units) were banks of telephone numbers and the second stage units were actual telephone numbers corresponding to households within those banks. It should be noted that household weights differ from province to province because a different sampling rate was used for province.

The following outlines the steps that were used in weighting the GSS Waksberg records for the 8 provinces.

1) Basic Weight

In the first stage of weighting all households that were selected into the sample within a given stratum (within a province) were assigned an identical weight.

2) Non-Response Adjustment

Weights for responding households adjusted to represent non-responding households. Within each working bank of telephone numbers selected in the sample, the sampling scheme used required that households be contacted. In some cases, one or more of these six households refused to participate in the survey. Weights οſ responding households were adjusted to compensate for non-responding households by multiplying the basic weight of responding. households within a bank by the following ratio:

No. of responding households within the bank

3) Deletion of out of scope households

For this part of the GSS, only households with at least one member between the ages of 15 and 64 were of interest. At this point of

the weighting, out of scope households (i.e., households in which all household members were 65 years of age or older) were dropped.

4) Multiple Telephone Adjustment

Weights for households with more than one private telephone number were adjusted downwards to account for the fact that such households have a higher probability of being selected. The weight for each household was divided by the number of distinct telephone numbers that serviced the household.

5) Person Weight Calculation

A person weight was then calculated for each person who responded to the survey by multiplying the household weight for that person by the number of persons in the household who were eligible to be selected for the survey (i.e., the number of household members between the age of 15 and 64).

6) Adjustment for External Totals

An adjustment was made to the person weights on records within each stratum in order to make population estimates consistent with Census projected population counts. This was done by multiplying the person weight for each record within the stratum by the following ratio:

Census population project for the stratum sum of the person weights of GSS Waksberg records within the stratum

7) Province - Age - Sex Adjustment

Again the final weighting step was to ratio adjust the weights of Waksberg records to agree Census with projected age-sex distributions. Census projected population counts were obtained for males and females within the following age groups: 15-19, 20-24, 25-34, 35-44, 45-54, 55-64. For each of the resulting 96 classifications (8 X 6 X 2) the persons weights for records within the classification were adjusted by multiplying by the following ratio:

projected census population count
sum of the person weights of records in
the prov - age - sex group

It should be noted that persons living in households without telephone service are included in these projections even though such persons were not sampled.

7.1.3 Elimination of Non Working Banks Design (15-64 Newfoundland and Ontario)

As was the case for the Waksberg design, when the Elimination of Non-Working Banks (ENWB) design is used, each household within a stratum has an equal probability of selection. This probability is equal to:

No. of telephone numbers sampled within the stratum

total number of possible telephone numbers within the stratum

(The total number of possible telephone numbers for a stratum is equal to the number of working banks for a stratum times 100). The following steps outline the weighting procedure that was used for ENWB records.

1) Basic Weight

Each household (responding and non responding) was assigned a weight equal to the inverse of its probability of selection:

total number of possible telephone numbers

within the stratum

No. of telephone numbers sampled within the stratum

2) Non-Response Adjustment

Weights for responding households were adjusted to represent non-responding households. This was done independently within each area code prefix. Records were adjusted by the following factor:

sum of the household weights of all
households within the area code
sum of the household weights of responding
households with the area code prefix

Non-responding households were then dropped The next 5 steps used in the weighting procedure for ENWB records were identical to what was done for Waksberg records (i.e., see Waksberg Section 7.1.2 for details)

- 3) Deletion of out of scope households
- 4) Multiple Telephone Adjustment
- 5) Person Weight Calculation
- 6) Adjustment to External Totals
- 7) Province Age Sex Adjustment

7.2 Weighting Policy

Users are cautioned against releasing unweighted tables or performing any analysis based on unweighted survey results. As was discussed in Section 7.1, there were several weight adjustments performed independently on records within each province. Sampling rates as well as non-response rates varied significantly from province to province.

For the telephone component of the GSS (i.e., the 15-64 population) contact was made with 11,258 households. Of these, 1,572 were out of scope (i.e., had no members 15-64) and 1,533 were nonresponding households. These were households that refused to respond to the survey or could not because of language diffculties or other problems. Included here as well are households that could not be reached during the entire survey period (i.e. Ring No Answers) a further 83 records were dropped during Head Office Processing because there were insufficient data on the record (i.e., partial responses with too much information). If it is assumed that all the nonresponding and dropped households were all 'in scope' (i.e., had at least one member 15-64), this represents a response rate of 83.3%.

For the personal interview component (i.e., the 65+ population) attempts were made to interview in 3,816 households. Of these, 196 were out of scope (i.e., had no members 65+) and 475 were non-responding households. A futher 15 records were dropped during Head Office Processing because of insufficient data. This represents a response rate of 86.5%.

It is known that non-respondents are more likely to be males and more likely to be younger (15-19).

In the responding sample, 2.7% were males between tha ages of 15 and 19, while in the overall population, approximately 5.0% are males between 15 and 19. Therefore, it is clear that the sample counts cannot be considered to be representative of the survey target population unless appropriate weights are applied.

7.3 Types of Estimates

Two types of 'simple' estimates are possible from the results of the General Social Survey. These are qualitative estimates (estimates of counts or proportions of people possessing certain characteristics) and quantitative estimates involving quantities or averages. More complex estimation and analyses are covered in Section 7.4.

7.3.1 Qualitative Estimates

It should be kept in mind that the target population for the GSS was non-institutionalized persons 15 years of age or over living in the ten provinces. Qualitative estimates are estimates of the number or proportion of this target population possessing certain characteristics. The number of women living in Ontario who smoke is an example of this kind of estimate. These estimates are readily obtained by summing the final weights of the records possessing the characteristic in question.

7.3.2 Quantitative Estimates

Some variables on the General Social Survey microdata file are quantitative in nature (e.g., height, weight and age). From these variables, it is possible to obtain such estimates as the average weight of people with high blood pressure. These estimates are of the following ratio form:

est (average) =
$$\frac{X}{Y}$$

The numerator (X) is a quantitative estimate of the total of the variable of interest (weight in

pounds). The denominator (Y) is the qualitative estimate of the number of participants (those having high blood pressure). The two estimates are derived independently and then divided. example given, X would be calculated by final multiplying the weights on records (referring to persons) reporting high pressure by the value given for weight in pounds and summing these products over all applicable records. The value Y would be calculated simply by summing the final weights of records reporting to have high blood pressure.

7.4 Guidelines for Analysis

As is detailed in section 4 of this document, the respondents from the GSS do not form a simple random sample of the target population. Instead. design, the survey had а complex stratification and multiple stages of selection, unequal probabilities of selection respondents. Using data from such complex surveys presents problems to analysts because the survey design and the selection probabilities affect the estimation and variance calculation procedures that should be used.

The GSS used a stratified design, with significant differences in sampling fractions between strata. Thus some areas are over-represented in the sample (relative to their populations) while some other areas are relatively under-represented; this means that the unweighted sample is not representative of the target population. The survey weights must be used when producing estimates or performing analyses in order to account for this over- and under-representation. While many analysis procedures found in statistical packages allow weights to be used, the meaning or definition of the weight in these procedures differ from that which is appropriate in a sample survey framework, with the result that while in many cases the estimates produced by the packages are correct, the variances that are calculated are almost meaningless.

For many analysis techniques (for example linear regression, logistic regression, estimation of rates and proportions and analysis of variance) a method exists which can make the variances calculated by the standard packages more meaningful. If the weights on the data are rescaled so that the average weight is one (1),

then the variances produced by the standard packages will be more reasonable; they still will not take into account the stratification and clustering of the sample's design, but they will take into account the unequal probabilities of selection. The rescaling can be accomplished by dividing each weight by overall average weight before the analysis is conducted.

The calculation of truly meaningful variance estimates requires detailed knowledge of the design of the survey; such detail cannot be given in this microdata file because of confidentiality. Variances that take into account the sample design can be calculated for many statistics by Statistics Canada on a cost recovery basis.

8. RELEASE GUIDELINES AND DATA RELIABILITY

It is important for users to become familiar with the contents of this section before publishing or otherwise releasing any estimates derived from the General Social Survey microdata file.

This section of the documentation provides guidelines to be followed by users. With the aid of these guidelines, users of the microdata should be able to produce figures consistent with those produced by Statistics Canada and in conformance with the established guidelines for rounding and release. The guidelines can be broken into two broad sections - sampling variability and rounding policy.

8.1 <u>Sampling Variability Guidelines</u>

The estimates derived from this survey are based on a **sample** of households. Somewhat different figures might have been obtained if a complete census had been using taken the questionnaire, interviewers, supervisors, processing methods, etc. as those actually used. The difference between the estimates obtained from the sample and the results from a complete count taken under similar conditions is called the sampling error of the estimate.

Although the exact sampling error of the estimate. as defined above, cannot be measured from sample results alone, it is possible to estimate a statistical measure of sampling error, the standard error, from the sample data. Using the standard error, confidence intervals for estimates (ignoring the effects of non-sampling error) may obtained under the assumption that estimates are normally distributed about the true population value. The chances are about 68 out of 100 that the difference between a sample estimate and the true population value would be less than one standard error, about 95 out of 100 that the difference would be less than two standard errors, and virtually with certainty that the differences would be less than three standard errors.

Because of the large variety of estimates that can be produced from a survey, the standard deviation is usually expressed relative to the estimate to which it pertains. The resulting measure, known as the <u>coefficient of variation</u> of an estimate is obtained by dividing the standard error of the estimate by the estimate itself and is expressed as a percentage of the estimate. Before releasing and/or publishing any estimates from the microdata file, users should determine whether the estimate is releasable based on the following guidelines:

TYPE OF ESTIMATE	COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION (IN %)	ALPHABETIC INDICATORS	GUIDELINE STATEMENT
1 Unqualified	0.0 to 0.5% 0.6 to 1.0% 1.1 to 2.5% 2.6 to 5.0% 5.1 to 10.0% 10.1 to 16.5%	A B C D E F	Estimates can be considered for general unrestricted releases. No special notation is required, although No special notationis required, although the alphabetic indicators at left are suggested.
2 Qualified	16.6 to 25.0%	G	Estimates can be considered for general unrestricted release by should be accompanied by warning of high sampling variability associated with the estimates. Such estimates should be identified by the letter G (or some other similar fashion).
3. Restricted	25.1 to 33.3%	H	Estimates can be considered for general unrestricted release only when sampling variabilities are obtained using an exact variance calculation procedure. The estimates should be accompanied by a warning of high sampling variability associated with the estimates.
4 Not for Release	(i) 33.4% or or	ver J	Estimates should not be released in any form under any circumstances. In such statistical tables, such estimates should be deleted.

8.2 <u>Estimates of Variance</u>

Variance estimation is described separately for qualitative and quantitative estimates.

8.2.1 Sampling Variability for Qualitative Estimates

Derivation of sampling variabilities for each of the estimates which could be generated from the General Social Survey would be an extremely costly procedure, and for most users, an unnecessary one. Consequently, crude measures of sampling variability, in the form of tables, have been developed for use and are included in Appendix C (Crude Sampling Variability Tables). These tables have been produced using the coefficient of variation formula based on a simple random sample. Because estimates for the General Social Survey were not, in fact, based on a simple random sample design and were, instead, based on three different sample designs (the Labour Force Survey design, the Elimination of Non Working Banks design and the Waksberg design), a factor called the design effect was introduced into the variance formula. The design effect for an estimate is the actual variance for the estimate (taking into account the design that was used) divided by the variance that would result if the estimate had been derived from a simple random sample. For each province and Canada, average design effects were calculated taking into consideration several of the estimates produced by the survey. In Appendix C, Part I the Crude Sampling Variability Tables for the 15+ age group were based on these average design effects.

Several questions on the GSS were asked only to persons 55 years of age and over. (i.e., the social support questions). As was discussed in Section 4, the sampling design as well as the sampling rates were quite different for the 65+ group, which forms the majority of the 55+ group. Therefore, separate design effects were calculated for the 55+ group for each province. Separate Crude Sampling Variability Tables for this age group can be found in Part II of Appendix C as well.

8.3 Rounding

In order that estimates produced from the General Social Survey microdata file correspond to those produced by Statistics Canada users are urged to adhere to the following guidelines regarding the rounding of such estimates. It is unwise to release unrounded estimates, as they imply greater precision than actually exists.

8.3.1 Rounding Guidelines

- (1) Estimates of totals in the main body of a statistical table should be rounded to the nearest thousand using the normal rounding technique (see definition in section 8.3.2).
- (2) Marginal sub-totals and totals in statistical tables are to be derived from their corresponding unrounded components and then are to be rounded themselves to the nearest thousand units using normal rounding.
- (3) Averages, proportions, rates and percentages are to be computed from unrounded components and then are to be rounded themselves to one decimal using normal rounding.
- (4) Sums and differences of aggregates and ratios are to be derived from corresponding unrounded components and then rounded to the nearest thousand units or the nearest one decimal using normal rounding.
- (5) In instances in which, due to technical or other limitations, a different rounding technique is used, which results in estimates being released which differ from the corresponding estimates produced by Statistics Canada, users are encouraged to note the reason for such differences in the released document.

8.3.2 Normal Rounding

In normal rounding, if the first or only digit to be dropped is 0 to 4; the last digit to be retained is not changed. If the first or only digit to dropped is 5 to 9, the last digit to be retained is raised by one. for example, the number 8499 rounded to thousands would be 8 and the number 8500 rounded to thousands would be 9.

9. Additional Information

Additional information about this survey can be obtained from the individuals listed below. Data from the survey is avaiable through published reports, special request tabulations, and this micro data file. The microdata file is available from the Housing, Family and Social Statistics Division of Statistics Canada at a cost of \$750. Tabulations can be obtained at a cost that will reflect the resources required to produce the tabulation.

Data Collection

Gary Catlin

and

Household Surveys Division

Data Processing

(613) 9**51**-9479

Subject Matter

Ed Praught

Housing, Family and Social Statisti

Division

(613) 9**51**-9180

Sample Selection Procedures/ Weighting and Estimation Margot Shields

Social Survey Methods Division

(613) 9**51 - 0007**

APPENDIX A:

DATA DICTIONNARY

The data dictionnary contains the following: a description of all data items collected in the survey; the range of codes; reference to origin (whether from questionnaire or derived); item location and width on record and other physical representation characteristics (decimal positions, units of measurement); frequency distributions (population estimates rounded to thousands and sample counts) and finally relevant comments.

The population estimates indicated in the data dictionnary were produced with the Table Producing Language utility with double precision accuracy utilizing field 384. Small differences should be anticipated with statistical packages not written in double precision or which handle the weighting factor differently (example, record replication rather than weight accumulation).

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PAG	REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Uhique identifier for each respondent on file.	Of Interviewer was to tell respondent that state of health meant both physical and mental well being if asked.	0,2	Migh blood pressure due to pregnancy was to be considered temporary and was to be excluded.	94
POPLII ATTON/COLINI	ESTIMATE ('000)		6388/3275 9719/5507 2866/1916 668/ 490 28/ 12	11110/6748 3730/1989 1657/ 870 2304/1215 531/ 222 222/ 99 111/ 56	3219/2442 15593/8374 49/ 29 55/ 34 753/ 321	2025/1691 1134/ 713 7/ 9 108/ 63 16395/8724
Ud	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS (1)	SEQUENTIAL NUMBERING OF EACH RECORD 00001 11200	HOW WOULD YOU DESCRIBE YOUR STATE OF HEALTH? 1 EXCELLENT 2 GOOD 3 FAIR 4 POOR 9 NOT STATED	HOW LONG AGO DID YOU LAST HAVE YOUR BLOOD PRESSURE CHECKED? 1 WITHIN LAST 6 MONTHS 2 7-12 MONTHS AGO 3 13-24 MONTHS AGO 4 MORE THAN 2 YEARS AGO 5 NEVER 6 DON'T KNOW 8 DON'T KNOW 9 NOT STATED	HAVE YOU EVER BEEN TOLD BY A DOCTOR OR A NURSE THAT YOU HAVE HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE? 1 YES 2 NO 3 DON'T KNOW 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE	HAS ANY MEDICATION OR TREATMENT EVER BEEN PRESCRIBED FOR YOUR HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE? 1 YES 2 NO 3 DON'T KNOW 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE
	POSITION	0001-0005	9000	0000	8000	6000
	LENGTH	ŗ.	_	-	←	—
	FIELD ACRONYM	SEGNO	GENHLTH	BPCHECK	ВРИІСН	BPTREAT
	FIELD A	÷.	2	m	4	5

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PAGE 2	REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q5	Survey question collects age at diagnosis. This information has been Converted to duration field for confidentiality recosons	70	See commont field 7.	Appreciation tough was defined as a cough which has lasted at least a year. Shortness of breath was defined as difficulty breathing with even slight exertion.
POPULATION/COUNT	ESTIMATE ('000)	1343/ 1140 18279/10018 29/ 34 17/ 8	1274/ 1090 12/ 5 24/ 25 49/ 28 18309/10052	467/ 403 19140/10762 55/ 33 6/ 2	434/ 374 2/ 2 10/ 8 27/ 21 19196/10795	2138/1532 17501/9644 18/ 15
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	HAVE YOU EVER HAD TROUBLE WITH YOUR HEART? 1 YES 2 NO 3 DON'T KNOW 9 NOT STATED	DURATION OF HEART TROUBLE (IN YEARS). 00:96 97 NEVER DIAGNOSED 98 DON'T KNOW 99 NOT STATED BLANK (NOT APPLICABLE)	DO YOU HAVE DIABETES? 1 YES 2 NO 3 DON'T KNOW 9 NOT STATED	DURATION OF DIABETES (IN YEARS). 00:96 97 NEVER DIAGNOSED 98 DON'T KNOW 99 NOT STATED BLANK (NOT APPLICABLE)	DO YOU HAVE ANY RESPIRATORY PROBLEMS? 1 YES 2 NO 3 DON'T KNOW 9 NOT STATED
	POSITION	0010	0011-0012	0013	0014-0015	0016
	LENGTH	~	2	-	7	-
LAYOUT	FIELD ACRONYM	HRTTRBL	HRTDIAG	DBTTRBL	DBTDIAG	RESPTRBL
GSS MICRO LAYOUT	FIELD	9	L	8	6	10

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PAC REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q10	Reference period was the fourteen day period which ran from Sunday to Saturday. Major activity was defined as the activity which the respondent spends most of his/her time doing. The interviewer's manual contains definitions of individual categories.	012	Q13 Component of disability days. Refer to field 411.	Q14
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	4279/3229 15242/7870 80/ 65 66/ 36	10460/5094 2270/ 785 4888/3583 1941/1633 3/ 3	1270/ 732 18390/10464 9/ 4	18390/10464 1222/ 708 56/ 28	18390/10464 1044/ 578 211/ 143 23/ 15
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	DO YOU HAVE ARTHRITIS, RHEUMATISM OR BURSITIS? 1 YES 2 NO 3 DON'T KNOW 9 NOT STATED	DURING THE LAST TWO WEEKS, WAS YOUR MAIN ACTIVITY WORKING, GOING TO SCHOOL, KEEPING HOUSE OR SOMETHING ELSE? 1 WORKING 2 GOING TO SCHOOL 3 KEEPING HOUSE 4 OTHER 8 DON'T KNOW/POSSIBLE CODES 1-3 9 NOT STATED	DURING THOSE 14 DAYS, DID YOU STAY IN BED AT ALL BECAUSE OF YOUR HEALTH, INCLUDING NIGHTS SPENT AS A PATIENT IN A HOSPITAL? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	HOW MANY DAYS DID YOU STAY IN BED FOR ALL OR MOST OF THE DAY? OO NOT APPLICABLE 01:14 99 NOT STATED	INTERVIEWER CHECK ITEM ON MAINACT. 0 NOT APPLICABLE 1 CODE 1, 2, OR 3 IN MAINACT 2 OTHERWISE 9 NOT STATED
POSITION	0017	0018	0019	0020-0021	0022
LENGTH	-	~	~	2	-
FIELD ACRONYM	ARTHTRBL	MAINACT	SICKBED	SICKDAYS	ICIMACT1
FIELD !	-	12	2	14	15

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PAGE REFERENCE - COMMENTS	Q15 Component of major activity loss days. Refer to field 412.	Q16 Cut down on things you usua ¹¹ y do means any reduction in the level of your usual activities.	Q17 Component of disability days. Refer to field 411.	Q18	Q19 Component of major activity loss days. Refer to field 412.
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	1014/ 557 54/ 36 18601/10607	2104/1286 17546/9905 18/ 9	17546/9905 2070/1264 52/ 31	17546/9905 1794/1051 307/ 232 21/ 12	1718/ 1002 98/ 61 17853/10137
GUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS (ON HOW MANY OF THOSE DAYS WOULD YOU NORMALLY HAVE DONE YOUR MAIN ACTIVITY? 00-14 99 NOT STATED BLANK (NOT APPLICABLE)	NOT COUNTING DAYS SPENT IN BED, WERE THERE ANY DAYS IN THOSE 2 WEEKS THAT YOU CUT DOWN ON THINGS YOU NORMALLY DO BECAUSE OF YOUR HEALTH? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	HOW MANY DAYS DID YOU CUT DOWN FOR ALL OR MOST OF THE DAY? 00 NOT APPLICABLE 01:14 99 NOT STATED	INTERVIEWER CHECK ITEM ON MAINACT. O NOT APPLICABLE 1 CODE 1, 2, OR 3 IN MAINACT 2 OTHERWISE 9 NOT STATED	ON HOW MANY OF THOSE DAYS WERE YOU NOT ABLE TO PERFORM YOUR MAIN ACTIVITY? 00-14 99 NOT STATED BLANK (NOT APPLICABLE)
POSITION	0023-0024	0025	0026-0027	0028	0029-0030
LENGTH	2	-	8	-	2
FIELD ACRONYM	DAYSMISS	17 CUTDOWN	CUTALLDY	IC IMACT 2	DAYSNTAB
FIELD ACRONYM	16	17	18	19	20

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PAG	REFERENCE-COMMENTS	. 020	Q21	Q22 The category 27 also includes those who made more than this number of contacts.	Q23 The category 27 also includes those who made more than this number of contacts.	Q24 The category 27 also includes those who made more than this number of contacts.
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE	(,000)	3533/2321 16120/8874 14/ 5	16120/8874 1709/1075 1143/833 71/52 169/83 419/259	4519/2320 15025/8790 116/ 86 8/ 4	? 13921/7803 5676/3356 51/ 31 20/ 10	? 9662/6059 9960/5116 24/ 14 23/ 11
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	DURING THOSE 14 DAYS, DID YOU SEE OR TALK TO A MEDICAL DOCTOR ABOUT YOUR HEALTH? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	WHAT WAS THE MAIN REASON FOR THIS CONTACT? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 ILLNESS OR HEALTH PROBLEM 2 MEDICAL CHECK-UP 3 SHOTS, INNOCULATIONS OR VACCINATION 4 PRE OR POST-NATAL CARE 5 OTHER	DURING THE LAST 12 MONTHS, HOW MANY TIMES DID YOU SEE OR TALK TO A GENERAL PRACTITIONER ABOUT YOUR HEALTH? OO NONE 01:27 98 DON'T KNOW 99 NOT STATED	DURING THE LAST 12 MONTHS, HOW MANY TIMES DID YOU SEE A MEDICAL SPECIALIST? OO NONE 01:27 98 DON'T KNOW 99 NOT STATED	DURING THE LAST 12 MONTHS, HOW MANY TIMES DID YOU SEE OR TALK TO A DENTIST? OO NONE 01:27 98 DON'T KNOW 99 NOT STATED
	POSITION	0031	0032	0033-0034	0035-0036	0037-0038
	LENGTH	~	-	8	8	7
,	FIELD ACRONYM	SEEDOC	WHYSEE	SEE_GP	SEESPEC	SEEDENT
מסס עודכונס דעונסמ	FIELD	21	22	23	24	25

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PAGE	REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q25 The category 27 also includes those who made more than this number of contacts.	Q26, part 1	Q26, part 2 The category 15 also includes those who spent more than this number of nights.	Q27, part 1 Component of disability index – field 396. See also field 397.	Q27, part 2,	Q28, part 1 Component of disability index – field 396. See also field 397.
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE	(000)	17510/9937 2032/1196 92/ 45 34/ 22	2162/1516 17478/9674 28/ 10	17478/9674 2094/1476 97/ 50	1460/1302 18199/9894 9/ 4	18199/9894 376/390 1074/903 20/13	2123/1667 17530/9526 15/
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	DURING THE LAST 12 MONTHS, HOW MANY TIMES DID YOU SEE OR TALK TO A NURSE? OO NONE 01:27 98 DON'T KNOW 99 NOT STATED	DID YOU SPEND ANY NIGHTS AS A PATIENT IN A HOSPITAL DURING THE LAST 12 MONTHS? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	HOW MANY NIGHTS? OO NOT APPLICABLE 01:15 99 NOT STATED	DO YOU HAVE ANY TROUBLE WALKING? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	ARE YOU COMPLETELY UNABLE TO DO THISS O NOT APPLICABLE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	DO YOU HAVE ANY TROUBLE WALKING UP AND DOWN STAIRS? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED
	POSITION	0039-0040	0041	0042-0043	0044	0045	0046
Š	LENGTH	2	-	7	-	-	←
		SEENURSE	ANYNIGHT	TOTNIGHT	TRBLWALK	CANTWALK	TRBLSTRS
GSS MICHO CATOOT	FIELD ACRONYM	26	27	28	29	30	31

REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q28, part 2	Q29, part 1 Component of disability index – field 396. See also field 397.	Q29, part 2	Q30, part 1 Component of disability index – field 396. See also field 397.	Q30, part 2	
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	17530/9526 231/ 208 1885/1453 22/ 13	1603/1273 18052/9921 13/ 6	18052/9921 514/ 464 1078/ 801 25/ 14	2381/1801 17274/9394 13/ 5	17274/9394 491/ 425 1883/1371 20/ 10	
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS (ARE YOU COMPLETELY UNABLE TO DO THIS? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	DO YOU HAVE ANY TROUBLE CARRYING AN OBJECT WEIGHTING 5 KILOGRAMS 10 METRES? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	ARE YOU COMPLETELY UNABLE TO DO THIS? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	DO YOU HAVE ANY TROUBLE STANDING FOR A LONG PERIOD OF TIME? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	ARE YOU COMPLETELY UNABLE TO DO THIS? 0 NOT APPLICABLE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	· marchi
POSITION	0047	0048	0049	0020	0051	ęź.
LENGTH	-	-	~	-	←	
FIELD ACRONYM	CANTSTRS	TRBLCARY	CANTCARY	TRBLSTND	CANTSTND	
FIELD A	32	33	34	35	36	

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REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q31, part 1 Component of disability index – field 396. See also field 398.	Q31, part 2	Q32, part 1 Component of disability index - field 396. See also field 398.	Q32, part 2	033, part 1 Conponent of disability index – field 396. See also field 398.	Q33, part 2
ESTIMATE ('000)	2150/1558 17498/9632 19/ 10	17498/9632 289/ 232 1852/1316 29/ 20	1296/ 1116 18340/10069 33/ 15	18340/10069 390/361 905/754 33/16	900/ 760 18747/10430 22/ 10	18747/10430 40/36 858/722 23/12
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	DO YOU HAVE ANY TROUBLE BENDING DOWN TO PICK UP AN OBJECT FROM THE FLOOR? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	ARE YOU COMPLETELY UNABLE TO DO THIS? 0 NOT APPLICABLE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	DO YOU HAVE ANY TROUBLE CUTTING YOUR TOENAILS? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	ARE YOU COMPLETELY UNABLE TO DO THIS? 0 NOT APPLICABLE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	DO YOU HAVE ANY TROUBLE USING YOUR FINGERS TO GRASP OR HANDLE? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	ARE YOU COMPLETELY UNABLE TO DO THIS? 0 NOT APPLICABLE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED
POSITION	0052	0053	0054	0055	9500	0057
LENGTH	-	<u>.</u>	-	-	.	-
FIELD ACRONYM	Trblbend	CANTBEND	TRBL TOES	CANTTOES	Trblgrsp	CANTGRSP
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PAGE REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q34, part 1 Component of disability index – field 396. See also field 398.	Q34, part 2	Q35, part 1 Component of disability index – field 396. See also field 399.	Q35, part 2	Q36, part 1 Component of disability index – field 396. See also field 400.	Q36, part 2
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	937/ 808 18712/10381 19/ 11	18712/10381 153/ 149 780/ 657 22/ 13	802/ 682 18842/10507 24/ 11	18842/10507 110/ 105 676/ 562 41/ 26	1538/1323 18103/9865 27/ 12	18103/9865 77/ 84 1453/1233 36/ 18
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	DO YOU HAVE ANY TROUBLE REACHING ABOVE YOUR HEAD? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	ARE YOU COMPLETELY UNABLE TO DO THIS? 0 NOT APPLICABLE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	DO YOU HAVE ANY TROUBLE SEEING WELL ENDUGH TO READ NEWSPRINT? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	ARE YOU COMPLETELY UNABLE TO DO THIS? 0 NOT APPLICABLE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	DO YOU HAVE ANY TROUBLE HEARING WHAT IS SAID IN NORMAL CONVERSATION WITH AT LEAST TWO PERSONS? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	ARE YOU COMPLETELY UNABLE TO DO THIS? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED
POSITION	0058	0029	0900	0061	0062	2900
LENGTH	-	-	-	-	-	-
FIELD ACRONYM	TRBL HEAD	CANTHEAD	TRBLSEE	CANTSEE	TRBLHEAR	CANTHEAR
FIELD /	43	777	45	46	47	48

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REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q37 Component of disability index - field 396. See also field 401.		The respondent could provide their height/weight measurements in either imperial or metric units. For convenience they have been duplicated into the alternate system. The values presented on this file have been capped at the indicated extremes. These correspond roughly to the 3rd and 97th height and weight percentiles of males and females 20 and older. Expressed in feet-inches. Component of body mass index - see field 402 and also 403.	Expressed in centimetres. See comment in field 51. The respondent was to provide their best estimate without shoes.	Expressed in 1bs. See comments in field 51. The respondent was to provide their best estimate while wearing light indoor clothing and without shoes.
ESTIMATE (1000)	2306/1787 17338/9402 24/ 11		19525/11105 45/ 47 98/ 48	19525/11105 45/ 47 98/ 48	19458/11703 166/ 103 44/ 24
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	ARE YOU LIMITED IN THE KIND OR AMOUNT OF ACTIVITY YOU CAN DO BECAUSE OF A LONG TERM PHYSICAL CONDITION OR HEALTH PROBLEM? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	FILLER	WHAT IS YOUR HEIGHT - IN IMPERIAL 502:602 FOR MALES 408:506 FOR FEMALES 888 DON'T KNOW 999 NOT STATED	WHAT IS YOUR HEIGHT - IN METRIC 159:189 FOR MALES 147:171 FOR FEMALES 888 DON'T KNOW 999 NOT STATED	WHAT IS YOUR WEIGHT - IN IMPERIAL 121:229 FOR MALES 099:202 FOR FEMALES 888 DON'T KNOW 999 NOT STATED
POSITION	0064	0065-0084	0085-0087	0600-8800	0091-0093
LENGTH	-	20	, m	m	r
FIELD ACRONYM	LIMITED	FILLER	HEIGHTI	НЕ І СНТМ	WEIGHTI
FIELD !	67	50	15	52	53

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REFERENCE—COMMENTS	039 Expressed in kilograms. See comments in field 51.	Q40	Q41 The interviewer was to stress to the respondent that the physical exercise was to be active.	Q42, part 1 Intensity level assigned – vigorous (10 kcal/minute)	Q42, part 2 Intensity level assigned – mixed (7.5 kcal/minute)	Q42, part 3 Intensity level assigned - vigorous (10kcal/minute)
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	19458/11073 166/ 103 44/ 24	7749/4549 1411/ 761 10487/5882 21/ 8	9229/4571 10425/6620 14/ 9	2186/ 971 7016/3580 42/ 29 10425/6620	2430/1116 6772/3435 42/ 29 10425/6620	943/366 8259/4185 42/29 10425/6620
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	WHAT IS YOUR WEIGHT - IN METRIC ROUNDED TO ONE DECIMAL 055.(0-9) : 104.(0-9) FOR MALES 045.(0-9) : 092.(0-9) FOR FEMALES 888.8 DON'T KNOW 999.9 NOT STATED	DO YOU CONSIDER YOURSELF TO BE 1 OVERWEIGHT 2 UNDERWEIGHT 3 ABOUT THE PROPER WEIGHT 9 NOT STATED	OVER THE LAST 3 MONTHS DID YOU PARTICIPATE IN ACTIVE PHYSICAL EXERCISE? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	DID YOU DO ANY RUNNING OR JOGGING? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE	DID YOU DO ANY BICYCLING? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE	DID YOU PLAY TENNIS? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE
POSITION	0094-0097	8600	6600	0100	0101	0102
LENGTH	4	-	~	-	-	-
FIELD ACRONYM	WEIGHTM	OVRUNDR	EXERCISE	TYPEXER1	TYPEXER2	TYPEXER3
FIELD	54	55	56	57	58	

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	REFERÊNCE-COMMENTS	Q42, part 4 Intensity level assigned - mixed (7.5 kcal/minute).	Q42, part 5 Intensity level assigned – vigorous (10 kcal/minute).	Q42, part 6 Intensity level assigned vigorous (10 kcal/minute).	1f activity specified in field 66 or field 70 then manually coded and intensity assigned.	Q42, part 8 c Comments in field 63 are applicable here.	Q42, part 9 Comments in field 63 are applicable here.
POPULATION/COUNT	(,000)	2577/1313 6625/3238 42/ 29 10425/6620	2358/1083 6844/3468 42/ 29 10425/6620	638/ 285 8564/4266 42/ 29 10425/6620	4172/2110 5030/2441 42/ 29 10425/6620	1041/ 516 8161/4035 42/ 29 10425/6620	258/ 130 8944/4421 42/ 29 10425/6620
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	DID YOU DO EXERCISE IN A CLASS OR AT HOME? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE	DID YOU DO ANY SWIMMING? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE	DID YOU PLAY RAQUETBALL OR SQUASH? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE	DID YOU DO ANYTHING ELSE? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE	DID YOU DO ANYTHING ELSE? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE	DID YOU DO ANYTHING ELSE? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE
	POSITION	0103	0104	0105	0108	0107	0108
	LENGTH	~	~	~	← '	←	-
LAYOUT	FIELD ACRONYM	TYPEXER4	TYPEXER5	TYPEXER6	TYPEXER7	TYPEXERB	TYPEXER9
SS MICRO LAYOUT	FIELD	09	61	62	63	99	9

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PAGE. REFERENCE—COMMENTS	Q43 Component of physical activity index - see field 417.	Q44 The category 84 also includes those who participated in this activity more frequently.	Q45	ወ46
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	10425/6620 1165/ 543 1443/ 672 395/ 161 1765/ 949 1139/ 535 299/ 133 2976/1543	10425/6620 9013/4438 110/ 70 28/ 14 93/ 58	10425/6620 4125/1956 1558/ 794 1100/ 539 1666/ 842 669/ 376 24/ 12	10425/6620 4593/2391 4557/2129 94/ 60
GUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	WHICH EXERCISE DID YOU DO MOST FREQUENTLY? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 RUNNING OR JOGGING 2 BICYCLING 3 TENNIS 4 EXERCISE IN A CLASS OR AT HOME 5 SWIMMING 6 RAQUETBALL OR SQUASH 7 SOMETHING ELSE 9 NOT STATED	HOW FREQUENTLY DID YOU PARTICIPATE IN THIS ACTIVITY? 00 NOT APPLICABLE 01:84 NUMBER OF TIMES A MONTH 88 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 99 NOT STATED	HOW MUCH TIME DID YOU SPEND ON EACH OCCASION? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 MORE THAN ONE HOUR 2 46 MINUTES TO ONE HOUR 3 31 MINUTES TO 30 MINUTES 4 16 MINUTES OR LESS 6 DON'T KNOW 9 NOT STATED	INTERVIEWER CHECK ON TYPEXERA-TYPEXERI. 0 NOT APPLICABLE 1 ONLY ONE TYPEXER USED 2 OTHERWISE 9 NOT STATED
POSITION	0109	0110-0111	0112	0113
LENGTH	-	2	~ -	←
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GSS MICKU LAYUUI	99	29	89	. 69

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REFERENCE -COMMENTS	Q47 Component of physical activity index – see field 417.	<pre>Q48 The category 84 also includes those who participated in this activity more frequently.</pre>	Q49
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE (*000)	15018/9011 590/ 255 631/ 295 299/ 108 512/ 237 739/ 338 217/ 91 1444/ 728	15018/9011 4420/2047 86/ 48 9/ 6 136/ 88	1897/ 869 798/ 394 608/ 267 838/ 404 355/ 158 19/ 9 135/ 88
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	WHAT WAS THE NEXT MOST FREQUENT EXERCISE YOU PARTICIPATED IN DURING THE LAST 3 MONTHS? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 RUNNING OR JOGGING 2 BICYCLING 3 TENNIS 4 EXERCISE IN A CLASS OR AT HOME 5 SWIMMING 6 RAQUETBALL OR SQUASH 7 SOMETHING ELSE 9 NOT STATED	HOW FREQUENTLY DID YOU DO THIS ACTIVITY? 00 NOT APPLICABLE 01:84 NUMBER OF TIMES A MONTH 88 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 98 DONT KNOW 99 NOT STATED	HOW MUCH TIME DID YOU SPEND ON EACH OCCASION? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 MORE THAN ONE HOUR 2 46 MINUTES TO ONE HOUR 3 31 MINUTES TO 45 MINUTES 4 16 MINUTES TO 30 MINUTES 5 15 MINUTES OR LESS 6 DON'T KNOW 9 NOT STATED
POSITION	0114	0115-0116	0117
LENGTH	-	7	-
FIELD ACRONYM	70 SECNEXER	71 FREQSECN	72 TIMESECN
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IT REFERENCE—COMMENTS	Q50 Activities done specifically for exercise were to be excluded.	The category 84 also includes those who participated in this activity more frequently. Intensity level assigned - light (5 kcal/minute). Component of physical activity index - see field 417.	Q52	Occasionally means not every day. Component of \$104 - type of smoker.	Q54
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE (1000)	6155/3465 10525/6194 2893/1486 53/ 35 42/ 20	16774/9329 2325/1474 327/ 217 242/ 180	511/ 283 9085/4884 9996/6001 76/ 32	5985/3228 910/520 12749/7443 1/1 8//8	13660/7964 5897/3162 37/ 20
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING BEST DESCRIBES THE LEVEL OF PHYSICAL EFFORT IN YOUR WORK? 1 LIGHT 2 MODERATE 3 HEAVY 4 DON'T KNOW 9 NOT STATED	OVER THE PAST 3 MONTHS HOW FREQUENTLY DID YOU PARTICIPATE IN LIGHT PHYSICAL EXERCISE? O1:84 NUMBER OF TIMES A MONTH 88 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 99 NOT STATED	DO YOU CONSIDER THE AMOUNT OF PHYSICAL ACTIVITY YOU USUALLY GET TO BE 1 TOO MUCH 2 TOO LITTLE 3 THE RIGHT AMOUNT 9 NOT STATED	AT THE PRESENT TIME DO YOU SMOKE CIGARETTES? 1 DAILY 2 OCCASIONALLY 3 NOT AT ALL 8 DON'T KNOW/POSSIBLE CODE 1 9 NOT STATED	AT WHAT AGE DID YOU START SMOKING DAILY? 00 NOT APPLICABLE 10:97 98 DON'T KNOM
POSITION	0118	0119-0120	0121	0122	0123-0124
LENGTH	-	8	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2
FIELD ACRONYM	WORKEFRI	LPEFREQ	AMTEXER	SMOKING	AGESTART
FIELD	73	74	75	92	11

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REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q55 For recoded categories see field 405.	956		Q57 Component of field 404 – type of smoker.	Q58 Component of field 404 – type of smoker.
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	13660/7964 5978/3220 31/ 16	5494/2910	-1.1 -1.6 333/ 242 56/ 27 125/ 57 13660/7964	5985/3228 261/ 168 13335/7750 88/ 54	5985/3228 4777/3014 8763/4898 144/ 60
F QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS (HOW MANY CIGARETTES DO YOU SMOKE EACH DAY? OO NOT APPLICABLE 01:98	WHAT BRAND DO YOU NORMALLY SMOKE? 11:73 FIRST DIGIT =1; TAR COUNT IS 0-5 FIRST DIGIT =2; TAR COUNT IS 6-9 FIRST DIGIT =3; TAR COUNT IS 10-13 FIRST DIGIT =4; TAR COUNT IS 14-15 FIRST DIGIT =5; TAR COUNT IS 16 FIRST DIGIT =6; TAR COUNT IS 17 FIRST DIGIT =6; TAR COUNT IS 17 FIRST DIGIT =7; TAR COUNT IS 18 PLUS	=2; NICOTINE COUNT =3; NICOTINE COUNT D	DO YOU SMOKE PIPES, CIGARS, OR CIGARILLOS DAILY? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	HAVE YOU EVER SMOKED CIGARETTES DAILY? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED
POSITION	0125-0126	0127-0128		0129	0130
LENGTH	2	2		- -	-
MICRO LAYOUT	CIG_DAY	BRAND		OTHRTYPE	EVERSMOK
GSS MICRO LAYOUT	78	79		80	81

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	REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q59 Former smokers only.	G59 Former smokers only.	Former smokers only.	Would include daily smokers other than cigarette smokers and children less than 15 smoking daily if respondent aware. Component of field 406 - Number of smokers in household (including respondent).	Q63 Component of type of drinker field 407.
POPULATION/COUNT	(,000)	14748/8126 4693/2951 228/ 123	14748/8126 4675/2956 246/ 118	14748/8126 4750/3000 170/ 74	19323/11003 345/ 197	15905/8547 3738/2645 26/8
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	AT WHAT AGE DID YOU START SMOKING DAILY? OO NOT APPLICABLE 10:98 99 NOT STATED	AT WHAT AGE DID YOU STOP SMOKING DAILY? OO NOT APPLICABLE 10:98 99 NOT STATED	HOW MANY CIGARETTES DID YOU USUALLY SMOKE DAILY? OO BLANK 01:98 99 NOT STATED	HOW MANY PEOPLE IN YOUR HOUSEHOLD, EXCLUDING YOURSELF, SMOKE DAILY? 00:10 99 NOT STATED	IN THE LAST 12 MONTHS, HAVE YOU TAKEN A DRINK OF AN ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED
	POSITION	0131-0132	0133-0134	0135-0136	0137-0138	0139
	LENGTH	8	2	7	2	_
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TOOL OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER	FIELD ACRONYM	82	83	84	85	98

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REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q64 Component of type of drinker – field 407.	Q65 For recoded categories see field 408.	Q66(A) Component of weekly volume of alcohol consumed – field 413.	Q66(B) Component of weekly volume of alcohol consumed – field 413.	Q66(C) Component of weekly volume of alcohol consumed – field 413.
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	3738/2645 1735/ 900 6515/3314 4135/2216 3483/2085 26/ 25 37/ 15	3738/2645 15307/8181 398/ 265 226/ 109	9412/5834 10230/5358 26/8	12740/7702 6853/3463 75/ 35	16638/9652 2939/1502 92/ 46
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	HOW OFTEN DID YOU TAKE A DRINK? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 EVERY DAY 2 AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK 3 ONE OR MORE TIMES A MONTH 4 LESS OFTEN THAN ONCE A MONTH 5 DON'T KNOW 9 NOT STATED	AT WHAT AGE DID YOU START DRINKING? OO NOT APPLICABLE 10:97 98 DON'T KNOW 99 NOT STATED	DURING THE LAST SEVEN DAYS, ON HOW MANY OF THESE DAYS DID YOU HAVE ANY DRINKS? 0 NONE 1:7 9 NOT STATED	ON HOW MANY OF THESE DAYS DID YOU HAVE AT LEAST 2 DRINKS? O NONE 1:7 9 NOT STATED	ON HOW MANY OF THESE DAYS DID YOU HAVE AT LEAST 4 DRINKS? O NONE 1:7 9 NOT STATED
POSITION	0140	0141-0142	0143	0144	0145
LENGTH	-	2	-	-	-
FIELD ACRONYM	FREQIDRNK	STRTDRNK	DRINKO1	DR INKO2	DRINKO4
FIELD	87	88	88	90	91

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PAGE	REFERENCE - COMMENTS	Q66(D) Component of weekly volume of alcohol consumed – field 413.	Q66(E) Component of weekly volume of alcohol consumed – field 413.	L9D	Q68 Component of type of drinker – field 407.	ማ
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE	(,000)	18516/10644 1047/ 508 105/ 48	19187/10956 370/ 194 111/ 50	3738/2645 880/387 10610/5636 4381/2507 59/25	15905/8547 1257/ 990 2475/1651 32/ 12	18380/10198 531/ 402 698/ 562 59/ 38
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS (ON HOW MANY OF THESE DAYS DID YOU HAVE AT LEAST 8 DRINKS? O NONE 1:7 9 NOT STATED	ON HOW MANY OF THESE DAYS DID YOU HAVE AT LEAST 12 DRINKS? O NONE 1:7 9 NOT STATED	COMPARED TO THIS TIME LAST YEAR ARE YOU NOW DRINKING 0 NOT APPLICABLE 1 MORE 2 ABOUT THE SAME 3 LESS 9 NOT STATED	DID YOU EVER DRINK ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES? 0 NOT APPLICABLE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	WHY DID YOU STOP? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 HEALTH 2 OTHER 9 NOT STATED
MOTITION	NOTITOL	0146	0147	0148	0149	0150
HIGHT	LEINGIL	-	-	· ·	-	-
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FIELD	1111	92	93	94	95	96

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	REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q70 Byte 1 & 2 (left) in hours; bytes 3 & 4 in minutes. For recoded categories see field 410.	Q71 Byte 1 & 2 (left) in hours; bytes 3 & 4 in minutes. For recoded categories see field 409.	Q72	Q73(a)
POPULATION/COUNT	(,000)	19594/11134 43/ 53 31/ 13	19588/11132 45/54 35/14	501/ 252 4484/2240 14628/8681 55/ 27	8313/4814 8995/4895 1732/1084 517/354 20/19 92/34
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	WITHIN A 24-HOUR PERIOD, HOW MUCH TIME DO YOU SPEND IN BED RESTING, READING AND SLEEPING? 00-24 HOURS 00-60 MINUTES 9998 DONT KNOW 9999 NOT STATED	OF THIS TIME, HOW LONG DO YOU USUALLY SPEND SLEEPING? 00-16 HOURS 00-60 MINUTES 9998 DONT KNOW 9999 NOT STATED	DO YOU CONSIDER THAT YOU GET 1 TOO MUCH SLEEP 2 TOO LITTLE SLEEP 3 ABOUT THE RIGHT AMOUNT 9 NOT STATED	HOW DO YOU FEEL ABOUT YOUR HEALTH? 1 VERY SATISFIED 2 SOMEWHAT SATISFIED 3 SOMEWHAT DISSATISFIED 4 VERY DISSATISFIED 5 NO OPINION 9 NOT STATED
	POSITION	0151-0154	0155-0158	0159	0160
	LENGTH	4	4	-	-
	FIELD ACRONYM	BEDT IME	SLEEPTIM	HOMSLEEP	FEEL ING1
	FIELD	26	86	66	100

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	REFERENCE-COMMENTS	q73(b) The activity which takes up the majority of his/her time.	Q73(c)	(D) \$(D)	Q73(e) Includes spouse, children, in-laws.
POPULATION/COUNT	(1000)	8226/4907 8926/4812 1756/1009 576/322 82/103	5222/3274 10086/5543 3262/1775 931/516 48/35 119/57	10363/6034 8019/4379 973/607 189/123 22/15	13001/7591 5812/3093 551/ 326 133/ 73 72/ 75 99/ 42
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	HOW DO YOU FEEL ABOUT YOUR JOB? 1 VERY SATISFIED 2 SOMEWHAT SATISFIED 3 SOMEWHAT DISSATISFIED 4 VERY DISSATISFIED 5 NO OPINION 9 NOT STATED	HOW DO YOU FEEL ABOUT YOUR FINANCES? 1 VERY SATISFIED 2 SOMEWHAT SATISFIED 3 SOMEWHAT DISSATISFIED 4 VERY DISSATISFIED 5 NO OPINION 9 NOT STATED	HOW DO YOU FEEL ABOUT YOUR HOUSING? 1 VERY SATISFIED 2 SOMEWHAT SATISFIED 3 SOMEWHAT DISSATISFIED 4 VERY DISSATISFIED 5 NO OPINION 9 NOT STATED	HOW DO YOU FEEL ABOUT YOUR FAMILY RELATIONS? 1 VERY SATISFIED 2 SOMEWHAT SATISFIED 3 SOMEWHAT DISSATISFIED 4 VERY DISSATISFIED 5 NO OPINION 9 NOT STATED
	POSITION	0161	0162	0163	0164
	LENGTH	~	-	-	-
LATOOI	FIELD ACRONYM	FEEL ING2	FEEL ING3	FEEL ING4	FEEL INGS
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REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q73(f)	074	975	Q76(a), part 1
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	12691/7424 6203/3341 476/ 273 76/ 45 127/ 81 95/ 36	9253/5456 8993/4892 1088/ 651 168/ 103 59/ 55	9497/5389 9258/5233 673/ 437 99/ 61 50/ 49 91/ 31	3036/2564 1689/1674 58/ 26 14885/6936
PO GUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS (HOW DO YOU FEEL ABOUT YOUR FRIENDSHIPS? 1 VERY SATISFIED 2 SOMEWHAT SATISFIED 3 SOMEWHAT DISSATISFIED 4 VERY DISSATISFIED 5 NO OPINION 9 NOT STATED	HOW DO YOU FEEL ABOUT YOUR LIFE AS A WHOLE? 1 VERY SATISFIED 2 SOMEWHAT SATISFIED 3 SOMEWHAT DISSATISFIED 4 VERY DISSATISFIED 5 NO OPINION 9 NOT STATED	WOULD YOU DESCRIBE YOURSELF AS 1 VERY HAPPY 2 SOMEWHAT HAPPY 3 SOMEWHAT UNHAPPY 4 VERY UNHAPPY 5 NO OPINION 9 NOT STATED	IN THE LAST MONTH, HOW MANY TIMES DID YOU GO TO PUBLIC PLACES SUCH AS MOVIES, RESTAURANTS THEATRE OR SPORTS EVENTS? 01:98 00 NONE 99 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2
POSITION	0165	0166	0167	0168-0169
LENGTH	-	-	←	7
FIELD ACRONYM	FEEL ING6	FEELLIFE	IAM	MOVIES
FIELD	105	106	107	108

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	REFERENCE-COMMENTS	076(a), part 2 – one	Q76(a), part 2 - two	076(a), part 2 – three	Q76(a), part 2 – four	Q76(a), part 2 - five
POPULATION/COUNT	ESTIMATE ('000)	255/ 277 2740/2225 1689/1674 99/ 88 14885/6936	1871/1277 1124/1225 1689/1674 99/88 14885/6936	686/ 604 2309/1898 1689/1674 99/ 88 14885/6936	447/ 443 2548/2059 1689/1674 99/ 88 14885/6936	1053/ 986 1942/1516 1689/1674 99/ 88 14885/6936
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	DID YOU GO ALONE? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DID YOU GO WITH SPOUSE/PARTNER? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DID YOU GO WITH SON/DAUGHTER? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DID YOU GO WITH OTHER RELATIVE? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DID YOU GO WITH FRIEND? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2
	POSITION	0170	0171	0172	0173	0174
	LENGTH	←	-	-		-
	FIELD ACRONYM	MOVIESW1	MOVIESW2	MOVIESW3	MOVIESW4	MOVIESW5
	FIELD	109	110	17	112	113

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REFERENCE-COMMENTS	076(a), part 2 – six	Q76(b), part 1	Q76(b), part 2 - one	Q76(b), part 2 - two	Q76(b), part 2 - three
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE (1000)	48/ 44 2947/2458 1689/1674 99/ 88 14885/6936	2862/2652 1860/1585 61/ 27 14885/6936	484/ 530 2310/2038 1860/1585 129/ 111 14885/6936	1733/1312 1061/1256 1860/1585 129/ 111 14885/6936	454/ 494 2340/2074 1860/1585 129/ 111 14885/6936
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	DID YOU GO WITH OTHER? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	IN THE LAST MONTH, HOW MANY TIMES DID YOU TRAVEL OUT OF YOUR TOWN OR COMMUNITY? 01:98 00 NONE 99 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DID YOU GO ALONE? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DID YOU GO WITH SPOUSE/PARTNER? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DID YOU GO WITH SON/DAUGHTER? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2
POSITION	0175	0176-0177	0178	0179	0180
LENGTH	-	2	-	-	
FIELD ACRONYM	MOVIESW6	TRAVEL	TRAVELW1	TRAVELW2	TRAVELW3
FIELD /	114	115	. 116	117	118

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REFERENCE-COMMENTS	(176(b), part 2 – four	Q76(b), part 2 - five	Q76(b), part 2 - six	Q76(c)	Q76(d), part 1
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	335/348 2459/2220 1860/1585 129/111 14885/6936	464/514 2330/2054 1860/1585 129/111 14885/6936	50/ 46 2744/2522 1860/1585 129/ 111 14885/6936	751/6936 3971/3462 61/ 33 14885/6936	, 1126/1110 3599/3123 59/31 14885/6936
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	DID YOU GO WITH OTHER RELATIVE? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DID YOU GO WITH FRIEND? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DID YOU GO WITH OTHER? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	IN THE LAST MONTH, HOW MANY TIMES DID YOU GO TO SENIOR CENTRES OR CLUBS? 01:98 00 NONE 99 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	IN THE LAST MONTH, HOW MANY TIMES DID YOU GO OUT TO ACTIVITIES SUCH AS BINGO, PLAYING CARDS, OR TO ATTEND COURSES? 01:98 00 NONE 99 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2
POSITION	0181	0182	0183	0184-0185	0186-0187
LENGTH	-		-	2	2
FIELD ACRONYM	TRAVELW4	TRAVELWS	TRAVELW6	SCENTRES	BINGO
FIELD A	119	120	121	122	123

P	REFERENCE—COMMENTS	Q76(d), part 2 - one	Q76(d), part 2 - two	Q76(d), part 2 - three	Q76(d), part 2 – four	Q76(d), part 2 - five
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE	(000)	232/ 235 864/ 831 3599/3123 89/ 75 14885/6936	404/ 344 693/ 722 3599/3123 89/ 75 14885/6936	53/ 66 1043/1000 3599/3123 89/ 75 14885/6936	83/ 97 1013/ 969 3599/3123 89/ 75 14885/6936	530/ 540 566/ 526 3599/3123 89/ 75 14885/6936
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	DID YOU GO ALONE? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DID YOU GO WITH SPOUSE/PARTNER? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DID YOU GO WITH SON/DAUGHTER? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DID YOU GO WITH OTHER RELATIVE? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DID YOU GO WITH FRIEND? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2
	PUSTITON	0188	0189	0190	0191	0192
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LAYOUT	FIELD ACKUNYM	BINGOW1	BINGOW2	BINGOW 3	BINGOW4	BINGOWS
GSS MICRO LAYOUT	F IELD /	124	125	126	127	128

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PAGE REFERENCE - COMMENTS	076(d), part 2 – six	Q76(e)	477, part 1 Unpaid help means help given or for which pay is not expected.	Q77, part 2 – one An example of informal help.	Q77, part 2 – two An example of informal help.
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	9/ 12 1087/1054 3599/3123 89/ 75 14885/6936	1332/1164 3394/3075 58/ 25 14885/6936	559/ 489 4170/3752 55/ 23 14885/6936	187/ 168 367/ 308 4170/3752 59/ 36 14885/6936	55/32 500/ 444 4170/3752 59/ 36 14885/6936
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	DID YOU GO WITH OTHER? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	IN THE LAST MONTH, HOW MANY TIMES DID YOU ATTEND MEETINGS OF CLUBS OR ORGANIZATIONS? 01:98 00 NONE 99 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	IN THE LAST SIX MONTHS, HAVE YOU DONE ANY UNPAID HOUSEWORK OUTSIDE YOUR HOME SUCH AS COOKING, SEWING OR CLEANING? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES SON/DAUGHTER 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES PARENT 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2
POSITION	0193	0194-0195	0196	0197	0198
LENGTH	-	2	-	-	← 1
FIELD ACRONYM	BINGOW6	MEETINGS	HWORK	HWORKF 1	HWORKF 2
EIELD ACRONYM	129	130	131	132	133

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PAGE	

PAGE		•	•	ult n	0	
	REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q77, part 2 – three An example of informal help.	Q77, part 2 – four An example of informal help.	Q77, part 2 – five An example of formal help, i.e. help provided as a result of membership or association with an organization.	Q78, part 1 This refers to help given to persons outside the respondent's household.	078, part 2 – one
	POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	83/ 75 472/ 401 4170/3752 59/ 36 14885/6936	171/ 159 383/ 317 4170/3752 59/ 36 14885/6936	146/ 121 409/ 355 4170/3752 59/ 36 14885/6936	1017/ 895 3711/3344 55/ 25 14885/6936	96/ 86 900/ 783 3711/3344 76/ 51 14885/6936
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES OTHER RELATIVE 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES FRIEND, NEIGHBOUR ETC. 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES ORGANIZATION 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	IN THE LAST SIX MONTHS, HAVE YOU PROVIDED TRANSPORTATION SUCH AS DRIVING A PERSON TO A DOCTOR, A HOSPITAL OR TO STORES? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES SON/DAUGHTER 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2
	POSITION	0199	0200	0201	0202	0203
	LENGTH	-	-	-		-
LAYOUT	FIELD ACRONYM	HWORKF 3	HWORKF 4	HWORKF 5	TRANS	TRANSF 1
GSS MICRO LAYOUT	FIELD	134	135	136	137	138

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	REFERENCE-COMMENTS	078, part 2 – two	Q78, part 2 - three	078, part 2 – four	Q78, part 2 – five	Q79, part 1 .
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE	(,000)	111/ 73 885/ 796 3711/3344 76/ 51 14885/6936	202/ 205 795/ 664 3711/3344 76/ 51 14885/6936	639/ 573 358/ 296 3711/3344 76/ 51 14885/6936	68/ 57 929/ 812 3711/3344 76/ 51 14885/6936	550/ 446 4169/3787 65/ 31 14885/6936
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES PARENT 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES OTHER RELATIVE 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES FRIEND, NEIGHBOUR ETC. 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES ORGANIZATION 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	IN THE LAST SIX MONTHS, HAVE YOU DONE ANY MAINTENANCE OR YARD WORK SUCH AS REPAIRS, PAINTING, CARPENTRY OR LAWN MOWING? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2
	POSITION	0204	0205	0209	0207	0208
	LENGTH	-	-	~	-	-
; ; ;	FIELD ACRONYM	TRANSF2	TRANSF 3	TRANSF 4	TRANSF 5	YARDM
	FIELD	139	140	141	142	143

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	REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q79, part 2 - one	Q79, part 2 – two	079, part 2 - three	079, part 2 – four	Q79, part 2 – five
POPULATION/COUNT	(1000)	152/ 131 388/ 305 4169/3787 75/ 41 14885/6936	62/ 29 478/ 407 4169/3787 75/ 41 14885/6936	83/ 72 457/ 364 4169/3787 75/ 41 14885/6936	244/ 189 296/ 247 4169/3787 75/ 41 14885/6936	47/ 54 493/ 382 4169/3787 75/ 41 14885/6936
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES SON/DAUGHTER 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES PARENT 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES OTHER RELATIVE 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES FRIEND, NEIGHBOUR ETC. 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES ORGANIZATION 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2
	POSITION	0209	0210	0211	0212	0213
	LENGTH	-	-	-		
	FIELD ACRONYM	YARDWF1	YARDWF2	YARDWF3	YARDWF4	YARDMF5
	FIELD	144	145	146	147	148

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REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q80, part 1 This means looking after children while parents are absent, or assisting with free day-care service (i.e. babysitting at a conference or for a church nursery).	Q80, part 2 - one	Q80, part 2 - two	080, part 2 - three	080, part 2 - four
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	1092/ 879 3615/3342 77/ 43 14885/6936	914/737 166/137 3615/3342 88/48 14885/6936	9/ 4 1071/ 870 3615/3342 88/ 48 19668/6936	101/ 91 979/ 783 3615/3342 88/ 48 14885/6936	89/ 68 991/ 806 3615/3342 88/ 48 14885/6936
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	IN THE LAST SIX MONTHS, HAVE YOU DONE ANY UNPAID BABYSITTING? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES SON/DAUGHTER 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES PARENT 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES OTHER RELATIVE 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES FRIEND, NEIGHBOUR ETC. 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2
POSITION	0214	0215	0216	0217	0218
LENGTH	· ·	·	-	-	-
FIELD ACRONYM	BABYS	BABYSF1	BABYSF2	BABYSF3	BABYSF4
FIELD ACRONYM	149	150	151	152	153

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	REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q80, part 2 - five	Q81, part 1	Q81, part 2 – one	Q81, part 2 – two	Q81, part 2 - three
POPULATION/COUNT	(1000)	14/ 5 1066/ 869 3615/3342 88/ 48 14885/6936	AS 229/ 167 4481/4057 73/ 40 14885/6936	22/ 12 206/ 154 4481/4057 74/ 41 14885/6936	66/ 37 162/ 129 4481/4057 74/ 41 14885/6936	58/ 54 170/ 112 4481/4057 74/ 41 14885/6936
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES ORGANIZATION 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	IN THE LAST SIX MONTHS, HAVE YOU PROVIDED PERSONAL CARE, THINGS SUCH AS BATHING OR DRESSING, TO ANYONE OUTSIDE YOUR HOME? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES SON/DAUGHTER 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES PARENT 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES OTHER RELATIVE 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2
	POSITION	0219	0220	0221	0222	0223
	LENGTH	~	-	-	~	-
S MICKU LAYUUI	FIELD ACRONYM	BABYSF5	PCARE	PCAREF 1	PCAREF 2	PCAREF 3
S MICKU	FIELD	154	155	156	157	158

REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q81, part 2 – four	QB1, part 2 - five	Q82, part 1	Q82, part 2 - one	Q82, part 2 - two
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	64/ 57 165/ 109 4481/4057 74/ 41 14885/6936	29/ 12 199/ 154 4481/4057 74/ 41 14885/6936	737/ 611 3976/3613 70/ 40 14885/6936	3/ 4 682/536 3976/3613 122/111 14885/6936	2/ 1 683/539 3976/3613 122/111 14885/6936
PC QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS ('	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES FRIEND, NEIGHBOUR ETC. 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES ORGANIZATION 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	IN THE LAST SIX MONTHS, HAVE YOU PROVIDED ANY UNPAID VOLUNTEER WORK FOR ORGANIZATIONS SUCH AS TEACHING, FUND-RAISING OR OFFICE WORK? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES SON/DAUGHTER 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES PARENT 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2
POSITION	0224	0225	0226	0227	0228
LENGTH	-	-	←	· ·	-
FIELD ACRONYM	PCAREF4	PCAREF 5	VOLUNT	VOLUNTF1	163 VOLUNTF2
FIELD ACRONYM	159	160	161	162	163

PAGE 3		99	JUL	9 >1	Money Jered are Juntary Jdès c sayment nìld as a
<u>.</u>	REFERENCE-COMMENTS	082, part 2 – three	Q82, part 2 − four	Q82, part 2 – five	Donate money includes charitable donations. Money given for services rendered are not be be included. Voluntary financial support includes providing free meals or clothing and excludes payment given to a spouse or child as a result of a legal agreement.
	REFEREN	Q82,	Q82,	Q82 ,	Donate money includes charitable donations. given for services renot be be included. financial support incorviding free meals clothing and excludes given to a spouse or result of a legal agri
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE	(0)	4/ 5 681/535 3976/3613 122/111 14885/6936	36/31 649/509 3976/3613 122/111 14885/6936	650/ 509 36/ 31 3976/3613 122/ 111 14885/6936	2651/2457 2062/1766 70/ 41 14885/6936
	(1000)				NATE PRO- O R. S?
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	VIZATION?	VIZATION? ETC.	AIZATION?	IN THE LAST SIX MONTHS, DID YOU DONATE ANY MONEY TO ANY ORGANIZATIONS OR PROVIDE VOLUNTARY FINANCIAL SUPPORT TO ANY PERSONS WHO DO NOT LIVE IN YOUR. HOUSEHOLD, IN CLUDING FAMILY MEMBERS? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 9 NOT STATED 9 NOT STATED
i 1	RIABLE DE	I OR ORGAN	or organichbour e	I OR ORGAN	MONTHS, C ORGANIZA INANCIAL DO NOT L1 DING FAMI
	ON AND VA	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES OTHER RELATIVE 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES FRIEND, NEIGHBOUR ETC. 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES ORGANIZATION 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	IN THE LAST SIX ANY MONEY TO ANY VIDE VOLUNTARY F ANY PERSONS WHO HOUSEHOLD, IN CLU 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2
	QUESTI	FOR WHI 1 YES O 2 NO 0 NOT A 9 NOT S	FOR WHI 1 YES F 2 NO 0 NOT A 9 NOT S BLANK F	FOR WHI 1 YES O 2 NO 0 NOT A 9 NOT S	IN THE ANY MON VIDE VO ANY PER HOUSEHO 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT S
	POSITION	0229	0230	0231	0232
	LENGTH	-	_	-	.
LAYOUT	CRONYM	VOLUNTF 3	165 VOLUNTF4	VOLUNTF 5	DWONEY
GSS MICRO LAYOUT	FIELD ACRONYM	164	165	166	167

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	REFERENCE-COMMENTS	003, part 2 – one	Q83, part 2 - two	Q83, part 2 - three	Q83, part 2 - four	Q83, part 2 - five
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE	(,000)	322/ 262 2085/1886 2062/1766 314/ 350 14885/6936	37/ 17 2370/2131 2062/1766 314/ 350 14885/6936	135/ 114 2272/2034 2062/1766 314/ 350 14885/6936	110/ 97 2297/2051 2062/1766 314/ 350 14885/6936	2133/1924 274/ 224 2062/1766 314/ 350 14885/6936
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES SON/DAUGHTER 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES PARENT 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES OTHER RELATIVE 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES FRIEND, NEIGHBOUR ETC. 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FOR WHICH PERSON OR ORGANIZATION? 1 YES ORGANIZATION 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2
	POSITION	0233	0234	0235	0236	0237
	LENGTH	-	-	- 2°	-	_
	FIELD ACRONYM	DMONEYF 1	DMONE YF 2	DMONEYF 3	DMONE YF 4	DMONEYF 5
	FIELD /	168	169	170	171	172

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REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q84	Q85 Excludes those who are apartment dwellers.	Q86 part 1, question one	Q86, part 1, question two
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	1111/ 951 3626/3295 46/ 18 14885/6936	1103/1030 1149/ 953 1337/1289 12/ 6 1111/ 951 71/ 35	1328/ 977 1166/1261 2214/1981 76/ 45 14885/6936	1160/ 846 143/ 110 15/ 15 3380/3242 85/ 51 14885/6936
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	DO YOU LIVE IN AN APARTMENT? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	IS THE YARDWORK FOR YOUR DWELLING SUCH AS LAWN MOWING, LEAF RAKING, AND SNOW REMOVAL USUALLY DONE BY 1 YOURSELF ALONE 2 YOURSELF ALONE 2 YOURSELF AND SOMEONE ELSE 3 SOMEONE ELSE 4 DON'T KNOW/POSSIBLE CODE 2 OR 3 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	YARD WORK DONE BY SPOUSE 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY YARD WORK DONE BY SPOUSE 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2
POSITION	0238	0239	0240	0241
LENGTH	~	-	←	←
FIELD ACRONYM	APARTMNT	₹	J. W.S.	YWSPF R
FIELD	173	174	175	176

PAGI	Q86 part 2 – question one	Q86 part 2 – question two	Q86, part 3 – question one	Q86, part 3 – question two	Q86, part 4 – question one
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	181/ 163 2313/2075 2214/1981 76/ 45 14885/6936	127/ 115 40/ 41 13/ 7 4527/4056 76/ 45 14885/6936	536/ 513 1958/1725 76/ 45 2214/1981 14885/6936	362/ 325 139/ 153 30/ 30 4172/3706 81/ 50 14885/6936	284/ 334 2210/1904 76/ 45 2214/1981 14885/6936
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	YARD WORK DONE BY DAUGHTER 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY YARD WORK DONE BY DAUGHTER 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	YARD WORK DONE BY SON 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY YARD WORK DONE BY SON 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	YARD WORK DONE BY OTHER RELATIVE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2
POSITION	0242	0243	0244	0245	0246
LENGTH	~	-	←	-	-
MICRO LAYOUT	QW,	YWDFR	WSON	YWSONFR	YWOTHR
GSS MICRO LAYOUT	177	178	179	180	181

PAU REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q86, part 4 – question two		Q86, part 5 – question one	Q86, part 5 − question two	086, part 6 - question one
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)		173/ 202 90/ 112 16/ 18 4424/3885 81/ 47 14885/6936	285/ 342 2209/1896 76/ 45 2214/1981 14885/6936	142/ 145 96/ 140 46/ 52 4422/3877 77/ 50 14885/6936	52/ 41 2442/2197 76/ 45 2214/1981 14885/6936
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	FREQUENCY YARD WORK DONE BY OTHER RELATIVE	1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	YARD WORK DONE BY FRIEND OR NEIGHBOUR 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY YARD WORK DONE BY FRIEND OR NEIGHBOUR 1 ONCE OR MORE OER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	YARD WORK DONE BY HOUSE MAINTENANCE SERVICE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2
POSITION	0247		0248	0249	0250
LENGTH	_		-	_	-
FIELD ACRONYM	YWOTHRFR		YWFN	YWFNFR	SM-IMA.
FIELD	182		183	184	185

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PAG	REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q86, part 6 – question two	Q86, part 7 – question one	Q86, part 7 – question two	Q86, part 8 – question one
POPULATION/COUNT	('000)	22/ 16 20/ 18 9/ 7 4656/4178 76/ 45 14885/6936	115/ 103 2379/2135 76/ 45 2214/1981 14885/6936	62/ 56 36/ 28 13/ 16 4592/4116 80/ 48 14885/6936	5/ 10 2489/2228 76/ 45 2214/1981 14885/6936
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	FREQUENCY YARD WORK DONE BY HOUSE MAINT. SERVICE 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	YARD WORK DONE BY LAWN/GARDEN MAINT. SERVICE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY YARD WORK DONE BY LAWN/GARDEN SERVICE 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	YARD WORK DONE BY SENIOR CENTRE OR CLUB 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2
	POSITION	0251	0252	0253	0254
	LENGTH	←		~	-
	FIELD ACRONYM	186 YWHMSFR	187 YMLGMS	188 YWLGMSFR	189 YWSC
2					

PAGE REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q86, part 8 – question two	Q86, part 9 - question one	Q86, part 9 – question two	Q86, part 1O − question one
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	1/ 5 3/ 4 0/ 1 4703/4209 76/ 45 14885/6936	44/ 38 2450/2200 76/ 45 2214/1981 14885/6936	29/ 26 8/ 7 2/ 3 4664/4181 80/ 47 14885/6936	28/ 15 2466/2223 76/ 45 2214/1981 14885/6936
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	FREQUENCY YARD WORK DONE BY SENIOR CENTRE OR CLUB 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	YARD WORK DONE BY LANDLORD OR AGENT 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY YARD WORK DONE BY LANDLORD OR AGENT 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	YARD WORK DONE BY CONDOMINIUM CORP. 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2
POSITION	0255	0256	0257	0258
LENGTH	-	-	-	-
MICRO LAYOUT	YWSCFR	YWLA	192 YWLAFR	YWCC
GSS MICRO LAYOUT	190	191	192	193

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PAG	REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q86, part 10 – question two	Q86, part 11 – question one	Q86, part 11 - question two	Q87, part one,	Q87, part two
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE	(000,	23/ 11 1/ 2 / 4680/4204 79/ 47 14885/6936	111/ 109 2383/2129 76/ 45 2214/1981 14885/6936	67/ 50 28/ 42 11/ 13 4597/4110 81/ 49 14885/6936	1271/ 973 1222/1271 76/ 39 2214/1981 14885/6936	654/ 681 542/ 541 103/ 88 3485/2954 14885/6936
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	FREQUENCY YARD WORK DONE BY CONDO- MINIUM CORP. 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	YARD WORK DONE BY OTHER 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY YARD WORK DONE BY OTHER 1 ONCE OR MORE DER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	IF YOU HAD TO, COULD YOU DO THE YARD WORK YOURSELF? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	ARE YOU COMPLETELY UNABLE TO DO IT 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2
MOTELOGG	PUSTITON	0259	0560	0261	0262	0263
	LENGIH	-	-	-	_	-
N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	FIELD ACKUNYM	YWCCFR	YWOTH	YWOTHFR	YWABL E	YWUNABLE
	r IELD	194	195	196	197	198

PAGE REFERENCE -COMMENTS	G88	Q89, part 1 - question one	Q89, part 1 – question two	Q89, part 2 - question one
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	1957/1878 1528/1327 1242/1032 0/ 2 56/ 25 14885/6936	1996/1521 761/ 831 69/ 34 1957/1878 14885/6936	1952/1483 29/ 21 8/ 3 2718/2709 76/ 48 14885/6936	304/321 2454/2031 69/34 1957/1878 14885/6936
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	IS THE HOUSEWORK IN YOUR HOUSEHOLD USUALLY DONE BY 1 YOURSELF ALONE 2 YOURSELF AND SOMEONE ELSE 3 SOMEONE ELSE 4 DON'T KNOW/POSSIBLE CODE 2 OR 3 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	IS THE HOUSEWORK DONE BY SPOUSE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY HOUSEWORK DONE BY SPOUSE 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	IS THE HOUSEWORK DONE BY DAUGHTER 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2
POSITION	0264	0265	0266	0267
LENGTH	←	-	-	₩
MICRO LAYOUT	¥	HWSP	HMSPFR	QWH
GSS MICRO LAYOUT	199	200	201	202

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Q89, part 2 – question two	Q89, part 3 – question one	Q89, part 3 – question two	089, part 4 – question one
271/279 20/23 11/14 4410/3909 71/39	99/ 84 2659/2268 69/ 34 1957/1878 14885/6936	84/71 11/6 3/4 4616/4146 70/37 14885/6936	205/201 2552/2151 69/34 1957/1878 14885/6936
FREQUENCY HOUSEWORK DONE BY DAUGHTER 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	IS THE HOUSEWORK DONE BY SON 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY HOUSEWORK DONE BY SON 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	IS THE HOUSEWORK DONE BY OTHER RELATIVE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2
0268	0269	0270	0271
-	-	-	-
203 HWDFR	204 HWSON	205 HWSONFR	206 HW0THR
	HMDFR 1 0268 FREQUENCY HOUSEWORK DONE BY DAUGHTER 271/279 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 20/23 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 11/14 0 NOT APPLICABLE 4410/3909 9 NOT STATED 71/39 BLANK FOR GSS2 148B5/6936	HMDF R 1 0268 FREQUENCY HOUSEWORK DONE BY DAUGHTER 271/279 1 0NCE OR MORE PER MEEK 271/279 2 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 20/23 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 11/14 0 NOT APPLICABLE 4410/3909 71/39 71/39 9 NOT STATED 71/39 BLANK FOR GSS2 14885/6936 1 1 1 1 2 NO 1 2 2 NO 2 NOT STATED 9 NOT STATED 14885/6936 14885/6936	HMDF R 1 0268 FREQUENCY HOUSEWORK DONE BY DAUGHTER 271/279 1 1 1 1 20/2 23 2 0 NOT STATED 11/1 14 9 1 1 1 39 1 0 NOT STATED 255/2268 2659/2268 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 3 1 4 1 3 3 3 3 1 4

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REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q89, part 4 – question two	Q89, part 5 - question one	Q89, part 5 – question two	Q89, part 6 - question one A homemaker service is a service which does routine household chores for the respondent such as cleaning, minor maintenance, shopping or meal preparation. The respondent may or may not be required to pay for the service.
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	175/ 161 12/ 17 17/ 20 4509/4029 71/ 37 14885/6936	56/ 80 2702/2272 69/ 34 1957/1878 14885/6936	36/ 49 11/ 16 8/ 12 4658/4150 70/ 37 14885/6936	206/ 206 2552/2146 69/ 34 1957/1878 14884/6936
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	FREQUENCY HOUSEWORK DONE BY OTHER RELATIVE 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	IS THE HOUSEWORK DONE BY FRIEND/ NEIGHBOUR 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY HOUSEWORK DONE BY FRIEND/NEIGHBOUR ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK CONCE OR MORE PER MONTH FESS THAN ONCE A MONTH ONOT APPLICABLE NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	IS THE HOUSEWORK DONE BY HOMEMAKER SERVICE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2
POSITION	0272	0273	0274	0275
LENGTH	~	←	-	—
FIELD ACRONYM	HWOTHRFR	NFWF	TWFN TR	HWHS
FIELD	207	208	209	210

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PAGE REFERENCE—COMMENTS	Q89, part 6 – question one	Q89, part 7 - question one This means a volunteer organization whose members visit people who are housebound to provide companionship. These volunteers may help with housework or prepare meals in some cases.	Q89, part 7, question two	Q89, part 8, question one
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	123/ 123 70/ 72 13/ 10 4508/4024 69/ 35 14885/6936	8/ 7 2750/2345 69/ 34 1957/1878 14885/6936	7/ 5 1/ 1 4706/4223 69/ 35 14885/6936	11/ 15 2747/2337 69/ 34 1957/1878 14885/6936
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	FREQUENCY HOUSEWORK DONE BY HOMEMAKER SERVICE 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	IS THE HOUSEWORK DONE BY FRIENDLY VISITOR SER. 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY HOUSEWORK DONE BY FRIENDLY VISITOR SER. 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	IS THE HOUSEWORK DONE BY SENIOR CENTRE OR CLUB 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2
POSITION	0276	0277	0278	0279
LENGTH		·	-	
FIELD ACRONYM	HWHSFR	HWFVS	HMFVSFR	HWSC
FIELD ACRONYM	211	212	213	214

GSS MICRO LAYOUT

PAGE	REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q89, part 8 – question two	Q89, part 9 – question one	Q89, part 9 – question two	Q90, part 1
POPULATION/COUNT	(000)	8/ 10 3/ 4 1/ 1 4703/4215 69/ 34	14885/6936 184/ 154 2574/2198 69/ 34 1957/1878 14885/6936	112/ 84 55/ 52 9/ 11 4531/4076 76/ 41 14885/6936	1752/1317 1012/1039 63/30 1957/1878 14885/6936
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	FREQUENCY HOUSEWORK DONE BY SENIOR CENTRE OR CLUB 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED	BLANK FOR GSS2 IS THE HOUSEWORK DONE BY OTHER 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY HOUSEWORK DONE BY OTHER 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	IF YOU HAD TO, COULD YOU DO HEAVY HOUSEWORK SUCH AS WASHING FLOORS AND CLEANING WINDOWS WITHOUT HELP? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2
	POSITION	0280	0281	0282	0283
	LENGTH	-	-	-	E .
	FIELD ACRONYM	HWSCFR	HWOTH	HWOTHFR	HFWABLE
	FIELD	215	216	217	218

REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q90, part 2	Q91, part 1	Q91, part 2	0,92
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	709/ 715 296/ 311 70/ 43 3708/3195 14885/6936	847/ 871 163/ 165 3708/3195 65/ 33 14885/6936	100/ 105 61/ 59 67/ 34 455/4066 14885/6936	2367/2327 925/ 746 1435/1165 0 / 1 56/ 25 14885/6936
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	ARE YOU COMPLETELY UNABLE TO DO HEAVY HOUSEWORK? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	IF YOU HAD TO, COULD YOU DO LIGHT HOUSEWORK SUCH AS WASHING DISHES AND DUSTING WITHOUT HELP? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	ARE YOU COMPLETELY UNABLE TO DO LIGHT HOUSEWORK? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	ARE THE MEALS IN YOUR HOUSEHOLD USUALLY PREPARED BY 1 YOURSELF ALONE 2 YOURSELF AND SOMEONE ELSE 3 SOMEONE ELSE 4 DON'T KNOW/POSSIBLE CODE 2 OR 3 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2
POSITION	0284	0285	0286	0287
LENGTH	—	-	_	_
FIELD ACRONYM	HHWUNABI	LHWABLE	LHWUNABL	<u>₹</u>
FIELD	219	220	221	222

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PAGE REFERENCE - COMMENTS	Q93, part 1 − question one	093, part 1 – question two	093, part 2 – question one	Q93, part 2 – question two
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE (1000)	1886/1444 462/ 461 69/ 32 2367/2327 14885/6936	1854/1419 17/ 8 7/ 4 75/ 45 2829/2788 14885/6936	220/ 214 2128/1691 69/ 32 2367/2327 14885/6936	196/ 199 18/ 11 6/ 3 69/ 33 4494/4018 14885/6936
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	ARE MEALS MADE BY SPOUSE? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY MEALS MADE BY SPOUSE 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	ARE MEALS MADE BY DAUGHTER? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY MEALS MADE BY DAUGHTER 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2
POSITION	0288	0289	0530	0291
LENGTH	-	-	· ·	-
SS MICRO LAYOUT	PMSP	PMSPFR	Q.	PMDF R
SS MICR	223	224	225	226

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REFERENCE -COMMENTS	Q93, part 3 – question one	Q93, part 3 – question two	Q93, part 4 – question one	Q93, part 4 – question two	093, part 5 – question one
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	34/ 44 2314/1861 69/ 32 2367/2327 14885/6936	34/ 43 0 / 1 - / - 69/ 32 4681/4188 14885/6936	156/ 135 2192/1770 69/ 32 2367/2327 14995/6936	149/ 130 2/ 3 -/ - 73/ 34 4559/4097 14885/6936	29/ 38 2319/1867 69/ 32 2367/2327 14885/6936
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	ARE MEALS MADE BY SON? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY MEALS MADE BY SON 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	ARE MEALS MADE BY OTHER RELATIVE? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY MEALS MADE BY OTHER RELATIVE 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	ARE MEALS MADE BY FRIEND/NEIGHBOUR? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2
POSITION	0292	0293	0294	0295	9670
LENGTH	-	—	-	-	-
FIELD ACRONYM	PMSON	PMSONFR	PMOTHR	PMOTHRF R	NHM
FIELD	227	228	229	230	231

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PAGI	– question two	- question one	093, part 6 – queston two	- question one
REFERENCE-COMMENTS	093, part 5 -	Q93, part 6 -	093, part 6	Q93, part 7 -
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	27/ 36 2/ 2 69/ 32 2367 /4194 14885/6936	29/ 32 2319/1873 69/ 32 2367/2327 14885/6936	28/ 31 0 / 1 69/ 32 4686/4200 14885/6936	6/ 5 2342/1900 69/ 32 2367/2327 14885/6936
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	FREQUENCY MEALS MADE BY FRIEND/ NEIGHBOUR 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	ARE MEALS MADE BY HOMEMAKER SERVICE? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY MEALS MADE BY HOMEMAKER SERVICE 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	ARE MEALS MADE BY FRIENDLY VISITOR SERVICE? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2
POSITION	0297	0298	0299	0300
LENGTH		_		~
GSS MICRO LAYOUT FIELD ACRONYM	232 PMFNFR	233 PMHS	234 PMHSFR	235 PMF VS

POPULATION/COUNT

REFERENCE-COMMENTS	093, part 7 – question two	Q93, part 8 – question one	ų93, part 8 – question two	Q93, part 9 – question one
ESTIMATE ('000)	6/ 5 -/- -/- 69/ 32 4708/4227 14885/6936	8/ 12 2340/1893 69/ 32 2367/2327 14885/6936	8/ 12 -/- 69/ 32 4707/4220 14885/6936	87/ 74 2261/1831 69/ 32 2367/2327 14885/6936
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	FREQUENCY MEALS MADE BY FRIENDLY VISITOR SERVICE 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	ARE MEALS MADE BY SENIOR CENTRE OR CLUB? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY MEALS MADE BY SENIOR CENTRE OR CLUB 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	ARE MEALS MADE BY OTHER? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2
POSITION	0301	0302	0303	0304
LENGTH	-	-	-	-
FIELD ACRONYM	236 PMFVSFR	237 PMSC	238 PMSCFR	239 РМОТН

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REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q93, part 9 – question two	Q94, part 1	Q94, part 2	- 166b
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	87/ 73 -/- 69/ 33 4627/4158 14885/6936	1992/1527 360/375 64/35 2367/2327 14885/6936	152/ 157 204/ 211 68/ 42 4359/3854 14885/6936	1828/1819 1907/1510 975/ 904 12/ 3 61/ 28 14885/6936
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	FREQUENCY MEALS MADE BY OTHER 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	IF YOU HAD TO MAKE MEALS ON A REGULAR BASIS, COULD YOU DO IT WITHOUT HELP? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	ARE YOU COMPLETELY UNABLE TO MAKE MEALS? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	IS THE GROCERY SHOPPING IN YOUR HOUSE—HOLD USUALLY DONE BY 1 YOURSELF ALONE 2 YOURSELF AND SOMEONE ELSE 3 SOMEONE ELSE 4 DON'T KNOW/POSSIBLE CODE 2 OR 3 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2
POSITION	0305	0308	0307	0308
LENGTH		-	~	-
FIELD ACRONYM	240 PMOTHFR	241 PMABLE	242 PMUNABLE	243 GS
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PAU REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q96, part 1 – question 1	Q96, part 1 - question 2	(196, part 2 – question one	Q96, part 2 − question two	096, part 3 – question one
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	2248/1674 642/ 739 65/ 32 1828/1819 14885/6936	2130/1554 99/ 109 12/ 5 2471/2558 72/ 38 14885/6936	288 / 366 2602/2077 65 / 32 1828/1819 14885/6936	249/ 288 37/ 45 -/- 4431/3896 66/ 35 14885/6936	169/ 182 2721/2231 65/ 32 1 ^R 28/1819
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	GROCERY SHOPPING DONE BY SPOUSE? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY GROCERY SHOPPING DONE BY SPOUSE 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	GROCERY SHOPPING DONE BY DAUGHTER? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY GROCERY SHOPPING DONE BY DAUGHTER 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	GROCERY SHOPPING DONE BY SON? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE
POSITION	0309	0310	0311	0312	0313
LENGTH	-			-	-
FIELD ACRONYM	GSSP	GSSPFR	CSD	GSDFR	GS 50N
FIELD ACRONYM	244	245	246	247	248

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REFERENCE-COMMENTS		Q96, part 3 – question two	Q96, part 4 – question one	Q96, part 4 – question two	096, part 5 – question one
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	14885/6936	127/ 148 29/ 32 8/ 1 4549/4050 70/ 33 14885/6936	180/ 187 2710/2226 65/ 32 1828/1819 14885/6936	161/ 161 14/ 24 1/ 1 4538/4045 69/ 33 14885/6936	80/ 91 2810/2322 65/ 32 1828/1819 14885/6936
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	GROCERY SHOPPING DONE BY SON? BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY GROCERY SHOPPING DONE BY SON 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	GROCERY SHOPPING DONE BY OTHER RELATIVE? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY GROCERY SHOPPING DONE BY OTHER REL. 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	GROCERY SHOPPING DONE BY FRIEND/ NEIGHBOUR 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2
POSITION	0313	0314	0315	0316	0317
LENGTH	-	-	~	—	-
FIELD ACRONYM	UED GSSON	GSSONF R	GS01HR	GSOTHRF R	GSFN
FIELD	CONT INUED 248 C	249	250	251	252

PA REFERENCE-COMMENTS	096, part 5 – question two	096, part 6 – question one	Q96, part 6 − question two	096, part 7 – question one
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	65/ 70 14/ 20 -/- 4638/4141 65/ 33 14885/6936	27/ 28 2864/2385 65/ 32 1828/1819 14885/6936	21/ 21 3/ 4 2/ 1 4692/4204 66/ 34 14885/6936	9/ 3 2881/2409 65/ 32 1828/1819 14885/6936
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	FREQUENCY GROCERY SHOPPING DONE BY FRIEND/NEIGHBOUR 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	GROCERY SHOPPING DONE BY HOMEMAKER SERVICE? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY GROCERY SHOPPING DONE BY HOMEMAKER 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	GROCERY SHOPPING DONE BY FRIENDLY VISITOR SER. 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2
POSITION	0318	0319	0320	0321
LENGTH	~		-	
FIELD ACRONYM	253 GSFNFR	254 GSHS	255 GSHSFR	256 GSFVS

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PAGE	REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q96, part 7 – question two	ù96, part 8 − question one	റി96, part 8 – question two	Q96, part 9 – question one
POPULATION/COUNT	ESTIMATE ('000)	8/ 3 1/ 1 -/- 4710/4228 65/ 32 14885/6936	2/ 5 2888/2408 65/ 32 1828/1819 14885/6936	2/ 5 -/- 4716/4227 65/ 32 14885/6936	91/ 72 2799/2341 65/ 32 1828/1819 14885/6936
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	FREQUENCY GROCERY SHOPPING DONE BY F.V.S.? 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	GROCERY SHOPPING DONE BY SENIOR CENTRE/CLUB? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY GROCERY SHOPPING DONE BY SENIOR CENTRE 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	GROCERY SHOPPING DONE BY OTHER? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2
	POSITION	0322	0323	0324	0325
	LENGTH	—	-	-	v ←
SS MICRO LAYOUT	FIELD ACRONYM	257 GSFVSFR	258 rssc	259 GSSCFR	260 GSOTH
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PAGE REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q96, part 9 – question two		197, part one Includes all aspects such as going to a grocery store, shopping, and returning home with the groceries. It does not include placing a telephone order and having the groceries delivered.	Q97, part two	Q98 This includes help with normal financial matters and does not include any consultations with bank managers or brokers.
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)		71/ 52 16/ 15 2/ 2 4627/4160 67/ 35 14885/6936	2269/1785 608/ 618 77/ 42 1828/1819 14885/6936	308/ 325 283/ 273 94/ 62 4098/3604 14885/6936	965/ 832 3757/3405 61/ 27 14885/6936
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	FREQUENCY GROCERY SHOPPING DONE BY	1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	IF YOU HAD TO, COULD YOU DO THE GROCERY SHOPPING WITHOUT HELP? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	ARE YOU COMPLETELY UNABLE TO DO THE SHOPPING? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE BLANK FOR GSS2	DO YOU USUALLY GET HELP WITH MANAGING YOUR MONEY SUCH AS KEEPING TRACK OF EXPENSES AND PAYING BILLS? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2
POSITION	0326		0327	0328	0329
LENGTH	~			-	-
FIELD ACRONYM	GSOTHFR		GSABLE	GSUNABLE	¥
FIELD /	261		262	263	264

28	
PAGE	

PAGE	Q99, part 1 – question one	û99, part 1 – question two	Q99, part 2 – question one	Q99, part 2 – question two	099, part 3 – question one
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE	734/ 549 220/ 270 3757/3405 72/ 40 14885/6936	512/ 361 214/ 179 5/ 6 3978/3675 75/ 43 14885/6936	91/ 117 863/ 702 3757/3405 72/ 40 14885/6936	40/ 54 42/ 56 9/ 7 4620/4107 72/ 40 14885/6936	51/ 89 904/ 730 3757/3405 72/ 40 14885/6936
DIESTION AND VADIABLE DESCRIPTIONS		FREQUENCY HELP GIVEN BY SPOUSE 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DO YOU USUALLY GET HELP FROM DAUGHTER? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY HELP GIVEN BY DAUGHTER 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DO YOU USUALLY GET HELP FROM SON? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2
NOTITION	0330	0331	0332	0333	0334
HUNG		-	-	-	
MICRO LAYOUT	MWSP	MMSPFR	QWW	MMDF R	MWSON
GSS MICRO LAYOUT	265	266	267	268	269

POPULATION/COUNT

REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q99, part 3 – question two	Q99, part 4 – question one	Q99, part 4 – question two	099, part 5 – question one
ESTIMATE ('000)	19/ 39 23/ 42 9/ 8 4661/4135 72/ 40 14885/6936	49/ 49 906/ 770 3757/3405 72/ 40 14885/6936	19/ 19 24/ 25 5/ 5 4663/4175 72/ 40 14885/6936	12/ 14 942/ 805 3757/3405 72/ 40 14885/6936
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	FREQUENCY HELP GIVEN BY SON 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DO YOU USUALLY GET HELP FROM OTHER RELATIVE? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY HELP GIVEN BY OTHER RELATIVE 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DO YOU USUALLY GET HELP FROM FRIEND/NEIGHBOUR? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2
POSITION	0335	0336	0337	0338
LENGTH	-	-	←	-
FIELD ACRONYM	MMSONFR	MMOTHR	MMOTHRFR	Z
FIELD	270	271	272	273

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PAGE REFERENCE -COMMENTS	Q99, part 5 – question two	Q99, part 6 – question one Means an organization which offers their assistance for managing respondent's bank account on a regular basis.	Q99, part 6 – question two	û99, part 7 – question one Example H & R Block.
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	5/ 4 7/ 9 1/ 1 4699/4210 72/ 40 14885/6936	3/ 2 951/ 817 3757/3405 72/ 40 14885/6936	3/ 1 1/ 1 -/- 4708/4222 72/ 40 14885/6936	29/ 16 925/ 803 3757/3405 72/ 40 14885/6936
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	FREQUENCY HELP GIVEN BY FRIEND/ NEIGHBOUR 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DO YOU USUALLY GET HELP FROM COUNSELLING SERVICE? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY HELP GIVEN BY COUNSELLING SERVICE 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DO YOU USUALLY GET HELP FROM LEGAL/ACCOUNTING SERVICE 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2
POSITION	0339	0340	0341	0342
LENGTH	_	—	-	
GSS MICRO LAYOUT	4 MMFNFR	5 MMCS	5 MMCSFR	7 MMLAS
GSS MIC	274	275	276	277

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PAG	REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q99, part 7 – question two	Q99, part 8 - question one	Q99, part 8 - question two	099, part 9 – question one
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE	(000)	3/ 1 23/ 10 3/ 5 4683/4208 72/ 40 14885/6936	-/- 954/ 819 3757/3405 72/ 40 14885/6936	-/- -/- 4712/4224 72/ 40 14885/6936	20/ 13 935/ 806 3757/3405 72/ 40 14885/6936
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	FREQUENCY HELP GIVEN BY LEGAL/ ACCOUNTING SERVICE 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DO YOU USUALLY GET HELP FROM SENIOR CENTRE/CLUB? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY HELP GIVEN BY SENIOR CENTRE/CLUB 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DO YOU USUALLY GET HELP FROM OTHER? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2
MOTITION	PUSITION	0343	0344	0345	0346
	LENGIH	-	-	-	←
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Q99, part 9 – question two	Q100, part 1	Q100, part 2	0101
7/ 6 13/ 7 -/- 4692/4211 72/ 40 14885/6936	466/ 395 342/ 328 3757/3405 218/ 136 14885/6936	115/ 107 88/ 92 4223/3800 357/ 265 14885/6936	140/ 146 4579/4092 64/ 26 14885/6936
FREQUENCY HELP GIVEN BY OTHER 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	IF YOU HAD TO, COULD YOU MANAGE YOUR MONEY WITHOUT HELP? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	ARE YOU COMPLETELY UNABLE TO DO IT? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DO YOU USUALLY GET HELP WITH PERSONAL CARE SUCH AS DRESSING, FEEDING OR TAKING MEDICATION? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2
0347	0348	0349	0350
-	-	_	-
282 MMOTHFR	283 MMABLE	284 MAUNABLE	285 PC
	MMOTHER 1 0347 FREQUENCY HELP GIVEN BY OTHER 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 6 O NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED 9 NOT STATED 12/ 40 BLANK FOR GSS2	MADTHFR 1 0347 FREQUENCY HELP GIVEN BY OTHER 7/ 6 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 7/ 6 2 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 13/ 7 2 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 13/ 7 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 4692/4211 9 NOT STATED 72/ 40 BLANK FOR GSS2 14885/6936 MABLE 1 0348 IF YOU HAD TO, COULD YOU MANAGE YOUR MONEY WITHOUT HELP? 466/ 395 1 YES 342/ 328 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 3757/3405 9 NOT STATED 14885/6936 BLANK FOR GSS2 14885/6936	MADTHFR 1 0347 FREQUENCY HELP GIVEN BY OTHER 17/ 6 10NCE OR MORE PER WEEK 10NCH PROPER MONTH 13/ 7 2 CNCE OR MORE PER MONTH 13/ 7 2 CNCE OR MORE PER MONTH 13/ 7 2 CNCE OR MORE PER MONTH 13/ 7 2/ 40 BLANK FOR GSS2 148B5/6936 7/ 6 1/ 72/ 40 BLANK FOR GSS2 148B5/6936 MAMBLE 1 0348 IF YOU HAD TO, COULD YOU MANAGE YOUR 148B5/6936 466/ 395 342/ 328/ 328 342/ 328/ 328 342/ 328/ 328/ 328/ 328/ 328/ 328/ 328/ 32

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PAGE.	Q102, part 1 – question one	Q102, part 1 – question two	0102, part 2 – question one	Q102, part 2 – question two	Q102, part 3 – question one
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	74/ 61 56/ 78 4579/4092 73/ 33 14885/6936	67/ 56 7/ 4 0/ 1 4636/4170 73/ 33 14885/6936	23/ 30 108/ 109 4579/4092 73/ 33 14885/6936	20/ 28 3/ 2 -/- 4687/4201 73/ 33 14885/6936	9/ 12 122/ 127 4579/4092 73/ 33 14885/6936
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	DO YOU USUALLY GET HELP FROM SPOUSE? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY OF HELP FROM SPOUSE 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DO YOU USUALLY GET HELP FROM DAUGHTER? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY OF HELP FROM DAUGHTER 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DO YOU USUALLY GET HELP FROM SON? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2
POSITION	0351	0352	0353	0354	0355
LENGTH	<u> </u>	-	-		-
FIELD ACRONYM	PCSP	PCSPFR	PCD -	PCDFR	PCSON
FIELD ACRONYM	286	287	288	289	290

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REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q102, part 3 – question two	Q102, part 4 – question one	Q102, part 4 – question two	0102, part 5 – questjon one
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	6/ 11 3/ 1 -/- 4701/4219 73/ 33 14885/6936	12/ 20 119/ 119 4579/4092 73/ 33 14885/6936	12/ 20 -/- 4698/4211 73/ 33 14885/6936	6/ 7 125/ 132 4579/4092 73/ 33 14885/6936
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	FREQUENCY OF HELP FROM SON 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DO YOU USUALLY GET HELP FROM OTHER RELATIVE? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY OF HELP FROM OTHER RELATIVE 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DO YOU USUALLY GET HELP FROM FRIEND/NEIGHBOUR 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2
POSITION	0356	0357	0358	0359
LENGTH	—	-	-	-
FIELD ACRONYM	PCSONFR	PCOTHR	PCOTHRFR	PCFN
FIELD	291	292	293	294

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REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q102, part 5 – question two	Q102, part 6 – question one Includes public and private nursing (i.e. Victoria Order of Nursing (V.O.N.) or Upjohn Health Care Services	Q102, part 6 – question two	0102, part 7 – question one
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE (*000)	4/ 6 2/ 1 -/- 4704/4224 73/ 33 14885/6936	12/ 17 118/ 122 4579/4092 73/ 33 14885/6936	10/ 15 3/ 2 -/- 4697/4214 73/ 33 14885/6936	1/ 1 130/ 138 4579/4092 73/ 33 14885/6936
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	FREQUENCY OF HELP FROM FRIEND/ NEIGHBOUR 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DO YOU USUALLY GET HELP FROM NURSING SERVICE 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY OF HELP FROM NURSING SERVICE 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DO YOU USUALLY GET HELP FROM FRIENDLY VISITOR SER. 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2
POSITION	0360	0361	0362	0363
LENGTH	←	—	—	~
FIELD ACRONYM	295 PCFNFR	296 PCNS	297 PCNSFR	298 PCF VS

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REFERENCE—COMMENTS	Q102, part 7 – question two	0102, part 8 – question one	Q102, part 8 - question two	0102, part 9 – question one
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	1/ 1 -/- 4709/4230 73/ 33 14885/6936	10/ 13 121/ 126 4579/4092 73/ 33 14885/6936	9/ 12 -/- 4700/4218 74/ 34 14885/6936	18/ 10 112/ 129 4579/4092 73/ 33 14885/6936
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	FREQUENCY OF HELP FROM FRIENDLY VISITOR SERVICE 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DO YOU USUALLY GET HELP FROM HOMEMAKER SERVICE? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	FREQUENCY OF HELP FROM HOMEMAKER SERVICE 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	DO YOU USUALLY GET HELP FROM OTHER? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2
POSITION	0364	0365	0366	7950
LENGTH	—	-	← 1	-
FIELD ACRONYM	PCFVSFR	PCHS	PCHSFR	РСОТН
FIELD	299	300	301	302

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PAG	REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q102, part 9 – question two	Q103, part 1	Q103, part 2	0104	Q105
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE	(,000)	18/ 9 0/ 1 - /- 4692/4221 73/ 33 14885/6936	24/ 18 106/ 120 4579/4092 74/ 34 14885/6936	60/ 70 46/ 49 4603/4110 75/ 35 14885/6936	13211/6270 6391/4902 24/ 14 42/ 14	6415/4916 13022/6167 91/ 53 140/ 64
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	FREQUENCY OF HELP FROM OTHER 1 ONCE OR MORE PER WEEK 2 ONCE OR MORE PER MONTH 3 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	IF YOU HAD TO, COULD YOU CARE FOR YOURSELF WITHOUT HELP? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	ARE YOU COMPLETELY UNABLE TO CARE FOR YOURSELF? 1 YES 2 NO 0 NOT APPLICABLE 9 NOT STATED BLANK FOR GSS2	IS YOUR MOTHER STILL LIVING? 1 YES 2 NO 3 DON'T KNOW 9 NOT STATED	HOW OLD IS YOUR MOTHER? OO NOT APPLICABLE 25:97 98 DON'T KNOW 99 NOT STATED
	POSITION	0368	69£0	0370	0371	0372-0373
	LENGTH	-	-	-	-	2
	FIELD ACRONYM	PCOTHFR	PCABLE	PCUNABLE	MOMAL IVE	MOMSAGE
	FIELD	303	304	305	306	307

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	REFERENCE -COMMENTS	Q106	Q107	0108	0109
	FUPULALIUN/CUUNI ESTIMATE ('000)	3190/1023 10004/5235 59/ 26 6415/4916	9605/5939 817/508 3576/1865 2011/996 3362/1765 201/89 97/38	1642/ 926 4429/2289 2376/1234 957/ 473 556/ 298 104/ 41	10230/4775 9328/6368 65/ 39 45/ 18
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	DOES SHE LIVE IN THIS HOUSEHOLD? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE	HOW OFTEN DO YOU SEE YOUR MOTHER? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 DAILY 2 AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK 3 AT LEAST ONCE A MONTH 4 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 5 NEVER 9 NOT STATED	HOW OFTEN DO YOU HAVE CONTACT BY LETTER OR BY TELEPHONE WITH HER? 1 DAILY 2 AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK 3 AT LEAST ONCE A MONTH 4 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 5 NEVER 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE	IS YOUR FATHER STILL LIVING? 1 YES 2 NO 3 DON'T KNOW 9 NOT STATED
	POSITION	0374		0376	0377
	LENGTH	←	←	-	. ←
LAYOUT	FIELD ACRONYM	MOMHERE	MOMSEEN	MOMCALL	DADALIVE
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REFERENCE-COMMENTS	0110	Q111	Q112	0,113	Q114, part 1 Includes natural, adopted or step children
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	10064/4697 91/ 49 120/ 47 9393/6407	9393/6407 2706/ 806 7507/3962 63/ 25	12098/7213 730/ 413 2504/1332 1410/ 733 2538/1325 284/ 139 104/ 45	12098/7213 700/ 398 3005/1602 1910/ 997 1067/ 553 790/ 393	12400/7579 7225/3606 44/ 15
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	HOW OLD IS YOUR FATHER? 25:97 98 DON'T KNOW 99 NOT STATED 00 NOT APPLICABLE	DOES HE LIVE IN THIS HOUSEHOLD? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	HOW OFTEN DO YOU SEE YOUR FATHER? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 DAILY 2 AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK 3 AT LEAST ONCE A MONTH 4 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 5 NEVER 9 NOT STATED	HOW OFTEN DO YOU HAVE CONTACT BY LETTER OR BY TELEPHONE WITH HIM? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 DAILY 2 AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK 3 AT LEAST ONCE A MONTH 4 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 5 NEVER 9 NOT STATED	DO YOU HAVE ANY CHILDREN? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED
POSITION	0378-0379	0380	0381	0382	0383
LENGTH	2	-	~	-	←
FIELD ACRONYM	312 DADSAGE	DADHERE	DADSEEN	DADCALL	ANYKIDS
FIELD	312	313	314	315	316

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CINTARO TORRETAIN	Q114, part 2	Q115	Q116	0117	Q118, part 1
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE	7225/3606 1237/772 66/ 22	7225/3606 6186/3004 6140/4537 118/ 53	13411/6610 901/790 2991/2058 1065/759 1072/861 82/52	13411/6610 1304/1024 3151/2130 1148/ 980 283/ 266 213/ 115 158/ 75	7225/3606 4548/3757 7815/3800 80/ 37
P E GIJESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS		DO ALL OF THEM LIVE IN THIS HOUSEHOLD? 0 NOT APPLICABLE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	HOW OFTEN DO YOU SEE YOUR CHILDREN? 0 NOT APPLICABLE 1 DAILY 2 AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK 3 AT LEAST ONCE A MONTH 4 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 5 NEVER	HOW OFTEN DO YOU HAVE CONTACT BY LETTER OR TELEPHONE WITH YOUR CHILDREN? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 DAILY 2 AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK 3 AT LEAST ONCE A MONTH 4 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 5 NEVER	DO YOU HAVE ANY GRANDCHILDREN? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED
POSITION	0384-0385	0386	0387	0388	0389
LENGTH	5		-	←	
ICRONYM	NUMKIDS	KIDSHERE	KIDSEEN	KIDCALL	ANYGKIDS
FIELD ACRONYM	317	318	319	320	321

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REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q118, part 2	0119, part 1	Q119, part 2	0120	0121
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	15040/7406 4542/3751 86/43	18286/10274 1328/ 905 53/ 21	1328/ 905 18239/10250 101/ 45	1328/ 905 1583/ 443 16704/9831 53/ 21	2911/1348 1105/ 723 4365/2478 3869/2183 6826/4095 509/ 333
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	HOW MANY GRANDCHILDREN? OO NOT APPLICABLE 01:50 99 NOT STATED	DO YOU HAVE ANY SISTERS OR BROTHERS? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	HOW MANY BROTHERS AND SISTERS DO YOU HAVE? 00 NOT APPLICABLE 01:30 99 NOT STATED	DO ALL OF THEM LIVE IN THIS HOUSEHOLD? 0 NOT APPLICABLE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	HOW OFTEN DO YOU SEE YOUR BROTHERS AND SISTERS? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 DAILY 2 AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK 3 AT LEAST ONCE A MONTH 4 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 5 NEVER 9 NOT STATED
POSITION	0390-0391	0392	0393-0394	0395	9650
LENGTH	2		2	-	-
FIELD ACRONYM	NUMGKIDS	ANYSIB	NLMSIBS	SIBSHERE	SIBSEEN
FIELD	322	323	324	325	326

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	REFERENCE-COMMENTS	0122	Contact includes personal contact or contact by telephone or mail. Relatives from a previous marriage were to be included as close friends (field 331).	Q124	Q125
POPULATION/COUNT	(1000)	2911/1348 985/ 646 4908/2650 4896/2916 4765/2934 1114/ 664 89/ 42	, 4333/2591 15239/8562 96/47	4333/2591 743/ 481 3416/1915 4432/2363 6440/3681 206/ 121 98/ 48	433/2591 637/387 3187/1758 4322/2383 5389/3095 1684/929
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	HOW OFTEN DO YOU HAVE CONTACT BY LETTER OR BY TELEPHONE WITH THEM? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 DAILY 2 AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK 3 AT LEAST ONCE A MONTH 4 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 5 NEVER 9 NOT STATED	HOW MANY OTHER RELATIVES HAVE YOU HAD CONTACT WITH IN THE LAST THREE MONTHS? 00 NONE 01:98	HOW OFTEN DO YOU SEE YOUR RELATIVES? 0 NOT APPLICABLE 1 DAILY 2 AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK 3 AT LEAST ONCE A MONTH 4 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 5 NEVER 9 NOT STATED	HOW OFTEN DO YOU HAVE CONTACT BY LETTER OR TELEPHONE WITH YOUR RELATIVES? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 DAILY 2 AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK 3 AT LEAST ONCE A MONTH 4 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 5 NEVER 9 NOT STATED
	POSITION	0397	0398-0399	0400	0401
	LENGTH	-	2	—	
	FIELD ACRONYM	SIBCALL	NUMREL	RELSEEN	RELCALL
	FIELD	327	328	329	330

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REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q126	Q127	0128
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	E 1775/ 1092 17796/10061 97/ 47	1775/1092 4583/2496 8798/5082 3160/1745 1202/ 701 21/ 18 128/ 66	1775/1092 3556/2028 8700/4812 3066/1692 1328/ 819 1103/ 680
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	OTHER THAN RELATIVES, HOW MANY PEOPLE DO YOU CONSIDER CLOSE FRIENDS? OO NONE 01:98 99 NOT STATED	HOW OFTEN DO YOU SEE YOUR CLOSE FRIENDS? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 DAILY 2 AT LEAST ONCE A WERK 3 AT LEAST ONCE A MONTH 4 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 5 NEVER 9 NOT STATED	HOW OFTEN DO YOU HAVE CONTACT BY LETTER OR TELEPHONE WITH YOUR CLOSE FRIENDS? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 DAILY 2 AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK 3 AT LEAST ONCE A MONTH 4 LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH 5 NEVER 9 NOT STATED
POSITION	0402-0403	0404	0405
LENGTH	2	-	_
FIELD ACRONYM	331 NUMFRND	332 FRNDSEEN	333 FRNDCALL

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REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Completed means passed. Component of field 419 – derived variable summarizing education experience.	Q130 Component of field 419.	Q131 Component of field 419.
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	D? 84/ 92 10/ 17 39/ 54 127/ 117 267/ 211 358/ 235 397/ 317 681/ 463 1426/1137 1412/ 829 2283/1279 2283/1279 2389/ 905 39/ 33 56/ 21	7084/4751 10466/5313 1932/ 998 186/ 138	8772/4691 10782/6453 114/ 56
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	HOW MANY YEARS OF ELEMENTARY OR SECONDARY EDUCATION HAVE YOU COMPLETED? 01 NO SCHOOLING 02 ONE 03 TWO 04 THREE 05 FOUR 06 FIVE 07 SIX 08 SEVEN 09 EIGHT 10 NINE 11 TEN 12 ELEVEN 13 TWELVE 14 THIRTEEN 15 DON'T KNOW 99 NOT STATED	HAVE YOU GRADUATED FROM SECONDARY SCHOOL? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	HAVE YOU HAD ANY FURTHER SCHOOLING BEYOND ELEMENTARY/SECONDARY SCHOOL? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED
POSITION	0406-0407	0408	0409
LENGTH	8	-	←
FIELD ACRONYM	EDYEARS	GRADSECN	MORE_ED
FIELD ACRONYM	334	335	336

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REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q132, part 1 Component of field 419.		Q132, part 2 Component of field 419.		Q132, part 3 Component of field 419.	0132, part 4 Component of field 419.		Q132, part 5 Includes medical or law degree. Component of field 419.
ESTIMATE ('000)	6802/3718	156/ 81 10782/6453	5986/3207	2743/1459 156/ 81 10782/6453	7168/3838 1562/ 828 156/ 81 10782/6453	6950/3722	1779/ 944 156/ 81 10782/6453	8203/4399 527/ 267 156/ 81 10782/6453
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	WHAT IS THE HIGHEST LEVEL? 2 NO COMMUNITY COLLEGE, CEGEP OR NURSING 1 SOME COMMUNITY COLLEGE, CEGEP, OR NURSING 1927/ 948	9 NOT STATED O NOT APPLICABLE	WHAT IS THE HIGHEST LEVEL? 2 NO DIPLOMA OR CERTIFICATE FROM COLLEGE OR CEGEP 1 VES DIPLOMA OF CEGET	FROM COLLEGE OR CEGEP 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE	WHAT IS THE HIGHEST LEVEL? 2 NO UNIVERSITY 1 SOME UNIVERSITY 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE	WHAT IS THE HIGHEST LEVEL? 2 NO BACHELOR, UNDERGRATE DEGREE, TEACHER'S COLLEGE	TEACHER'S COLLEGE 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE	WHAT IS THE HIGHEST LEVEL? 2 NO MASTER'S OR EARNED DOCTORATE 1 YES MASTER'S OR EARNED DOCTORATE 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE
POSITION	0410		0411		0412	0413		0414
LENGTH	~		-		-	-		-
FIELD ACRONYM	MOST_ED		MOST_ED		MOST_ED	MOST_ED		MOST_ED
FIELD /	337		338		339	340		341

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	REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q132, part 6 Component of field 419.	Q134	for respondents who immigrated to Canada after they had already been here as non-permanent residents, the year they first received landed immigrant status was to be reported.
POPULATION/COUNT	ESTIMATE ('000)	7743/4045 987/ 621 156/ 81 10782/6453	524/ 684 109/ 193 766/ 840 660/ 734 4857/1802 4851/1925 885/ 833 1119/ 952 1194/ 799 1027/ 570 4/ 2 7/ 6 3595/1828	3493/1772 14/ 11 159/ 77 16002/9340
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	WHAT IS THE HIGHEST LEVEL? 2 NO OTHER 1 YES OTHER 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE	WHERE WERE YOU BORN? 01 NEWFOUNDLAND 02 PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND 03 NOVA SCOTIA 04 NEW BRUNSWICK 05 QUEBEC 06 ONTARIO 07 MANITOBA 08 SASKATCHEWAN 09 ALBERTA 10 BRITISH COLUMBIA 11 YUKON 12 NORTHWEST TERRITORIES 13 COUNTRY OUTSIDE CANADA 99 NOT STATED	WHAT YEAR DID YOU FIRST IMMIGRATE TO CANADA? 1905:1985 8888 CANADIAN CITIZEN BY BIRTH 9999 NOT STATED 0000 NOT APPLICABLE
	POSITION	0415	0416-0417	0418-0421
	LENGTH		2	4
LA1001	FIELD ACRONYM	MOST_ED	BIRTHLOC	WHENIWM
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PAGE	Q136 Multiple answers were not allowed.	0137 The respondent does not necessarily have to use that language now, as long as they st∭ understand that language.	If the respondent spoke two or more languages at home the one which in the respondent's opinion was used the most frequently was to be reported.	The respondent does not have to be an active member of this denomination.
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	11387/7275 5147/2166 466/ 140 466/ 372 264/ 260 1803/ 909 136/ 78	19434/11063 166/ 111 68/ 26	13582/8697 4721/1899 295/79 37/20 103/83 844/383	2054/1069 8845/4282 2850/1982 2017/1291 581/389 485/355 560/451 170/96 303/128 1622/1054 97/61
P QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS (WHAT LANGUAGE DID YOU FIRST SPEAK IN CHILDHOOD? 1 ENGLISH 2 FRENCH 3 ITALIAN 4 GERMAN 5 UKRAINIAN 6 OTHER	DO YOU STILL UNDERSTAND THAT LANGUAGE? 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	WHAT LANGUAGE DO YOU SPEAK AT HOME NOW? 1 ENGLISH 2 FRENCH 3 ITALIAN 4 CHINESE 5 GRAMAN 6 OTHER 9 NOT STATED	WHAT, IF ANY, IS YOUR RELIGION? 01 NO RELIGION 02 ROMAN CATHOLIC 03 UNITED CHURCH 04 ANGLICAN 05 PRESBYTERIAN 06 LUTHERAN 07 BAPTIST 08 EASTERN ORTHODOX 09 JEWISH 10 OTHER 11 DON'T KNOW/POSSIBLE CODES 02-10 99 NOT STATED
POSITION	0422	0423	0424	0425-0426
LENGTH	-	-	-	8
MICRO LAYOUT FIELD ACRONYM	FRSTLANG	STILLANG	HOMELANG	RELIGION
SS MICRO LAYOUT	345	346	347	348

PAGE 7	REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q140	Ethnic or cultural group refers to the "roots" of the respondent and were not to be confused with citizenship or nationality. Multiple responses are possible.	Q141, part 2 Refer to comment in field 350.	0141, part 3 Refer to comment in field 350.	0141, part 4 Refer to comment in field 350.
	PUPULAI IUN/COUNI EST IMATE (1000)	? 5297/3314 3000/1717 3714/1924 1688/ 934 3757/2147 54/ 41 105/ 54 2054/1069	13953/8553 5538/2555 177/ 92	14179/7562 5312/3546 177/ 92	16761/9353 2730/1755 177/ 92	16615/9183 2877/1925 177/ 92
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	HOW OFTEN DO YOU ATTEND SERVICES OR MEETINGS CONNECTED WITH YOUR RELIGION? 1 AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK 2 AT LEAST ONCE A YEAR 4 LESS THAN ONCE A YEAR 5 NEVER 6 DON'T KNOW 9 NOT STATED 0 NOT APPLICABLE	TO WHICH ETHNIC OR CULTURAL GROUP DO YOU OR DID YOUR ANCESTORS BELONG? 2 NO FRENCH 1 YES FRENCH 9 NOT STATED	TO WHICH ETHNIC OR CULTURAL GROUP DO YOU OR DID YOUR ANCESTORS BELONG? 2 NO ENGLISH 1 YES ENGLISH 9 NOT STATED	TO WHICH ETHNIC OR CULTURAL GROUP DO YOU OR DID YOUR ANCESTORS BELONG? 2 NO IRISH 1 YES IRISH 9 NOT STATED	TO WHICH ETHNIC OR CULTURAL GROUP DO YOU OR DID YOUR ANCESTORS BELONG? 2 NO SCOTTISH 1 YES SCOTTISH 9 NOT STATED
	POSITION	0427	0428	0429	0430	0431
	LENGTH	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	-	-	-
) LAYOUT	FIELD ACRONYM	ATTEND	ETHNIC	ETHNIC	ETHNIC	ETHNIC
GSS MICRO LAYOUT	FIELD	349	350	351	352	353

GSS MICRO LAYOUT

PAGE.	Q141, part 5 Refer to comment in field 350.	Q141, part 6 Refer to comment in field 350.	Q141, part 7 Refer to comment in field 350.	0141, part 8 Refer to comment in field 350.	0141, part 9 Refer to comment in field 350.
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	17786/9986 1706/1122 177/ 92	18776/10857 716/ 251 177/ 92	18900/10644 591/ 464 177/ 92	18805/10729 687/ 379 177/ 92	14998/8773 4494/2335 177/ 92
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	TO WHICH ETHNIC OR CULTURAL GROUP DO YOU OR DID YOUR ANCESTORS BELONG? 2 NO GERMAN 1 YES GERMAN 9 NOT STATED	TO WHICH ETHNIC OR CULTURAL GROUP DO YOU OR DID YOUR ANCESTORS BELONG? 2 NO ITALIAN 1 YES ITALIAN 9 NOT STATED	TO WHICH ETHNIC OR CULTURAL GROUP DO YOU OR DID YOUR ANCESTORS BELONG? 2 NO UKRANIAN 1 YES UKRANIAN 9 NOT STATED	TO WHICH ETHNIC OR CULTURAL GROUP DO YOU OR DID YOUR ANCESTORS BELONG? 2 NO DONT KNOW 1 YES DONT KNOW 9 NOT STATED	TO WHICH ETHNIC OR CULTURAL GROUP DO YOU OR DID YOUR ANCESTORS BELONG? 2 NO OTHER 1 YES OTHER 9 NOT STATED.
POSITION	0432	0433	0434	0435	0436
LENGTH	-	-	-	-	·
FIELD ACRONYM	ETHNIC	ETHNIC	ETHNIC	ETHNIC	ETHNIC
FIELD	354	355	356	357	358

REFERENCE-COMMENTS	A dwelling is a set of living quarters which: (i) is structurally separate, (ii) has a private entrance outside the building or from a common stairway or hall inside. See interviewer's manual for definition of these categories.	Q144 A dwelling which is not fully paid for such as one which has a mortgage is to be considered owned.	Work means any activity for pay or profit and includes "payment in kind" whether payment was received during reference week or not. A person who worked for as little as one hour during reference week is to be recorded as having worked. Fields 361 to 373 are used in the derivation of labour force status - field 414.
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	12530/7153 1042/ 460 738/ 406 1060/ 475) 2443/1534 1190/ 710 535/ 392	13581/7580 5978/3565 109/ 55	11295/5433 7985/5404 333/341 56/22
POP EST QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS ('O	IN WHAT TYPE OF DWELLING ARE YOU NOW LIVING? 1 SINGLE DETACHED HOUSE 2 SEMI-DETACHED 3 GARDEN HOUSE, TOWN-HOUSE OR ROW HOUSE 4 DUPLEX 5 LOW-RISE APARTMENT 7 OTHER 9 NOT STATED	IS THIS DWELLING OWNED OR BEING RENTED BY A MEMBER OF THIS HOUSEHOLD? 1 OWNED 2 RENTED 9 NOT STATED	LAST WEEK, DID YOU DO ANY WORK AT A JOB OR BUSINESS? 1 YES 2 NO 3 PERMANENTLY UNABLE TO WORK 9 NOT STATED
POSITION	0437	0438	0439
LENGTH	-	-	
FIELD ACRONYM	DWELL ING	OWNRENT	WORKLW
FIELD	359	360	361

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PAGE 1	REFERENCE-COMMENTS	The yes category includes (a) paid workers who will return to work at a specified predetermined date, example - persons on vacation, persons who begin at a specific date each month, persons on recall, (b) paid workers who will return to work, without knowing th exact date, example - persons on sick leave. The no category includes seasonal industry workers.	Q153	Examples of family responsibilities or obligations: maternity leave, jury duty, child care, death or serious injury of family member. Examples of other (specify): a legal or religious holiday, a leave of absence from a job, attendance at a convention.
POPULATION/COUNT	('000)	11628/5774 685/334 7284/5062 71/30	12312/6108 115/ 58 7162/4999 78/ 35	18912/10836 14/ 4 142/ 73 61/ 24 3/ 4 11/ 5 37/ 22 280/ 126 118/ 63 4/ 3
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	DURING THAT WEEK DID YOU HAVE A JOB OR BUSINESS AT WHICH YOU DID NOT WORK? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	LAST WEEK, DID YOU HAVE A JOB TO START IN THE NEXT FOUR WEEKS? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	WHY WERE YOU ABSENT FROM WORK LAST WEEK? OO NOT APPLICABLE O1 NEW JOB TO START IN FUTURE O2 OWN ILLNESS OR DISABILITY O3 PERSONAL OR FAMILY RESPONSIBILITIES O4 BAD WEATHER O5 LABOUR DISPUTE O6 LAYOFF, EXPECTS TO RETURN O7 VACATION O7 VACATION O8 SCASONAL BUSINESS O9 OTHER (SRECIFY) 10 DK/POSSIBLE CODES 02-09 99 NoT SARTED
	POSITION	0440	0441	0442-0443
	LENGTH		←	2
	CRONYM	WORKNORM	WDRKSOON	WHYABST
	FIELD ACRONYM	362	363	364

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REFERENCE-COMMENTS	A respondent who is looking for a second job in addition to their present job is classified as looking. If a respondent was simply awaiting results but did nothing during reference period they are classified as not looking.	Q156, part 1 Examples – Canada Employment Centres and provincial or municipal employment offices.	Q156, part 2 Often referred to as placement agency, these are maintained on a profit basis and provide employment service to more than one business.	0156, part 3,	Q156, part 4 For example, the respondent may have checked with employers directly, checked with friends or relatives, placed want ads, etc.
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	11642/5778 1160/ 557 6762/4822 105/ 43	18404/10600 490/ 254 642/ 287 132/ 59	18404/10600 101/ 52 1031/ 489 132/ 59	18404/10600 35/ 17 1098/ 524 132/ 59	18404/10600 845/392 288/149 132/59
PO QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS (*)	IN THE PAST 4 WEEKS, HAVE YOU LOOKED FOR WORK? 0 NOT APPLICABLE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	IN THE PAST 4 WEEKS, HAVE YOU USED A PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT AGENCY TO FIND WORK? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	IN THE PAST 4 WEEKS, HAVE YOU USED A PRIVATE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY TO FIND WORK? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	IN THE PAST 4 WEEKS, HAVE YOU USED A UNION TO FIND WORK? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	IN THE PAST 4 WEEKS, HAVE YOU USED ANY OTHER SOURCE TO FIND WORK? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED
POSITION	0444	0445	0446	0447	0448
LENGTH	·	-	~	~	← '
FIELD ACRONYM	LOOKWORK	HOWL OOK 1	HOWLOOK2	HOWL OOK3	HOWLOOK4
FIELD A	365	366	367	368	369

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PAGE REFERENCE—COMMENTS	0,157	Q158 Code 1 refers to illness or injury of a temporary nature. Code 4 applies to those who are on layoff in reference week but expect to return to their job, as well as to those who had commitments to start a new job at a definite date in the future.	A respondent is considered to be attending school, etc. if they are receiving classroom instruction, or undertaking research towards a degree, etc. Correspondence courses affiliated with a school: and counted as a credit course are to be included.	Q160 Generally the classification of school, college or university attended.
DN/COUNT	18404/10600 772/ 385 371/ 163 121/ 52	18404/10600 28/ 17) 22/ 9 39/ 51 8/ 2 32/ 20 1013/ 485 122/ 52	18404/10600 314/ 106 832/ 445 118/ 49	19236/11045 245/ 76 69/ 30 118/ 49
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	18404/ 772/ 371/ 121/	TIES	18404/ 314/ 832/ 118/	19236/ 245/ 69/ 118/
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	ARE YOU LOOKING FOR A FULL-TIME OR PART-TIME JOB? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 FULL-TIME 2 PART-TIME 9 NOT STATED	WAS THERE ANY REASON WHY YOU COULD NOT TAKE A JOB LAST WEEK? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 YES (OWN ILLNESS OR DISABILITY) 2 YES (PERSONAL OR FAMILY RESPONSIBILITIES) 3 YES (GOING TO SCHOOL) 4 YES (ALREADY HAS A JOB) 5 YES (OTHER REASON) 6 NO (WAS AVAILABLE FOR WORK)	LAST WEEK, DID YOU ATTEND A SCHOOL, COLLEGE, OR UNIVERSITY? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	WERE YOU ENROLLED FULL-TIME OR PART-TIME? O NOT APPLICABLE 1 FULL-TIME 2 PART-TIME 9 NOT STATED
POSITION	0449	0450	0451	0452
LENGTH	←	-	·	
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GSS MICRO LAYOUT	370	371	372 SCH	373

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REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q161	Write-in, coded to 3 digit level, by experienced coders and subsequently collapsed for this presentation. Reference: Statistics Canada, 1980 Standard Industrial Classification Manual.
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	12543/6253 3155/1726 3829/3157 141/ 64	5063/3973 380/ 193 512/ 327 447/ 240 1124/ 538 1053/ 416 808/ 371 1061/ 533 567/ 290 1863/ 878 754/ 381 2519/1342 1301/ 626 1201/ 624
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	DID YOU HAVE A JOB AT ANYTIME DURING THE LAST 5 YEARS? 0 NOT APPLICABLE 1 YES 2 NO 9 NOT STATED	INDUSTRY CODE FROM 1980 SIC MANUAL BLANK NOT APPLICABLE OD NOT STATED O1 AGRICULTURE O2 OTHER PRIMARY O3 MANUFACTURING, NON-DURABLES O4 MANUFACTURING, DURABLES O5 CONSTRUCTION O6 TRANSPORTATION, ETC. O7 WHOLESALE TRADE O8 RETAIL TRADE O9 FINANCE, ETC. 10 COMMUNITY SERVICES 11 PERSONAL SERVICES 12 BUSINESS AND MISC. SERVICES 13 PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION
POSITION	0453	0454-0455
LENGTH	←	2
FIELD ACRONYM	374 JOBL 5YR	375 INDUSTRY

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FIELD ACRONYM LENGTH

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PAGE REFERENCE -COMMENTS	Q164 Write-in, coded to 3 digit level, by experienced coders	and subsequently collapsed for this presentation.	Reference: Statistics Canada, 1980 Standard Occupational Classification Manual.								-				
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	₩.,	66/ 39 1111/ 545 456/ 240	84/ 44 155/ 67	188/ 86 177/ 67 235/ 112		_	420/ 239 154/ 90	- c	_	135/ 75	230/ 104	291/ 146	565/300 992/460	\ \	
POPULATI ESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS ('000)	OCCUPATION CODE FROM 1980 SOC MANUAL BLANK NOT APPLICABLE OO NOT STATED	\$ 15 € 15 6 €	04 PHYSICAL, LIFE SCIENCE 05 MATHS, STATS, SYSTEMS ANALYSIS AND RELATED	06 ARCHITECTS AND ENGINEERS 07 ARCHITECTURE AND ENGINEERING RELATED 08 SOCIAL SCIENCE AND RELATED			14 NURSING, THERAPY AND RELATED 15 MEDICINE AND RELATED		BOOKKEEPING,	NELATED 19 OFFICE MACHINE AND EDP OPERATORS 20 MATERIAL RECORDING. SCHEDJI ING	AND AND		CLERICAL AND RELATED 23 SALES, COMMODITIES		
POSITION	0456-0457														

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REFERENCE-COMMENTS		0165 The value 50,000 represents all amounts reported greater than 50,000.
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	246/ 178 299/ 165 37/ 38 81/ 43 173/ 104 218/ 95 109/ 52 120/ 43 92/ 37 197/ 80 197/ 80 168/ 65 214/ 80 475/ 213 106/ 65 130/ 61 615/ 266 374/ 189 85/ 40 340/ 147	16763/9607 2385/1286 521/ 307
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS (1000)	29 FARMERS AND FARM MANAGEMENT 30 OTHER FARMING, HORTICULTURE AND ANIMAL HUSBANDRY 31 FISHING, HUNTING, TRAPPING AND RELATED 32 FORESTRY AND LOGGING 33 MINING AND QUARRYING-INCLUDED GAS AND OIL FIELD 34 FOOD, BEVERAGE AND RELATED 35 OTHER PROCESSING OCCUPATIONS 36 METAL SHAPING AND FORMING OCCUPATIONS 37 OTHER MACHINING OCCUPATIONS 38 METAL SHAPING AND FORMING OCCUPATIONS 39 ELECTRICAL, ELECTRONICS AND RELATED EQUIPMENT 40 TEXTILES, FURS AND LEATHER GOODS 41 WOOD PRODUCTS, RUBBER, PLASTICS AND OTHER RELATED 42 MECHANICS AND REPAIRMEN, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL 43 EXCAVATING, GRADING, PAVING AND WIRE COMMUNICATIONS 44 ELECTRICAL POWER, LIGHTING AND WIRE COMMUNICATIONS 45 OTHER CONSTRUCTION TRADES 46 MOTOR TRANSPORT OPERATORS 47 OTHER TRANSPORTATION OPERATORS 48 MATERIAL HANDLING	WHAT WAS YOUR INCOME, BEFORE TAXES, FROM WAGES DURING 1984? ODODOO:O50000 B88888 DONT KNOW 23
POSITION	0456-0457	0458-0463 N
LENGTH	2	9
FIELD ACRONYM	OCCUPA TI	SALARY
FIELD ,	376	377

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PAGE	REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Q166 The value 10,000 represents all amounts reported greater than 10,000.	Q167 The value 10,000 represents all amounts greater than 10,000.	Q168 The value 75,000 represents all amounts reported greater than 75,000.	Control field.	Province of residence at time of survey.
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE	(000)	17298/9752 1939/1175 432 273	16229/9085 2854/1766 585/ 349	12434/7352 6202/3203 1033/ 645	14885/6936 4783/4264	425/ 640 96/ 212 684/ 902 546/ 755 5163/1824 7133/2542 821/ 894 760/ 824 1770/1342
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	WHAT WAS YOUR INCOME, BEFORE TAXES, FROM GOVERNMENT SOURCES DURING 1984? 000000:010000 888888 DONT KNOW 999999 NOT STATED	WHAT WAS YOUR INCOME FROM INTEREST, DIVIDENDS OR PRIVATE PENSIONS? 000000:010000 888888 DONT KNOW 999999 NOT STATED	WHAT WAS YOUR TOTAL INCOME OF ALL HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS FROM ALL SOURCES DURING 1984? 000000:075000 888888 DONT KNOW 999999 NOT STATED	RECORD TYPE OF SURVEY DOCUMENT 1 GSS-2 2 GSS-3 OR GSS-4	DERIVED VARIABLE – PROVINCE 0 NEWFOUNDLAND 1 PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND 2 NOVA SCOTIA 3 NEW BRUNSWICK 4 QUEBEC 5 ONTARIO 6 MANITOBA 7 SASKATCHEWAN 8 ALBERTA 9 BRITISH COLUMBIA
1000	PUSTITON	0464-0469	0470-0475	0476-0481	0482	0483
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	FIELD ACKUNYM	GOVTMNY	INTEREST	HOUSEINC	RECTYP2	PROVINCE
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PAGE	REFERENCE-COMMENTS	From GSS1 – Selection Control Form question 46, for those 15–64 and from Labour Force Survey Form 03 – Household Record Docket for those 65+, question 34.	Computed - 9(5)V9(4) i.e. xxxxx.xxx - on the average each respondent represents 1,756 Canadians.	Assigned If the other (specify) in question 43 was indicated, the write-in was assigned a code from a pre-designed list. This list was compiled by Canada Fitness Survey personnel.	Assigned The average metabolic cost of doing that specified activity at a medium intensity level.	Assigned Other specify of question 47.	Assigned Refer to field 386.
POPULATION/COUNT	(1000)	9649/5095 10019/6105		16693/9657 2788/1457 188/ 86	16693/9657 2975/1543	18220/10470 1431/ 721 17/ 9	18220/10470 1448/ 730
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	DERIVED VARIABLE – SEX 1 MALE 2 FEMALE	FINAL WEIGHT	OTHER EXERCISE FOR FAVEXER OOOD NOT APPLICABLE 0101-1333 CODES 9999 UNCODEABLE	METS VALUE MEDIUM INTENSITY 000 NOT APPLICABLE 01.0-14.0	OTHER EXERCISE FOR SECNEXER OOOD NOT APPLICABLE 0101-1333 CODES 9999 UNCODEABLE	METS VALUE MEDIUM INTENSITY 000 NOT APPLICABLE 01.0-14.0
	POSITION	0484	0485-0493	0494-0497	0498-0500	0501-0504	0505-0507
	LENGTH	-	6	7	~	4	٣
LAYOUT	FIELD ACRONYM	DVSEX	WGHT	OTHEXER1	INTENSTY	OTHEXER2	INTENSTY
GSS MICRO LAYOUT	FIELD	383	384	385	386	387	388

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PAG:	From GSS1 - Selection Control Form, question 44, for those 15-64 and from Labour Force Survey Form 03 - Household Record Docket for those 65+, question 33.	From GSS1 – Selection Control Form, question 46, for those 15-64 and from Labour Force Survey Form 03 – Household Record Docket for those 65+, question 35.	Region of residence at time of survey.	Health problem was defined as one of the five the respondent was questioned on in Section A – high blood pressure, heart trouble, diabetes, respiratory problems, and arthritis/rheumatism.
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	1938/ 613 2359/1044 2352/1284 2150/1227 1953/1014 1606/ 701 1259/ 507 1268/ 546 1164/ 512 1147/ 622 875/1059 697/ 839 479/ 643	12437/6622 5087/2371 1135/1445 910/705	1751/2509 5163/1824 7133/2542 3350/3060 2270/1265	11182/5495 7738/5390 749/ 315
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	DERIVED VARIABLE AGE GROUP 01 15-19 02 20-24 03 25-29 04 30-34 05 35-39 06 40-44 07 45-49 08 50-54 09 55-59 11 65-69 12 70-74 13 75-79 14 80 AND OVER	DERIVED VARIABLE MARITAL STATUS 1 NOW MARRIED OR COMMON LAW 2 SINGLE NEVER MARRIED 3 WIDOW OR WIDOWER 4 SEPARATED OR DIVORCED 9 NOT STATED	DERIVED VARIABLE REGION 1 ATLANTIC REGION 2 QUEBEC REGION 3 ONTARIO REGION 4 PRAIRIE REGION 5 BRITISH COLUMBIA REGION	DERIVED VARIABLE HEALTH PROBLEM 1 NO HEALTH PROBLEM 2 YES A HEALTH PROBLEM 9 NOT STATED
POSITION	0508-0509	0510	0511	0512
LENGTH	2	—	-	-
FIELD ACRONYM	DVAGEGR	DVMS	DVREGN	DVHL THPR
FIELD	389	390	391	392

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PAGE 99	Medical doctor includes both general practitioner (Q22) and medical specialists (Q23).	<pre>Included: medical doctor (as defined above); dentist (Q24); nurse (Q25).</pre>	Source: Question 24	Summary of questions 27 through 37. Some: the respondent has trouble with at least one ADL but is capable of performing all of them. Moderate: the respondent is unable to perform 1 or 2 ADL's. Major: the respondent is unable to perform 3 or more ADL's. Degree Unknown: the respondent answered positively to Q37 only.
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	3739/1924 8109/4228 5570/3501 2082/1430 169/ 117	2045/1124 8179/5001 9294/4970 40MN 85/ 52 65/ 53	9662/6059 8215/4178 1536/ 836 209/ 102 47/ 25	13365/6692 4645/3194 846/ 715 359/ 349 1 391/ 221 62/ 29
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	DERIVED VARIABLE NUMBER OF CONSULTA- TIONS WITH MEDICAL DOCTOR 1 NO CONSULTATIONS 2 1-2 CONSULTATIONS 3 3-9 CONSULTATIONS 4 10 OR MORE CONSULTATIONS 9 NOT STATED	DERIVED VARIABLE CONSULTATION WITH HEALTH PROFESSIONAL 1 NO CONSULTATIONS 2 CONSULTATION WITH ONE TYPE OF HEALTH PROFESSIONAL 3 CONSULTATION WITH MORE THAN ONE TYPE OF HEALTH PROFESSIONAL 4 CONSULTATION BUT NUMBER OF TYPES UNKNOWN 9 NOT STATED	DERIVED VARIABLE NUMBER OF CONSULTA- TIONS WITH DENTIST 1 NO CONSULTATIONS 2 1-2 CONSULTATIONS 3 3-9 CONSULTATIONS 4 10 OR MORE CONSULTATIONS 9 NOT STATED	DERIVED VARIABLE ACTIVITY LIMITATION 1 NO ACTIVITY LIMITATION 2 SOME ACTIVITY LIMITATION 3 MODERATE ACTIVITY LIMITATION 4 MAJOR ACTIVITY LIMITATION 5 DEGREE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION UNKNOWN 9 NOT STATED
POSITION	0513	0514	0515	0516
LENGTH	-	-		←
FIELD ACRONYM	DVMDCON	DVHPCON	DVDENCON	DVACTLIM
FIELD	393	394	395	3%

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PAGE REFERENCE - COMMENTS	Any respondent who indicated having trouble with one or more of Q27 through Q30 has been classified as having a mobility activity limitation.	Any respondent who indicated having trouble with one or more of Q31 through Q34 has been classified as having an agility activity limitation.	Any respondent who indicated having trouble with Q35 has been classified as having a seeing activity limitation.	Any respondent who indicated having trouble with Q36 has been classified as having a hearing activity limitation.	Positive response to Q37 if categories 2 or 3. If category 2, then respondent also indicated having trouble with one or more of Q27 through Q36. Nature is defined in fields 397-400.	The body mass index, or Quetelet Index is defined as W/HP, where p=2 for men and 1.5 for women, weight (W) is in kilograms and height (H) is in metres.
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE (1000)	15762/8276 3885/2914 20/ 10	16348/8690 3281/2492 39/ 18	18842/10507 802/ 682 24/ 11	18103/9865 1538/1323 27/ 12	17338/9402 1915/1566 389/ 220 27/ 12	321/ 202 19347/10998
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	DERIVED VARIABLE MOBILITY ACTIVITY LIMITATION 1 NO MOBILITY ACTIVITY LIMITATION 2 YES A MOBILITY ACTIVITY LIMITATION 9 NOT STATED	DERIVED VARIABLE A CILITY LIMITATION 1 NO AGILITY ACTIVITY LIMITATION 2 YES AN AGILITY ACTIVITY LIMITATION 9 NOT STATED	DERIVED VARIABLE SEEING ACTIVITY LIMITATION 1 NO SEEING ACTIVITY LIMITATION 2 YES A SEEING ACTIVITY LIMITATION 9 NOT STATED	DERIVED VARIABLE HEARING ACTIVITY LIMITATION 1 NO HEARING ACTIVITY LIMITATION 2 YES A HEARING ACTIVITY LIMITATION 9 NOT STATED	DERIVED VARIABLE LIMITATION DUE TO LTAL 1 NO LIMITATION 2 YES A LIMITATION AND NATURE KNOWN 3 YES A LIMITATION AND NATURE UNKNOWN 9 NOT STATED	DERIVED VARIABLE BODY MASS INDEX EXPRESSED TO ONE DECIMAL PLACE 00.0 NOT APPLICABLE (WEIGHT AND/OR HEIGHT UNKNOWN) 10.4:81.3
POSITION	0517	0518	0519	0520	0521	0522-0524
LENGTH	—	-	-		-	m
FIELD ACRONYM	DVDISMQB	DVDISAGL	DVDISSEE	DVDISHER	DVDISUNK	DVBMINDX
FIELD /	397	398	399	400	401	405

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PAGE	COMMENTS	Female	Lut off values less than 23.8 23.8-30.3 30.4-36.3 greater than 36.3	Regular smokers are those who reported smoking cigarettes daily. Occasional cigarette smokers smoke cigarettes occasionally (not every day) and do not smoke pipes, etc. on a daily basis. Never smokers are those who have never smoked cigarettes daily.	ce: Q55 ins continuous r groupings	Although question 62 was formulated to exclude the respondent, this derived variable factors in the respondent's smoking behaviour. A smoker is one who smokes either cigarettes, pipes, cigars or cigarillos daily.
	REFERENCE-COMMENTS		Lut off values less than 20.1 20.1-25.0 25.1-29.9 greater than 29.9	Regular smokers are those who reported smoking cigarettes daily. Occasional cigarette smokers smoke cigarettes occasionally (not every day) and do not smoke pipes, etc. a daily basis. Never smoker are those who have never smol cigarettes daily.	Source: Q55 Field 78 contains continuous values if other groupings desired.	Although question 62 was formulated to exclude the respondent, this derived variable factors in the respondent's smoking behaviour. A smoker is one smokes either cigarettes, pipes, cigars or cigarillos daily.
POPULATION/COUNT	('000)		1693/ 843 10853/5844 5344/3295 1457/1016 321/ 202	5985/3228 854/ 493 261/ 168 8317/4626 4051/2582 201/ 103	13660/7964 1110/ 614 4029/2184 838/ 422 31/ 16	9145/5812 5759/3299 3344/1509 641/ 220 284/ 81 495/ 279
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	DERIVED VARIABLE STANDARD WEIGHT	1 UNDERWEIGHT 2 ACCEPTABLE 3 OVERWEIGHT 4 OBESE 9 NOT STATED	DERIVED VARIABLE TYPE OF SMOKER 1 REGULAR SMOKER 2 OCCASIONAL SMOKER 3 PIPE OR CIGAR SMOKER 4 NON-SMOKER - NEVER SMOKED 5 NON SMOKER - FORMER SMOKER 9 NOT STATED	DERIVED VARIABLE NUMBER OF CIGARETTES SMOKED PER DAY O NOT APPLICABLE 1 1-10 CIGARETTES PER DAY 2 11-25 CIGARETTES PER DAY 3 26 OR MORE CIGARETTES PER DAY 9 NOT STATED	DERIVED VARIABLE NUMBER OF SMOKERS IN HOUSEHOLD 1 NO HOUSEHOLD SMOKERS 2 ONE HOUSEHOLD SMOKERS 3 TWO HOUSEHOLD SMOKERS 4 THREE HOUSEHOLD SMOKERS 5 FOUR OR MORE HOUSEHOLD SMOKERS 9 NOT STATED
	POSITION	0525		0526	0527	0528
	LENGTH	-			-	
LAYOU	FIELD ACRONYM	DVWGHT		DVSMKER	DVNUMCIG	DVHHDSMK
GSS MICKU LAYUUI	FIELD	403		404	405	904

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PAGE.	A current drinker is defined as one who consumes one or more drinks per month. An occasional drinker has a drink less than once a month. A former drinker has not had a drink in at least the last 12 months.	Source: Q65 Field 88 contains continuous values, if other groupings desired.	Source: Q71	Source: Q70 Field 97 contains continuous values, if other groupings desired.
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	12385/6430 3483/2085 1257/990 2475/1651 69/44	3738/2645 613/ 273 1627/ 788 3733/1796 3887/2062 2930/1626 2516/1636 624/ 374	4161/2515 13245/7228 2182/1389 80/ 68	499/ 281 6546/3414 10402/5843 1653/1193 495/ 403 74/ 66
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	DERIVED VARIABLE TYPE OF DRINKER 1 CURRENT DRINKER 2 OCCASIONAL DRINKER 3 FORMER DRINKER 4 NEVER DRANK 9 NOT STATED	DERIVED VARIABLE AGE STARTED DRINKING 0 NOT APPLICABLE 1 UNDER 14 YEARS OF AGE 2 14-15 YEARS OF AGE 3 16-17 YEARS OF AGE 4 18-19 YEARS OF AGE 5 20-21 YEARS OF AGE 6 22- 97 YEARS OF AGE 9 NOT STATED	DERIVED VARIABLE NUMBER OF HOURS OF SLEEP 1 LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO SIX HOURS 2 MORE THAN SIX HOURS BUT LESS THAN NINE HOURS 3 NINE OR MORE HOURS 9 NOT STATED	DERIVED VARIABLE HOURS SPENT IN BED 1 LESS THAN SIX HOURS 2 SIX HOURS TO LESS THAN EIGHT HOURS 3 EIGHT HOURS TO LESS THAN TEN HOURS 4 TEN HOURS TO LESS THAN TWELVE HOURS 5 TWELVE OR MORE HOURS 9 NOT STATED
POSITION	0529	0530	0531	0532
LENGTH	←	-	-	_
FIELD ACRONYM	DVT YPDNK	DVAGESTD	DVSLEEP	DVBED
FIELD A	407	408	409	410

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PAGE	REFERENCE-COMMENTS	A disability day includes both bed days (Q13) and cut-down days (Q17).	A major activity loss day could include bed days (Q15) and/or cut-down days (Q19).	The following midpoints were used in the derivation of weekly volume of alcohol consumed: 2.5 for the 2+category; 5.5 for the 8+category; 13 for the 12+category. Weekly volume was calculated for both current and occasional drinkers.	Questions 151 to 164 were posed to approximate the longer series of questions asked in the Labour Force Survey. For a definition of Labour Force Status Categories please refer to "Wethodology of the Labour Force Survey, Statistics Canada, Catalogue 71-526, 1977. A comparison with September 1985, unadjusted LFS estimates reveals an underestimate of the unemployed by the GSS. (6.1% (LFS) vs 4.4% (GSS)).
POPULATION/COUNT	ESTIMATE ('000)	16861/9515 2713/1631 94/ 54	16090/8580 1398/ 801 1941/1633 239/ 186	15819/8505 111/50 3738/2645	11922/5739 861/ 448 6770/4961 115/ 52
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	DERVIED VARIABLE DISABILITY DAYS 00 NO DAYS 01-14 NUMBER OF DAYS 99 NOT STATED	DERVIED VARIABLE ACTIVITY LOST DAYS 00 NO DAYS 01-14 NUMBER OF DAYS 15 NOT APPLICABLE 99 NOT STATED	DERIVED VARIABLE WEEKLY VOLUME OF ALCOHOL CONSUMED OO-98 NUMBER OF DRINKS 99 NOT STATED BLANK NOT APPLICABLE (DO NOT DRINK)	DERIVED VARIABLE LABOUR FORCE STATUS 1 EMPLOYED 2 UNEMPLOYED 3 NOT IN LABOUR FORCE 9 NOT STATED
	POSITION	0533-0534	0535-0536	0537-0538	0539
	LENGTH	7	2	2	←
LATOOI		DVDISDYS	DVACTLDY	DVWKVOL	DWLFS
S MICKU LATUUI	FIELD ACRONYM	411	412	413	414

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REFERENCE -COMMENTS	Source: Selection Control Form (GSS1) for those 15-64 and LFS Form 03 for those 65+. Collapsed to 4 or more household members for confidentiality reasons. The largest household encountered by GSS was 11 household members.	Derived from information collected on the Selection Control Form. If respondent Code 1, 2 or 5 then they are not a member of a census family (husband, wife and any unmarried children or lone parent families.)
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	2062/2368 5749/3800 3997/1943 7859/3089	2062/2368 1096/ 479 12239/6431 691/ 562 497/ 400
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	DERIVED VARIABLE HOUSEHOLD SIZE 01 PERSON 02 PERSONS 03 PERSONS 04+PERSONS	DERIVED VARIABLE LIVING ARRANGEMENTS 1 LIVING ALONE 2 LIVING WITH NON-RELATIVES ONLY 3 LIVING WITH SPOUSE/PARTNER 4 LONE PARENT 5 LIVING WITH RELATIVES 6 CHILD-NEVER MARRIED LIVING WITH PARENT(S)
POSITION	0540-0541	0542
LENGTH	7	-
FIELD ACRONYM	415 DVHHLDSZ	416 DVL VGARR
FIELD A	415	416

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PAGE REFERENCE - COMMENTS	A kilocalorie score formed by summing the product of weekly frequency, duration and intensity for each active and light activity indicated. Midpts were used for duration and activities were assigned to one of three intensity categories (see fields 57 to 62). Frequency and duration were assigned conservative values if only partial information existed. Following are the cutoff points recommended by Paffenburger(1): sedentary (less than 500 kcal/week); moderately active (500 - 1999 kcal/week). (1) Paffenburger et al: Physical Activity, All-Cause Mortality, and Longevity of College Alumni. The New England Journal of Medicine, 1986, 314:10:605-613.	Source: Selection Control Form.
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	19435/11054 233/ 146	10073/6735 6025/3170 3256/1032 130/ 167 61/ 25 123/ 71
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	DERIVED VARIABLE PHYSICAL ACTIVITY INDEX 00038:99998 99999	RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF PAGELINE 1 HEAD OF FAMILY 2 SPOUSE 3 SON OR DAUGHTER (NATURAL, ADOPTED OR STEP) 4 PARENT OR PARENT-IN-LAW 5 SON-IN-LAW OR DAUGHTER- IN- LAW 6 OTHER RELATIVE
POSITION	0543-0547	0548
LENGTH	∽	\-
A B	,	4.18 HA

GSS MICRO LAYOUT

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REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Derived from fields 334 to 342. Hierarchical classification imposed. Code 4: field 338=1 or field 340=1 Code 3: field 337=1 or field 335=1 and none of the above	Orientation is from respondent's perspective in household. For example, the respondent is living with his/her spouse and their unmarried children thus a nucleus value of 1. If one of the children in same household was the respondent then their nucleus would be 3.
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	7959/5101 3612/1836 3086/1579 4793/2548 219/ 136	7678/3471 4561/2960 5367/2401 2062/2368
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	DERIVED VARIABLE EDUCATION 1 SOME SECONDARY OR LESS 2 SECONDARY GRADUATION 3 SOME POST SECONDARY 4 POST SECONDARY DEGREE OR DIPLOMA 9 NOT STATED	1 COUPLE AND OTHER PERSON(S) IN HHLD 2 COUPLE ONLY IN HHLD 3 SINGLE PERSON AND OTHER(S) IN HHLD 4 SINGLE PERSON ONLY IN HHLD
POSITION	0549	0550
LENGTH	-	-
IELD ACRONYM	419 DVED	420 NUCLEUS
FIEL	, 4	42

	REFERENCE-COMMENTS	Fields 421 to 427 were derived using information collected in	section N on contacts and from	information on household	members collected on the
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE	(1000)	10685/5570	3384/1098	5599/4532	
	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS	1 AT LEAST ONE PARENT LIVING - NEITHER LIVE IN HHLD	2 AT LEAST ONE PARENT LIVING IN HHLD	3 OTHER	
	POSITION	0551			
	LENGTH	-			
	FIELD ACRONYM	421 PARENTS			

information on household members collected on the selection control form. In some instances, for example, when relationship to head was indicated as 'other', insufficient information was present to make an exact determination. These cases have been grouped with the 'not stated' group. Also, in a few instances, conflicts were discovered between section N information and the information control form. When this occurred section N information was taken as being accurate.

Other includes all conditions not listed in the specified category. One example of other would be neither parent living.

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PAGE	REFERENCE-COMMENTS				Foster children were classified as friends.	This field represents the merging of the information from GCHILD and RELATIVE. An example of the other category: GCHILD=1 & RELATIVE=2.	
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE	(1000)	3894/3340 2227/1190 6185/3004 7225/3606	-	1 <i>5</i> 28/ 905 62/ 29	16301/9420 1495/ 641 1775/1092 97/ 47	15939/9241 3729/1959	4327/3530 220/ 223 15040/7406 82/ 41
P0P	QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS ('0	1 ALL RESPONDENT'S CHILDREN LIVE OUTSIDE HHLD 2 AT LEAST ONE CHILD LIVES IN HHLD AND AT LEAST ONE CHILD LIVES OUTSIDE HHLD 3 ALL CHILDREN LIVE IN HHLD 4 RESPONDENT HAS NO CHILDREN		4 KESPUNDENI HAS NU SIBLINGS 9 NOT STATED/INDETERMINABLE	1 ALL FRIENDS LIVE OUTSIDE RESPONDENT'S HHLD 2 AT LEAST ONE FRIEND LIVES IN HHLD 3 RESPONDENT HAS NO FRIENDS 9 NOT STATED/INDETERMINABLE	1 RESPONDENT HAS GRANDCHILDREN OR RELATIVE BUT NEITHER LIVES IN HHLD O OTHER	1 ALL RESPONDENTS' GRANDCHILDREN LIVE OUTSIDE HHLD 2 AT LEAST ONE GRANDCHILD LIVES IN HHLD 3 RESPONDENT HAS NO GRANDCHILDREN 9 NOT STATED/INDETERMINABLE
	POSITION	0552	0553		0554	0555	0556
	LENGTH	-	-		-	-	-
	FIELD ACRONYM	CHILD	SIBL ING		FRIENDS	GREL	CCHILD
	FIELD	422	423		424	425	426

REFERENCE -COMMENTS	
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS (1000)	21 NUCLEUS=1, PARENTS, GREL, AND FRIENDS=1 204/84 22 NUCLEUS=3, AND GREL=1 199/62 23 NUCLEUS=3, SIBLING, AND FRIENDS=1 194/146 24 NUCLEUS=2, CHILD, GREL, AND FRIENDS=1 182/135 25 NUCLEUS=2, SIBLING, GREL, AND FRIENDS=1 158/115 26 OTHER
POSITION	
LENGTH	
FIELD ACRONYM	

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PAGE.		The 25 most frequent categories of extended family and close	friend structures were coded. Variables of interest: Nucleus - Parents - Child - Sibling -	Grel – Friends. Conditions of interest for variables other	chair nucleus: Individual variables having code 1. A complete listing of all	reading the six fields as a	Recoding to binary conditions	cuts down considerably on the number of combinations.	-						
POPULATION/COUNT ESTIMATE ('000)	14757/8281 467/ 277 4333/2591	112/51	1917/579 1321/1090	1216/ 637	1121/ 506 759/ 309	657/381		515/ 499	459/ 146 453/ 682	300/ 131	279/ 213	266/ 123	250/86	248/ 203	219/
QUESTION AND VARIABLE DESCRIPTIONS ('000)	ALL AT L NO C	9 NOT STATED/INDETERMINABLE EXTENDED FAMILY SUMMARY VARIABLE O1 NUCLEUS=1, PARENTS, SIBLING, GREL,	AND FRIENDS=1 OZ NUCLEUS=3, GREL AND FRIENDS=1 O3 NUCLEUS=2, CHILD, SIBLING, GREL,	O4 NUCLEUS=2, PARENTS, SIBLING, GREL AND FRIENDS=1	05 NUCLEUS=1, SIBLING, GREL AND FRIENDS=1 06 NUCLEUS=1, PARENTS, SIBLING, AND FRIENDS=1	07 NUCLEUS=3, SIBLING, GREL, AND FRIENDS=1 08 NUCLEUS=3, PARFNTS, STRLING, AND CREE-1	NUCLEUS=2, PARENTS, CREL AND FRIENDS-1	10 NUCLEUS=4, PARENTS, SIBLING, GREL, AND FRIENDS=1	13 NUCLEUS=3, AND FRIENDS=1 13 NUCLEUS=4, CHILD, SIBLING, GREL,		IS NUCLEUS=2, PAKENIS, SIBLING, GREL, AND FRIENDS=1	16 NUCLEUS=2, PARENTS, SIBLING, AND FRIENDS=1	EUS=1,		EUS=4,
POSITION	0557	0558-0559													
LENGTH		7													
FIELD ACRONYM	427 RELATIVE	428 EXFARE								·					

APPENDIX B:

DESIGN OF THE CANADIAN LABOUR FORCE SURVEY

1. STRATIFICATION

Stratification in an area frame is basically a process of classifying (usually compact) area units into certain collections called strata. For the Labour Force Survey each of the ten provinces in Canada is divided into a number of economic regions (ERs). An ER has areas of similar economic structure formed on the basis of recent information and is stable over a period of time. These ERs are treated as a period of time. These ERs are treated as primary strata and further stratification is carried out within the self-representing and non-self-representing parts independently in each ER.

This stratification is carried out using the following methods: 1) using an optimization procedure which forms a prespecified number of strata, each of which is homogeneous with respect to up to 17 Census characteristics, (labour force, dwelling and population related variables); 2) using simple geographic criteria; or 3) using the optimization procedure with a constraint that geographic contiguity be maintained within strata.

2. Self Representing Units (SRUs)

The self-representing part of the sample comprises those cities whose population exceed a certain predetermined value, this value varying region to region. Some cities with population less than this lower limit are also classified as SRUs, in cases where they possess unique labour force characteristics. Within all SRUs, sample is selected independently so that each of them is represented in the survey by a sample of its own population and hence, the name 'selfrepresenting'. Three different stratification schemes are used depending on the size and composition of the SRU. The larger SRUs are subdivided geographically into 'super-strata', within which non-geographic strata are formed using the optimization procedure. In the smaller block-faced SRUs, these optimal non-geographic

area strata are formed directly. In the non-block-faced cities with considerably less scope for stratification, simple geographic strata are used.

Within each stratum, a sample of clusters (normally a city block or block-face) is selected by a sampling procedure known as the random group method. Clusters are randomized and assigned to groups and then within each group, a cluster is selected with probability proportional to the number of dwellings contained in it. Generally, six clusters (and in some cases, 12 clusters) are selected from each stratum.

The second and final stage of selection in the SRUs is the systematic selection of dwellings within selected clusters. This is done by first obtaining a listing of the dwellings in each cluster and them performing the selection. On average, approximately 4-5 dwellings are selected from a cluster in block-faced areas and 6-8 dwellings in non-block-faced areas. Basic demographic information is obtained for all permanent residents of the household and LFS questionnaires are administered to all individuals 15 years of age or older, within a selected household.

In the 17 largest self-representing units, a special selection is made of large apartment buildings (30 or more units and 5 or more stories) to improve the representativeness of the sample and to reduce the variance of the sample estimates. The sampling procedure for the apartment sample is similar to that of the regular cluster.

Non-Self-Representing Units (NSRUs)

The NSRUs are the areas outside the SRUs containing rural portions and small urban centers. Before discussing the selection stages used in the NSRUs, it is necessary to briefly describe the two methods of stratification and Primary Sampling Unit (PSU) formation.

In economic regions with sufficient NSR urban and rural populations (70% of the ERs), separate urban and rural strata are set up. Stratification is done using the optimization procedure separately

within urban and rural portions. Each stratum of an NSRU within an economic region is delineated into a number of primary sampling units (PSUs). The delineation is done using a modified version of the optimization procedure used for stratification, so as to form similar rather than dissimilar groupings, each representing the stratum in which they are located with respect to the census characteristics.

In the remaining 30% of economic regions which do not have sufficent NSR urban and rural population for explicit urban/rural stratification, strata are formed using the optimization procedure and PSUs are formed in such a way as to represent the stratum with respect to the census characteristics and the urban/rural population split in the stratum (according to 1981 census figures). Within those PSUs selected for the sample, urban and rural portions are sampled independently.

Two to four PSUs are selected in each stratum. Urban areas (selected urban PSUs or urban portions οf selected PSUs where explicit urban/rural stratification was not done) are further subdivided into clusters; a cluster being a welldefined area with boundaries recognizable both on maps and in the field. A number of clusters are selected from each group using systematic sampling. Dwellings are systematically selected within selected clusters. From selected rural areas (consisting of nearby rural census enumeration areas of EAs), secondaries (EAs) and dwellings are selected as described for urban areas.

It should be noted that in Prince Edward Island, due to the high sampling levels required to produce estimates with the desired levels of reliability, a less clustered design has been adopted. Geographic strata are formed within which a two stage sample of clusters and dwellings is selected.

4. Special Areas

In addition to the SRUs, a small proportion of the LFS population is found in institutions such as hospitals, schools, hotels, on military establishments, in remote areas, etc. Because the labour force characteristics of people in these institutions are unique and because some of these

areas are not regularly accessible to LFS interviewers, they are handled by the special area frame, which for sampling purposes is divided into the following strata: military establishments, hospitals and other institutions, and remote areas. It should be noted that only the civilian population living on military establishments is included in the survey and that in the case of institutions, inmates of the institutions are not included in the survey.

The special areas are sampled in three stages. The first stage units correspond to census enumeration areas and are selected systematically with probability proportional to size, the eligible labour force population as of the 1981 census being the size measure. Subsequent stages of sampling are clusters and households, as described earlier.

5. Sample Rotation

Each household in the LFS sample remains in the sample for a period of six consecutive months. After the sixth month, the household 'rotates out' of the sample and is replaced by a new household. One-sixth of the sample is rotated out in this manner each month and a new sixth is brought in to replace it. This rotation, as it is called, is done primarily to minimize the non-response that might occur if respondents were asked to remain in the survey for a longer period of time. The rotation procedure is designed in such a way as to effectively divide the whole sample into six equally representative parts. This facilitates subsampling of the LFS sample.

(A detailed description of the old design of the Labour Force Survey is available in the Statistics Canada publication entitled Methodology of the Canadian Labour Force Survey 1976 (catalogue £71-526). A description of the redesign can be found in the paper M.P. Singh, J.D. Drew and G.H. Choudry, "Post '81 Censal Redesign of the Canadian Labour Force Survey", Survey Methodology A Journal of Statistics Canada, December 1984 (catalogue No. 12-001, Vol. 10, No. 2).

APPENDIX C:

CRUDE SAMPLING VARIABILTIY TABLES

For any estimates produced for the overall population or for age groups between 15 and 54, the (15+) tables should be used. For estimates of age group over 55, the (55+) tables should be used. By using the Crude Sampling Variability Tables and the following rules users should be able to determine approximate coefficients of variation for aggregates (totals), percentages, ratios, differences between totals and differences between ratios.

Rule 1 Estimates of Aggregates (Totals)

The coefficient of variation for totals depends only on the size of the estimated total itself. On the Crude Sampling Variability Table for the appropriate area and age group, locate the estimated total (in thousands) in the left-most column of the table (headed 'Numerator of Percentage') and follow the asterisks across to the first figure encountered. This figure is the coefficient of variation.

Rule 2 Estimates of Percentages

The coefficient of variation of an estimated percentage depends on the size of the percentage and the size of the group upon which the percentage is based. Estimated percentages are relatively more reliable than the corresponding estimates of the numerators of the percentages, particularly if the percentages are 50 percent or more. (Note that in the Crude Sampling Variability left to right.)

To estimate the coefficient of variation of a percentage, reference should be made to the percentage (across the top of the table) and to the numerator of the percentage, in thousands (down the left side of the table). The intersection of the appropriate row and column gives the appropriate coefficient of variation.

Rule 3 Ratios

In the case in which the numerator is a subset of the denominator, the ratio should be converted to a percentage and Rule 2 applied.

In the case in which the numerator is not a subset of the denominator, the coefficient of variation of the ratio of the two estimates is approximately equal to the square root of the sum of squares of each coefficient of variation

considered separately; that is, the coeeficient of variation of a ratio:

$$R = \frac{X}{Y}$$

is

$$ev(R) = (ev(X)^2 + ev(Y)^2)1/2$$

This formula will tend to overstate the error if X and Y are positively correlated and understate the error if X and Y are negatively correlated.

Rule 4 Differences Between Totals or Percentages

The standard deviation of a difference between two estimates is approximately equal to the square root of the sum of squares of each standard deviation considered separately. That is, the standard deviation of a difference:

$$d = X - Y$$

$$sd(d) = (X^2 cv(X)^2 + Y^2 cv(Y)^2)1/2$$

The cofficient of variation of d is approximately

$$cv(d) = \frac{sd(d)}{d}$$

Again this formula will tend to overstate the error if X and Y are positively correlated and understate the error if X and Y are negatively correlated.

Rule 5 Differences of Ratios

In this case, Rules 3 and 4 are combined. The coefficients of variation for the two ratios are first determined using Rule 3, and then the coefficient of variation of their difference is found using Rule 4.

Sampling Variability for Quantitative Estimates

In order to provide variability estimates for quantitative type variables, special tables would have to be produced. Since the variables on the General Social Survey microdata file are primarily qualitative in nature, this has not been done. As a general rule, however, the coefficient of variation of a quantitative total from this file will be larger than the coefficient of variation of the

corresponding qualitative estimate (i.e, the number of persons contributing to the quantitative estimate). If the corresponding qualitative estimate is not releasable, the quantitative total will not be.

PART I: CRUDE SAMPLING VARIABILITY TABLES FOR POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OLDER

CRUDE SAMPLING VARIABILITY TABLES FOR THE GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY (15+)

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75.7 75.3 69.1 68.8 64.0 63.7
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48.9 48.6 47.0 46.7
42.3 42.1
39.9 39.7
36.9 36.8 36.1 35.9
35.1
30.8 28.5
23.8
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20.9
19.5
17.8 17.8
15.1
13.8

1.4	2		6.0	0.8	0.7	9.0	9.0	9.0	0.5	0.5	4.0
2.4		1.7	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0	6.0	0.8	****
3.1	2.7		1.9	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.3	****	*****	******
3.4	2.9	2.4		1.9	1.7	1.6	****	****	**************************************	**************************************	*************************************
ы Б	3.1	2.5	2.2	1.9	1.8	****	**************************************	***************************************	*****	*****	*****
3.7	3.5	5.6	2.3	2.0	****	*****	*****	*****	*****	****	*****
3.8	м.	2.7	2.3	****	********************	**************************	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****
3.9	3.4	2.8	*****	*****	*****	*****	******	*****	*****	****	*****
4.1	3.5	*****	**************	*****************	*****	******	******	*****	******	*****	*****
4.2	*****	**********	****	*****	*****	*****	*****	******	******	*****	*****
****	******	*****	*****	******	******	*******	*******	*******	*******	******	*****
************	******	******	******	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****
*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	****	*****	******	*****	****
*****	******	******	*******	**************	*******	*************	****	****	*****	*****	****
**	**	**	**	*	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
1500	2000	3000	4000	2000	0009	2000	8000	0006	10000	12500	12 000

NOTES:

- (1) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES (COEFFICIENTS OF VARIATION) ARE IN PERCENTS.
 (2) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF TOTALS, LOCATE
 THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE ESTIMATED TOTAL. THE LEFT-MOST COLUMN GIVES
 THE SAMPLING VARIABILITY.
 (3) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF PERCENTAGES,
 USE THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE NUMERATOR OF THE PERCENTAGE AND THE
 COLUMN CLOSEST TO THE PERCENTAGE.
 (4) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES IN THIS TABLE ARE CRUDE INDICATORS AND IN
 GENERAL ARE HIGHER THAN THOSE THAT WOULD BE OBTAINED USING MORE
 EXACT TECHNIQUES. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES ARE THEY OFFICIAL.

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CRUDE SAMPLING VARIABILITY TABLES FOR THE GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY (15+)

NEWFOUNDLAND N ≈646

Z	NUMERATOR OF	0F					ESTIMATE	ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE	TAGE						
	(000.)	0.1%	1.0%	2.0%	5.0%	10.0%	15.0%	20.0%	25.0%	30.0%	35.0%	40.0%	50.0%	70.07	20.06
SUPPRESS	п	****	93.4	93.0	91.5	89.1	96.6	84.0	81.3	78.6	75.7	72.7	4.99	51.4	29.7
(Estimate too small		*****	66.1	•	64.7	ĸ.		ò	•	55.6	53.5	•	47.0	36.4	21.0
10000 00 0+		*****	53.9	•	52.8	51.4	。	œ.	47.0	45.4			38.3	29.7	17.1
רח ובובמאב)	4	****	46.7	46.5	45.8	44.5	43.3	42.0	40.7	39.3	37.9	36.4	33.2	Ŋ,	14.8
	ry.	*****	****	41.6	40.9	<u>.</u>	0	37.6	36.4	35.1	•	32.5	29.7	m.	13.3
	9	*****	****	38.0	37.4	36.4	6	34.3	33.2	32.1	· •		27.1	;	12.1
	7	****	****	-1	34.6	٠i.	ູ່.	31.7		29.7		٠	<u>ن</u> ا		
	o	*****	***	32.9	32.4	.	٠.	29.7	28.8	27.8	٠.		,	18.2	•
	٥	*******	*****	****	30.5	ö	28.9	28.0	27.1	26.2	25.5		ä	17.1	٠
	10	*******	****	****	28.9	•	27.4	56.6	'n.	24.8	'n.		21.0	16.3	9.4
Tron Tont	11	*******	*****	****	27.6	ė.	26.1	25.3	÷	23.7	22.8	•		15.5	
חופחרופחו	12	*******	****		56.4	25.7	ľ.	24.5	23.5	22.7	21.9		19.5	14.8	9.6
(Use with caution)		*******	*****		25.4	4.	•	23.3	25.6	21.8	21.0	•	ë.	14.3	8.5
	14	**********	*****		24.5	23.8	23.1	22.4	21.7	21.0	20.5	٠.	ζ.	m	7.9
	15	*******	*****	*****	23.6	ĸ	٠.	21.7	21.0	20.3	6.	œ.	•	m.	7.7
	16	*******	*****	****	22.9	22.3	21.6	21.0	20.3	19.6	18.9	18.2	16.6	12.9	7.4
	17	*******	*****	*****	22.2	21.6	21.0	20.4	19.7	19.1	18.4	17.6	6.	12.5	7.2
	18	******	*****	*****	21.6	Ę.	20.4	19.8	19.2	18.5	17.8	17.1		12.1	7.0
	19	*******	*****	*****	21.0	20.4	19.9	19.3	18.7	18.0	17.4	16.7	15.2	11.8	6.8
	20	******	*****	*****	20.5	6	6	18.8	æ.	17.6	16.9	16.3	•	11.5	9.9
	21	******	******	****	20.0	19.4	e.	18.3	17.7	17.1	16.5	ų.	4	•	6.5
	22	*******	*****		******	19.0	æ.	17.9	17.3	16.8	6.	5		•	•
	23	*******	*****		******	18.6	æ.	17.5			15.8	5	M.	10.7	6.2
	54	*******	*****		******	18.2		17.1	16.6	16.0	15.5	4		10.5	
•	25	*******	******		******	17.8	17.3	16.8	•	ъ.	15.1	3	13.3	10.3	5.9
	30	*******	*****	****	******	16.3				14.3	m.	'n	•	9.4	•
	35	******	*****		*****	15.1	-		13.7	13.3	ä	ູ່	11.2	8.7	
	40	*******	*****		******	14.1	13.7	13.3	તં	12.4	ູ່	ä	•	•	
	. 45	*******	*****		***********	****	12.9	12.5	12.1	11.7	ä	6		7.7	4.4
	50	*******	*****	*****	************	****	•	11.9	ä	11.1	6	•		7.3	4.2
	55	*******	*****		*****	****	•	11.3	ä	10.6	•	•	9.0	6.9	4.0
	9	*******	*****		*************	****	11.2	10.8	10.5	•	٠	•	9.6		3.8
UNQUAL 1 F 1 ED	65	********	*****		*****	*****************	****	10.4	10.1	•		•		6.4	3.7
	20	*********	*****		*****	***********	****	•	•	•	9.0	٠		6.1	
	75	*******	*****		*****	************	****	٠	9.6	9.1	8.7	•	•	•	3.4
	80	*******	*****		*****	*****************	****	4.6	9.1	8.0	8.5	٠	-	•	3.3
	85	*******	*****	*****	******	*****************	****	9.1	8.8	8.5	8.2	٠	•	•	
	06	********	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****************	*****	9.8	8.3	8.0	•	7.0	5.4	3.1
	95	*******	*****		******	******	*******************	****	8.3	8.1	7.8	7.5	6.8	5.3	3.0
	100	******	*****		*****	*****	*****************	*****	8.1	7.9	7.6	7.3	•	5.1	3.0
	105	*****	*****		****	*****	*****	****************	*****	7.0	6.8	6.5	5.9	4.6	2.7
	150	*****	*****		*****	*****	****	****	*****	**************************************	*****	•	5.4	4.2	2.4
	000	******	****		****	****	*****	*****	*****	****	水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水	****	•	•	2.1
	000	***************************************	***************************************		***	****	****	*****	****	*****	本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本	*****	****		
	062	**************************************	*****		******	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	***	***	*****	******	**************************************	****	****	*****	
	350	*******	*****		*****	****	*****	*****	*****	******	**************************************	****	*****	****	1.6
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⁽¹⁾ SAMPLING VARIABILITIES (COEFFICIENTS OF VARIATION) ARE IN PERCENTS. (2) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF TOTALS, LOCATE

NOTES:

- THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE ESTIMATED TOTAL. THE LEFT-MOST COLUMN GIVES THE SAMPLING VARIABILITY.

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CRUDE SAMPLING VARIABILITY TABLES FOR THE GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY (15+)

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND

	20.06	26.1 18.5 15.1 13.0	9.9 9.2 8.7	7.9 7.2 7.0 6.5 6.5		
	70.0%	45.2 32.0 26.1 22.6	18.5 17.1 16.0 15.1	13.6 12.5 12.1 11.7 11.3	100.1 100.1 100.1 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.1 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.0 00.	
	50.0%	58.4 41.3 33.7 29.2	23.8 22.1 20.6 19.5		######################################	
	40.0%	63.9 45.2 36.9	26.1 28.2 20.2 20.3 20.3		######################################	
	35.0%	66.5 47.1 33.4	25.2 23.5 22.2 21.0	20.1 19.2 18.5 17.8 17.2 16.6	15.3 14.5 14.5 13.9 13.6 13.3 13.3 12.1 13.3 13.3 13.3 13.3 13.3	
	30.0%	69.1 48.8 39.9	28.2 26.1 24.4 23.0	20.8 19.9 19.2 18.5 17.8	15.8	
ITAGE	25.0%	71.5 50.5 41.3 35.7	27.0 27.0 23.3 23.3	21.6 20.6 19.8 19.1 18.5 17.9	16.4 15.9 14.7 14.9 14.9 14.9 14.9 14.9 14.7 14.9	
ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE	20.02	73.8 52.2 42.6 36.9	20.1 27.9 26.1 24.6 23.3			
ESTIMATE	15.0%	76.1 53.8 43.9 38.0	28.8 26.9 25.4 24.1	22.0 22.0 21.1 21.1 21.1 22.0 *** ***	**************************************	
	10.0%	78.3 55.4 45.2 39.1	29.6 29.6 27.7 26.1	22.9 22.0 22.0 23.0 24.0 24.0 25.0 27.0	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
	5.0%	80.4 56.9 46.4 40.2	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	**************************************		
	2.0%	**************************************	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		
	1.0%	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
	0.1%	7.09	**************************************	20.03	######################################	
NUMERATOR OF	PERCENTAGE ('000)	ከልክታዩ			88 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	::
NUMER	PER(too small		aut ion)		NOTES:
		SUPPRESS (Estimate too small to release)		HIGHLIGHT (Use with caution)	UNQUALIFIED	i

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EXACT TECHNIQUES. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES ARE THEY OFFICIAL.

CRUDE SAMPLING VARIABILITY TABLES FOR THE GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY (15+)

NOVA SCOTIA N=401

NUME	NUMERATOR OF	ı					ESTIMATE	ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE	TAGE						
	(,000)	0.1%	1.0%	2.0%	5.0%	10.0%	15.0%	20.0%	25.0%	30.0%	35.0%	40.0%	50.0%	70.07	20.06
	~	*****	102.8	102.3	100.7	98.0	95.3	92.4	89.5	86.4	83.4	80.0	73.1	56.6	10.7
SUPPRESS	ય	*****	72.7	72.3	71.2	69.3	67.4	65.3	m	61.1	58.9	56.6	51.7	40.0	23.1
(Estimate too cmil	m	*****	59.4	59.1	58.1	56.6	55.0	m.	ä				42.5		18.9
רפרוווומים וחס פווומיו	4	*****	51.4	51.1	50.4	49.0	47.6	46.2					36.5	28.3	16.3
to release)	R)	*****	46.0	45.7	45.0	43.8	45.6	41.3		38.7	37.3	35.8	32.7	25.3	4
	9	*****	45.0	41.8	41.1	40.0	38.9	•	36.5	- 4	34.0	1.35.7	29.8	23.1	m
	^	*****	****	38.7	38.1	37.0	36.0	• 1	•	32.7	31.5		27.6	21.4	•
	80	*****	****	36.2	35.6	34.7	33.7	32.7		•	29.5		25.8	20.0	ä
	8	*****	****	34.1	33.6	32.7	31.8			28.8	27.8	26.7	54.4	18.9	ö
	10	*****	****	32.3	31.8	31.0	30.1			27.3	26.3	25.3	23.1	17.9	•
	11	******	****	30.8	30.4	29.6	28.7	27.9	27.0	26.1	25.1	24.1	તં	17.1	•
	12	**********	*****	29.5	29.1	28.3	27.5	26.7	25.8	25.0	24.0	23.1	21.1	16.3	9.4
#IGHLIGHT	13	**********	*****	28.4	27.9	27.2	26.4	-	-	24.0	23.1	22.2	20.3	15.7	•
(Use with caution)	14	********	*****		26.9	26.2	25.5	24.7	23.9	23.1	22.3	21.4	19.5	15.1	8.7
	15	******	*****	*****	26.0	25.3	24.6	23.9	23.1	22.3	21.5	20.7	18.9	4	8.4
	16	******	*****	****	25.2	24.5	23.8	23.1	22.4	21.6	20.8	20.0	18.3	14.1	8.2
	17	******	******	****	24.4	23.8	23.1	22.4	21.7	21.0	20.2	19.4	7	ĸ.	7.9
	18	********	****	****	23.7	23.1	22.5	21.8	21.12	20.4	19.6	18.9	17.2	13.3	7.7
	19	******	*****	****	23.1	22.5	21.9	21.2	20.5	19.8	19.1	18.4	16.8	13.0	7.5
	20	**********	*****	****	22.5	21.9	21.3	20.7	20.0	19.3	18.6	~	16.3	12.7	7.3
	21	**************	*****	****	22.0	21.4	20.8		19.5	8	18.2	7	•	N	7.1
	22	****************	*****	****	21.5	20.9	20.3		19.1	18.4	17.8	17.1	15.6	12.1	7.0
	23	***************	*****	****	21.0	20.4	19.9		18.7	18.0	17.4	16.7	5	11.8	6.9
	54	***************	*****	*****	20.6	20.0	19.4	18.9	18.3	17.6		16.3	14.9	11.6	6.7
	25	********	*****	*****	20.1	19.6	19.1	8	17.9	′	9	16.0	4	11.3	6.5
	30	*********	*****	*****	18.4	17.9	17.4	16.9	16.3	15.8	15.2			10.3	6.0
	35	****************	*****	******	*****	9		15.6		14.6	4	13.5	12.3		
	40	*****************	*****	******	*****	15.5	15.1	14.6	14.1	13.7	13.2		-	8.9	
	45	****************	*****	*****	****		4	13.8		12.9	ď		٠.	4.8	٠.
	50	******************	****	*****	****		13.5	•	12.7	12.2	11.8			8.0	4.6
	55	*******************	****	*****	*****	ĸ	12.8	12.5	12.1	11.7	11.2	10.8	6.6	7.6	4.4
	09	*************	****	*****	****	ູ່	12.3	•	Ä	11.2	·		٠.	7.3	4.2
	65	*************	****	****	****	12.2	11.8	ij.	Η.	10.7	6	•	•	7.0	•
UNQUALIFIED	20	*****************	****	****	*****	****	11.4		ö	10.3	10.0	9.6	8.7	6.8	3.9
	75	********************	****	****	*****	****	11.0		•	•	٠.	•	٠.	6.5	•
	80	****************	****	****	*****	****	10.7	•		•	9.3	8.9	8.2	6.3	
	85	*****************	****	*****	******	*****	•	ö	7.6	4.6	9.0	٠	•	6.1	3.5
	90	****************	***	****	*****	*****	•	9.7		•	8.8	•	•	6.0	3.4
i	95	*************************	****	*****	*****	****	•	•		8.9	•	8.2	7.5	5.8	•
~ 3	100	******************	****	******	*******	****	9.5	9.5	•	9.8	8.3	9.0	7.3	5.7	3.3
	125	***********************	*****	******	******	******	****	8.3	8.0	7.7	7.5	7.2	6.5	5.1	
	150	***********************	*****	******	******	****	******	****	7.3	7.1	6.8	•	6.0	4.6	
	200	**************************************	*****	******	******	*****	******	******	*****	6.1	5.9	5.7	5.2	4.0	2.3
	250	***************	****	*****	******	******	***********************	******	******	******	*****	•	4.6	3.6	
• 19	300	**************************	*****	******	******	*****	*****	******	*******	******	******	*****	4.2	ю. Э.	1.9
***	350	***************************************	*****	******	******	******	******	*******	*******	******	******	******	****		
	400	***************	*****	******	******	******	**********************************	*******	******	*****	****	*****	****		1.6
ı	450	~*************************************	*****		*****	******	宋本本本本宋宋宋宋宋宋末末本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本	*******	*******	*******	******	*******	*****		•
•	200	*************	*****		******	******	传说说话的话的话的话的话的话,我们就是我们的话,我们就是我们的话,我们就是我们的话,我们就是我们的话,我们就是我们的话,我们就是我们的话,我们就是我们的话,我们	*****	****	******	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	***************************************	*******	****	
•	,													K K K K K	4.2

- (1) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES (COEFFICIENTS OF VARIATION) ARE IN PERCENTS.
 (2) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTINATES OF TOTALS, LOCATE
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CRUDE SAMPLING VARIABILITY TABLES FOR THE GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY (15+)

NEW BRUNSWICK

							-	ÇC1							
NUME	NUMERATOR OF	<u> </u>					ESTIMATEI	ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE	rage						
	(,000)	0.1%	1.0%	2.0%	5.0%	10.0%	15.0%	20.02	25.0%	30.0%	35.0%	40.0%	50.0%	70.0%	20.06
SUPPRESS	-	*****	97.5	97.0	95.5	93.0	90.3	87.6	84.9	82.0	79.0	75.9	69.3	53.7	31.0
(Estimate too small		*****	68.9	9.89	67.5	•	63.9	62.0	60.0	6	Ŋ.	53.7	49.0		21.9
**************************************	m	*****	56.3	56.0	L)		52.2		49.0	•	Ŗ.	43.8	•	31.0	17.9
(aspaial oi	J	****	48.8	48.5	47.8	-	45.2	43.8	42.4	•	6	38.0	-1	7 26.8	ا لاتا
	ر د م	9.6t ******	43.6 kkkkk	43.4	42.7	41.6	40.4	39.2	38.0	36.7		33.9	.,	24.0	13.9
	۸ ه	************	* * * * * *	36.0	36.1	35.0	36.7	33.0	2 -	31.0	26.5	28.7	26.5	20.3	11.7
	- σ	*****	****	34.3	33.8	32.9	31.9	31.0	30.0	29.0			. 4	19.0	; ;;
	٥	*****	****	32.3	31.8	31.0	30.1	29.5	28.3	27.3		25.3		17.9	10.3
	10	*****	****	30.7	30.5	29.4	28.6	27.7	26.8	25.9	25.0	24.0	21.9	17.0	9.8
HIGHI IGHT	:	********	***	***	28.8	28.0	27.2	26.4	25.6	24.7		22.9		16.2	6.0
(His with courtion)	2T 2 × L	**************	****	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	27.6 26.5	26.8 8.8	26.1	25.5 26.5	24.5 74.5	25.7	8.22	21.9	0.02		. «
ממכוחוו	1 4	********	****	***	25.5		24.1	23.4	22.7	21.9		20.3		14.3	. 60
	15	*******	*****	*****	24.7	4	23.3	22.6	21.9	21.2	•	19.6		13.9	8.0
	16	********	*****	****	23.9	23.5	22.6	21.9	21.2	20.5		19.0		13.4	7.7
	17	********	*****	****	23.5	22.5	21.9	21.3	50.6	19.9	19.2	-	16.8	13.0	7.5
	18	*********	****	****	22.5		21.3	20.7	20.0	19.3			16.3	12.7	7.3
	19	********	*****	***	21.9		20.7	20.1	19.5	18.8		17.4	15.9	તં ત	
	50	********	****	***	21.4		20.2	19.6	19.0	18.5	٠,	17.0	4.4.	12.0	· ·
	7.5	***********************	****	K * * K * K * * K * * K * * K * * K * * K * * K * * K * * K *	20.00 20.00	20.5	19.7	19.1	2.01 L 8.	17.9	7.71 8 41	9	1.61	11.7	0 4
	22	************************	****	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	100	۰ ٥	18.5	18.	17.7	17.1			. 4		
	2 2	******************************	****	× * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	19.5		18.4	; ~	: '	16.7	1.91	15.5	. 4	11.0	
	25	******	*****	****		8	18.1			16.4			13.9	10.7	6.2
	30	***********	*****	*****	***	7	16.5		5	15.0	4		٠.		5.7
	35	**********	*****	******	****		15.3	14.8	14.3	ĸ.	m	12.8		9.1	5.5
	40	*************	******	******	****	•	14.3	13.9	13.4	'n	12.5		11.0	8.5	4.9
	45	*******************	*****	******	****	•	13.5	13.1	12.7	လဲ	ä	11.3		8	4.6
	20	*************	****	*****	****	13.1	12.8	12.4	12.0	<u>.</u>	. ;	10.7	•	7.6	
	52	*****	***	****	*****	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	12.2	8.1.	11.4 .:	; ,	٠	•	9.0	? .	. t
	9 .	***************************************	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	****	*******************	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	11.	7. T	0.11	0.07	70.7		0 4	٠,٧	
JNGUALIFIED	6 6	***************************************	***	*****	*****	***	10.8		10:1	9.6		9.1	. w	4.9	3.7
	75	***************	****	*****	*****	****	10.4		9.8	9.5	•	8.8	•	6.2	
	80	*****************	******	******	******	****	10.1	•		9.5	•	8.5	7.7	6.0	
	85	*******************	******	******	*******	*****	****	•	•	8.9	•	8.2	7.5	5.8	٠.
	90	*******************	*****	******	*****	*****	****	•	•	9.6	•	8 0	7.3	5.7	
1	95	*******************	*****	******	******	*****	****	9.0	•	4.0	٠	7.8	7.1	. U	
	100	***********************************	****	*****	*****	*****	****	8 .8	00 I	89 1	7.9	•		5.4	•
	125	***************************************	****	******	*****	*****	****	****	7.6	7.5	1.7	8.0	91	5	•
	150	***************************************	*****	******	*****	****	****	****	****	6.7	6.5	•	•	J (•
	200	水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水	****	******	******	****	*****	****	***	****	***	5.4	4.9	•	•
	250	水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水	****	******	*****	****	****	****	***	****	***	***	4.4	•	o .
	300	张米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米	***	****	***	****	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	***	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	****	***	***	***	٠. د د	
	350	长只长兄弟兄弟兄弟兄弟兄弟兄弟兄弟兄弟兄弟兄弟兄弟兄弟兄弟兄弟兄弟兄弟兄弟兄弟兄	****	****	****	****	***	***	***	***	***	***	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	4.7	•
	400	*****	****	****	***	****	****	****	***	***	长年长年长年长年长年长年长年长年长年长年长年安全年长年安年安全安全年安全年安全年安全年安全年安全年安全年安全年安全年安全年安全年安全	***	****	***	
ı	450	*************************************	****	·***	****	****	****	****	*****	*****	*******	****	*******	****	L.5

- (1) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES (COEFFICIENTS OF VARIATION) ARE IN PERCENTS.
 (2) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF TOTALS, LOCATE
 THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE ESTIMATED TOTAL. THE LEFT-MOST COLUMN GIVES
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CRUDE SAMPLING VARIABILITY TABLES FOR THE GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY (15+)

ATLANTIC PROVINCES

1 99,7 90,1 91,0 91,	('000) SUPPRESS (Estimate too small 5 to release) 6		1.0%		5.0%	0	5	20.02	25 07		1E 0.7	40.0%		:::	
Too small ()				•	:			:	:>:	30.UV	23.67		, n . n c	70.0%	20.06
Control Cont		98.7			•	w.			5		6		6		١.
10		*****	69.5		•	.	•	62.5	。			•			ų.
too small 5		*****	26.7	•	υ.		လဲ		6.		•				6
10		*****	49.1		48.1	•	'n.		i,					•	'n.
Entring 1		***	44.0	•	43.1	•			œ,		• 1	• 1		÷,	÷ ,
10		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	40.1		39.3		٠,		ءاد					oi o	'n.
10	~ 6	K X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	3/ · I		50°	•	4,	-1	. ·		•				<u>.</u>
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1	<u>ר</u>	K X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	20.25		1.20				ċ٠		•			ė٠	
11	0,	***	71.1		1.00				٠,			•		1	•
15	11	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	9.62		0.7.0	•	٠,		٠ د	•	•	•		10.3	•
1	21	K X K X K X K X K X K X K X K X K X K X	, v , v	•	0.12				•					15.0	
15		*****			25.7		. 4		· .					. פ	
National State		*****	25.4		24.9	24.2	· M		: ~					. 4	
1		*****	24.6		24.1	23.4	ຸ່		: -:					m	
19	17	*****	23.8		23.4	22.7	ς.		0		6			m	
19	81	****	****		22.7	22.1	-		6		8			ึ่ง	
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	19	*****	*****	٠.	22.1	21.5			6		8	7		તં	
Color Colo	20	****	****		21.5	21.0			6		7	~	15.6	ູ່	
Colored Colo	12	*****	****		21.0	20.4	6		8		7	•	15.2	H	
23 ************************************	22	*****	****		20.5	20.0	6		Θ.		7.	16.3	14.9	Ä	•
24 ************************************	23	****	****		20.1	19.5	6		7			-	14.6	H.	•
10.0 10.0	54	*****	****	•	19.7	19.1	ø.		7		6	•	14.3	ä	•
10	52	****	****		ö	18.7	œ.		7.	- 1	ъ.	'n	14.0	。	•
15.6 16.5	30	*****	*****	17.9	7	17.1	16.6		5.	5		<u>.</u>	12.8	•	•
40 ************************************	35	*****	****	16.5	ė	•	15.4		4.	÷	m	ä	11.8	9.1	•
45 ************************************	04	*****	*****	****	'n	•	14.4	4.	m.	m.	ä	ö	11.0	9.6	•
50 ************************************	45	*****	*****	***	4	•	13.6	m	ö	ູ່	i.	ä	10.4	8.1	٠
55 ************************************	50	*****	*****	****	m	•	ç.	'n	ä	;	_;	10.8	6.6	7.7	•
60 ************************************	ភូមិ	*****	*****	****	'n	•	'n	÷	i.	ä	•		4.6	7.3	٠
65 ************************************	09	****	*****	****	ູ່	•	H	:	ä	·	•	•	9.0	7.0	٠
70 ************************************	9	****	*****	***	i,	•	. ;	<u>.</u> ;	· •	6	•	•	8.7	•	•
10	0 ;	****	*****	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	ή,	•		<u> </u>		•	•	•	n .	٠	•
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90 ************************************		****	****	k		•			o r	•	•	•	0,7		•
9.0 ************************************	n c	***	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	x x x x x x x x	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	•	• `		, ,	•		•	. ,		•
100 ***********************************	06	***************************************	*****	***********	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	•		•	. «			•	, v	٠	•
125 ************************************		**********	*****	*****	***	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	7		•
150 ************************************	901	*********	*****	****	***	•	•	•	•	•					•
200 ***********************************	יין ר סמר	*******	*****	****	****		•								•
250 ************************************	0 0	*******	*****	****	****	****	•			•	•				•
250 ************************************	0010	********	*****	***************************************	****	***	•	•	• -	•	•	•	•		•
100	000	******	******	******	****	******	*********	•	•	•	•	•	•		•
4.0 ************************************	00C 035	******	****	***	***	***	***		•	•		•			•
450 ************************************		******	*****	****	****	****	*****	****	•	•	•	•			•
T 0.0 **********************************		*****	*****	****	*****	****	****	*****	****		•			, .	
U G	000	*****	*****	****	*****	****	*****	*****	****	K.					•
	200	*****	*****	****	****	****	*****	****	*****	*****	*****	***	• -	•	-

NOTES:

1500

- (1) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES (COEFFICIENTS OF VARIATION) ARE IN PERCENTS.
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CRUDE SAMPLING VARIABILITY TABLES FOR THE GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY (15+)

QUEBEC M=1824

3.4 2.7 1.		1.9	0 *********
3.8	3.3	*****	******
3.9	****	*****	****
4.1	******	******	******
***********************	***************************************	*	**************************************
1500	2000	3000	4000

NOTES:

- (1) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES (COEFFICIENTS OF VARIATION) ARE IN PERCENTS.
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CRUDE SAMPLING VARIABILITY TABLES FOR THE GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY (15+)

ONTARIO N=2,542

						4. 4.	_					-		
NUMER. PERCI	NUMERATOR OF PERCENTAGE					ESTIMATE	ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE	TAGE						
٤	(,000) 0.1%	2 1.0%	2.0%	5.0%	10.0%	15.0%	20.0%	25.0%	30.0%	35.0%	40.0%	50.0%	70.0%	90.0%
	1 192.3 191.5 190.5	3 191.5	190.5		182.6	177.4	172.1	166.6	161.0		149.1	136.1	105.4	6.09
		135.4	134.7		129.1	125.4	121.7	117.8	113.8	109.7	105.4	96.2	74.5	m
		110.5	110.0		105.4	102.4	99.4	3.96	93.0	89.6	86.1	78.6	6.09	'n
	96.2	95.7	95.2		91.3	88.7	86.1	83.3	80.5	9.77	74.5	68.0	52.7	6
		95.6	85.2		91.6	79.3	77.0	74.5	72.0	69.4	2.99	6.09	47.1	7
		78.2	77.8		74.5	72.4	70.3	68.0	65.7	63.3	6.09	55.5	43.0	÷
		12.4	72.0).).	1./0 1./0	65.1	63.0	60.9	58.6	56.3	51.4	39.8	m.
	*****	63.8	64.5		0.04	7.20	57.7	50.70	56.4	54.9	52.7	48.1	37.3	≓,
1		60.5	60.2		57.7	56.1	56.4	50.0	70.0		47.7	45.4	35.1	
		£ 57.7	57.4		55.0	53.5	51.9	50.2	48.5		7 6 7 7	61.0	31.3	. α
7		€ 55.3	55.0		52.7	51.2	49.7	48.1	46.5		43.0	39.3	30.4	
		53.1	52.8		9.09	49.5	47.7	46.2	44.7		41.3	37.7	29.5	9
7 7		51.2	50.9		49. 19.9	47.4	46.0	44.5	43.0	41.5	39.8	36.4	28.5	
-	******	47.9	47.6	48.4	47.1	45.8	44.4	43.0	41.6	40.1	38.5	35.1	27.2	15.7
SUPPRESS		4.94	46.2		£4.3	43.0	41.7	40.4	30.0	37.6		33.0	25.03	
(Estimate too small l		(45.1	6.44		43.0	41.8	40.6	39.3	37.9	36.6	35.1	32.1	24.8	
		43.9	43.7		41.9	40.7	39.5	38.5	36.9	35.6	34.2	31.2	24.5	
		42.8	42.6		40.8	39.7	38.5	37.3	36.0	34.7	33.3	30.4	23.6	m
		41.8	41.6		39.8	38.7	37.6	36.4	35.1	33.9	32.5	29.7	23.0	13.3
	******* 22	40.8	40.6		38.9	37.8	36.7	35.5	34.3	33.1	31.8	29.0	22.5	13.0
6		39.9	39.7		38.1	37.0	35.9	34.7	33.6	132.3	31.1	28.4	22.0	12.7
		1.60 20.1	7.02		5/.5	36.72	55.1	34.0	32.9	31.7	30.4	27.8	21.5	12.4
, M	******	200.0	7.00°		0. F	22.5	34.4	33.3	32.25	31.0	29.8	27.2	21.1	12.2
		32.4	32.0	- 1	30.0	4. 2¢ .4	50.4	50. AC	67.4 9.4	28.3	2.72	24.8	19.5	11.1
		30.3	30.1		28.9	28.1	27.2	26.3	25.5	24.5	23.6	23.0	16.7	70.7
(Use with caution) 4		28.5	28.4		27.2	26.4	25.7	24.8	24.0	23.1	22.2	20.3	15.7	
<u> </u>		27.1	26.9		25.8	25.1	24.3	23.6	22.8	21.9	21.1	19.2	14.9	9.8
KI Y		25.8	25.7		24.6	23.9	23.5	22.5	21.7	20.9	20.1	18.3	14.2	
0 4	******* 09	24.7	24.6		23.6	22.0	25.2	21.5	80.8 80.8	20.0	19.2	17.6	13.6	7.9
, N		20.00	6.00 8.00		0.72 0.10	91.9	20.5	7.02	0.02	7.61	13.5	16.9	13.1	7 . 5
. ~		*****	22.0		21.0	20.5	0.0	10.0	18.6	17.0	17.0	15.5	19.0	
80		*****	21.3	21.0	20.4	19.8	19.2	18.6	18.0	17.3	16.7	15.2	11.8	
80		*****	20.7	20.3	19.8	19.2	18.7	18.1	17.5	16.8	16.2	14.8	11.4	
(******	***	20.1	19.8	19.2	18.7	18.1	17.6	17.0	16.4	15.7	14.3	11.1	
* C		****	2.61	7.6T	7.01	7.7	17.7	17.1	25.97	- TP. 9	15.3	14.0	10.8	o .
31		*****	17.0	2 9	1,6.3	2 9	17.6	0 7	7.01	14.0	14.7	13.0	0.0T	
150		*******	****	15.3	14.9	14.5	14.1	13.6	13.1	12.7	12.2	11.1	9.6	
200		******	****	13.3	12.9	12.5	12.2	11.8	11.4	11.0	10.5	9.6	7.5	
250		*****	****	11.9	11.5	11.2	10.9	10.5	10.2	9.8	4.6	9.8	6.7	
300		***************	****	10.8	10.5	10.2	6.6	9.6	9.3	9.0	9.6	7.9	6.1	
350		***	***		۰ ق	9.5	9.5	8.9	9.6	ю Э.З	8.0	7.3	5.6	
004		*****************	* :	**	9.1	φ, φ,	9.6	ω n	0	7.8	7.5	6.8	5.3	
		******************	****		9.6	60 I		7.9	7.6	7.3	7.0	•	5.0	
NGUALIFIED 500		***************************************		*********	N 2	> · ·): - 	٠, د.	7.2	9 i	6.7	6.1	4.7	2.7
067		****		***	* * * *	۰ ت	9.1	- ; • ;	6.0	5.7	5.	5.0	8.1 8.1	
001	•	*****************		************	***	a o	.	5.3	5.1	6.4	4.7	4.3	3.3	

		1			,			
1500		£.4	4.5	.	м. В	3.5	2.7	1.6
2000	***************************	**	3.6	3.5	3.3	3.0	2.4	1.4
3000	**************************************	*****	*******	******	***	2.5	1.9	1.1
4000	*******************************	*****	******	******	******	***	1.7	1.0
5000	***************************************	*****	******	******	*****	*****	***	6.0
0009	************************************	*****	******	*****	*****	*****	***	9.0

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CRUDE SAMPLING VARIABILITY TABLES FOR THE GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY (15+)

MANITOBA N=894

	20.06	35.6		20.5		5	14.5	m.	12.6	11.9	ï	6	10.3	9.9	9.5	•			•	8.2	8.0	7.8	7.6	7.4	7.3	7.1	6.5	6.0	5.6	5,5	5.0	4.8	4.6	4.4	4.3	4.1		٠ ، د ،	10		0 1	3.5	2.9	٠	•	2.1	•	1.8	1.7	1.6
	70.07	61.6	43.6	35.6		27.6				20.5			17.8		16.5	15.9	15.4	14.9	14.5		13.8	•	13.1				11.3	10.4	7.6	9.5	•	•	8.0	•	•	٠	•	· ·		•	•	5.5	•	•	•	3.6	3.3	•		
	50.0%	79.6	56.3	45.9	•	35.6			28.1	26.5	25.2	24.0	23.0	22.1	21.3	20.5	19.9	19.3	18.8	18.3	7	17.4	17.0	16.6	16.2						11.3		10.3		9.5	•	, o	0 0	•	•	0 1	T:/	6.5	•	5.0	4.6	4.3	4.0	****	* * * * * * *
	40.0%	87.1	61.6	50.3	43.6		35.6	32.9	30.8	29.0	27.6	26.3	25.2	24.5	23.3	22.5	21.8	21.1	20.5	20.0	19.5	19.0	18.6	18.2	17.8	17.4	15.9	14.7	13.8	m		Ä	H.		•		•		•	•	•	8.7	٠	•	5.5	•	*****	*****	*****	****
	35.0%	7.06	64.1	52.4	45.4	40.6	37.0	4	ن	•	28.7	27.3	26.2	25.2	24.5	23.4	22.7	22.0	21.4	20.8	20.3	19.8	19.3	18.9	18.5	18.1	16.6	15.3	14.3	13.5	12.8	12.2	11.7	11.3	10.8	10.5	10.1	9.0			T .	8.1	7.4	6.4	5.7	*****	*****	*****	*****	****
	30.0%	94.1	9.99	54.3	•.	42.1	38.4	35.6	33.3		29.8	28.4	27.2	26.1	25.2	24.3	23.5	22.8	22.2	21.6	21.0	20.5	20.1	19.6	19.2	18.8	17.2	15.9	14.9			12.7	12.2	11.7	11.3	•	10.5			•	•	ا 00 ا 00	7.7	6.7	****	******	*****	*****	****	****
ITAGE	25.0%	97.4	68.9	56.3	48.7	43.6	39.8		34.4	32.5			28.1	27.0	26.0	25.2	54.4	23.6	23.0	22.4	21.8	21.3	20.8	20.3	6		~	16.5	15.4	14.5	13.8	13.1	12.6	12.1	ä	-:	<i>.</i>	0.0		; 0	7.6	٠	•	6.9	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	****
ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE	20.0%	100.6	71.2	58.1	50.3	45.0	41.1	38.0	35.6	33.5	31.8	30.3	29.0	27.9	56.9	26.0	25.2	24.4	23.7	23.1	22.5	22.0	21.5	21.0	20.5	20.1	18.4	17.0	15.9		14.2	13.6	13.0	12.5	12.0	11.6	11.5	70.7		7.07	10.1	0.6	8.2	****	*********************	**************************************	**************************************	**************************************	***************************************	**************************************
ESTIMATE	15.0%	103.7	73.3	59.9	51.9	46.4	42.3	39.5	36.7	34.6	32.8	31.3	29.9	28.8	27.7	26.8	25.9	25.2	24.4	23.8	23.2	22.6	22.1	21.6	21.2	20.7	18.9	17.5	•	15.5	14.7		m.	•	12.4	•		7.7.0	; ,	0.01	TO.	***	****	****	******	*****	******	*****	*****	****
	10.0%	106.7	75.5	9.19	53.4	47.7		40.3	37.7	35.6	33.8	32.2	30.8	29.6	28.5	27.6	26.7	25.9	25.2	24.5	23.9	23.3	22.8	22.3	21.8	21.3	19.5	18.0	16.9	15.9	15.1	14.4	13.8	13.2	12.8	12.3	11.9	***	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	**	****	****	****	*****	*****	*****	*****	****	****
	5.0%	109.7	77.5	63.3	54.8	49.0	44.8	41.4	38.8	36.6	34.7	33.1	31.7	30.4	29.3	28.3	27.4	56.6	25.8	25.2	24.5	23.9	23.4	22.9	22.4	21.9	20.0	18.5	17.3	****	****	****	****	****	****	***	***	***	***	***	**	****	****	**********************	*****	*****	*****	*****	****	****
	2.0%	•	78.8		55.7			42.1	39.4	37.1	35.2	33.6	32.1	30.9	29.8	28.8	27.8	****	*****	****	****	*****	*****	****	****	***	*****	****	*****	*****	****	*****	*****	*****	****	***	****	***	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	*	***	***	****		******			*****		
	1.0%	111.9	79.5	9.49	56.0	50.1	45.7	42.3	39.6	****	*****	*****	****	****	*****	****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	******	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	****	****	****	****	***	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	***	****	*****	*****	*****	******	*****	*****	****	****
	0.1%	*****	******	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	**********	**********	**********	******	***********	************	******	***********	***************	********	********	************	*********	********	********	********	*********	*********	*********	*********	***********	*************	******************	*********************	********************	*****************	**************	******************************	***************************************	***	***************************************	***	***************************************	*************************	***************	*************	***************	**************	********	*****	************
NUMERATOR OF	('000')	1	ଧ :	M	4	ry.	9	7	Ø	٥	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	9	65	20	75	9 G	0 0 0	2 1	66	007	125	150	200	250	300	350	400		
NUMEI					SIBBBES	201 100	(Estimate too small	to release)								HIGHI IGHT	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	(USe With caution)																			NOUAL LETED			1			-	·	···	. The second	L I			as į

- (1) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES (COEFFICIENTS OF VARIATION) ARE IN PERCENTS.
 (2) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF TOTALS, LOCATE
 THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE ESTIMATED TOTAL. THE LEFT-MOST COLUMN GIVES
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 (3) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF PERCENTAGES,
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 (4) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES IN THIS TABLE ARE CRUDE INDICATORS AND IN
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I

CRUDE SAMPLING VARIABILITY TABLES FOR THE GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY (15+)

SASKATCHEWAN N = 824

	20.06	37.3	56.4	21.5	18.6	16.7	15.2	14.1	13.2	12.4	11.8	11.2	10.8	10.3	10.0	9.6	9.3	9.0	8 8.	9.8	8.3	8.1	7.9	7.8	7.6	7.5	6.9	6.3	5.9	5.6	ы. Б.	5.0	4.8	4.6	•		,	, ,	` r	10		o e	o .	5.6	2.4	2.2	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.7
	70.07	-	45.7			28.9	₹ 56.4	24.4	22.8	21.5	20.4	19.5	18.6	17.9	17.3	16.7	16.1	٠	15.2	14.8	14.4	14.1	13.8	13.5	m	12.9	11.8	10.9	10.2	9.6	9.1	8.7	•	8.0	•	, ,	, ,	•	•	•	•	ה ה ה	•	•	•			3.8		•
	50.0%	83.4	59.0	48.1	41.7	37.3	34.0	31.5	29.5	27.8	26.4	25.1	24.1	23.1	22.3	21.5	20.8		19.7	19.1	18.6	18.2			17.0	•	115.2	14.1	13.2	12.4	11.8	11.2	10.8	10.3	•	9 1	, c	•	•	•		ų.,	•	5.9	5.3	4.8	4.5	*****	*****	****
	40.0%	91.3	•	52.7			37.3	34.5	32.3	30.4		27.5	26.4	25.3	-	ъ.		25.5		_	ö	ö	19.5		ë.	18.3		15.4	•		12.9		11.8	•	•	10.5	70.5	•	•	•	•	יי ניג		•	•	5.3	*****	***************************************	**************************************	**************************************
	35.0%	ĸ,	7	÷	1	•	38.8		33.6	٠.	30.1	28.7		26.4	•		23.8			•	21.3	20.7	ö	19.8	•	19.0	7	ŀ٠	ĸ	4	m		12.3				0.01	•	; ,	•		•	•	6.7	6.0	*****	**************************************	******	(****	******
	30.0%	8	69.8	57.0	49.3	44.1	40.3	37.3	34.9	32.9	31.2	29.7	28.5	27.4	26.4	25.5	24.7	23.9	23.3	22.6	22.1	21.5	21.0	20.6	20.1	19.7	ø.	16.7	15.6	14.7	4.	m	လှ	໙	<u>.</u>	•	11.0	•	٠	•		•	8. I	7.0	*****	*******	*******	*****	******	******
TAGE	25.0%	102.1	72.2	59.0	51.1	45.7	41.7	38.6	36.1	34.0	32.3	30.8	29.5	28.3	27.3	26.4	25.5	24.8	24.1	23.4	22.8	22.3	21.8	21.3	20.8	20.4	18.6	17.3	1.91	15.2	14.4	13.8	13.2	12.7	12.2	11.8	† ; ;	10.	•	<i>.</i>	70.0	7.6	8.3	*****	***********************	************************	******	*****	*******	******
ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE	20.0%	Ŗ.	÷	6.09	∾	47.2	43.1	39.9	37.3	35.2	33.4	31.8	30.4	29.3	28.5	27.2	56.4	25.6	24.9	24.5	23.6	23.0	22.5	22.0	21.5	21.1	19.3	7	9	15.7	14.9	14.2	13.6	13.1	•	2.21	٠	†		50.0	c.01	5 .0	8.6	*****	******	*******	******	******	******	******
ESTIMATE	15.0%	108.7		62.8		-	44.4	41.1	38.4	36.2	34.4		31.4	30.5	29.1		27.2		-	24.9		m	23.5	22.7	25.5	21.7	19.8	18.4	17.2	16.2		٠.	•	-:	13.0	٠.	•	11.0	•	•	10.9	****	***	******	******	*******	******	*****	*****	******
	10.0%	111.9	79.1	9. 69	55.9	50.0	45.7	42.3	39.5	37.3	35.4	33.7	32.3	31.0	29.9	28.9	28.0	27.1	26.4	25.7	25.0	24.4	23.8	23.3	22.8	22.4	20.4	18.9	17.7	16.7	5.		4.	13.9	m	12.9	***	K X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	***	***	***	*****	******	******	*******	******	******	*****	*****
	5.0%	114.9	81.3	66.4	57.5	51.4	6.95	43.4	40.6	38.3	36.3	34.7	33.2	31.9	30.7	29.7	28.7	27.9	27.1	26.4	25.7	25.1	24.5	24.0	23.5	23.0	21.0	19.4	********	********	*******	*******	*******	*******	******	****	***********	****	***	****************	*****	***********	*********	********************	******	******	******	******	*****	******
	2.0%	116.7	82.5	•	58.4	•	47.7	44.1	41.3	38.9	36.9	35.2	33.7	32.4	31.2	30.1	*****	****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	****	*****	*****	*****	*****										***												
	1.0%	117.3	83.0	67.7	58.7	52.5	47.9	44.3	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*******	*****	******	*******	******	******	******	******	*******	******	*******	******	******	*******	******	******	******	******	*****	***	****	******	***	***	***	***	******	******	******	******	******	*****	*****	******
	0.1%	*****	****	****	****	*****	*****	*****	***********	******	******	******	******	**********	**********	**********	**************	*********	******************* *	*************	*************	*******	*************	*************	*************	*************	*************	**************	*********	***************	*******	**************	**************	**************	**************	****************	********	*******************	***	************	*********	************	********	**************	************	*********	********	*******	***********	*******
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NOMER	. PERC					oo small											ution)				,																			1	7	_	_	•••				, 3	,	ш
				0010	SUPPRESS	(Estimate too small	to releace)	ים ובובפסב'							TUCT INCIN	חו פחר ופחו	(Use with caution)																				JNGUALIFIED			I								i		

- (1) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES (COEFFICIENTS OF VARIATION) ARE IN PERCENTS.
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I

CRUDE SAMPLING VARIABILITY TABLES FOR THE GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY (15+)

ALBERTA M = 1342

							104	4							
MON	NUMERATOR OF	ıL					ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE) PERCEN	TAGE						
	(000,)	0.1%	1.0%	2.0%	5.0%	10.0%	15.0%	20.0%	25.0%	30.0%	35.0%	40.0%	50.0%	70.0%	20.06
-	7	130.8	130.2	129.6	127.6	124.2	120.7	117.1		109.5	105.5	101.4	92.6	71.7	41.4
	2	*****	92.1		90.5	87.8	85.3	85.8	80.2	•	•	•	65.4	50.7	6
	ĸ	*****	75.2		73.7	71.7	69.7	67.6	65.4	63.5	60.9	•	53.4	41.4	23.9
	•	****	65.1	64.8	63.8	62.1	60.3	58.5	26.7	54.8	52.8	•	46.3	35.8	6
	ر د	****	58.2		57.1	55.5	54.0	52.4	50.7	49.0	47.2	45.3	41.4	32.1	18.5
SUPPRESS	ا ہ	****	53.2	52.9	52.1	50.7	49.3	47.8		44.7	43.1	•	37.8	•	16.9
(Estimate too small	~ 0	***	49.5	0.0	48.2	46.9	45.6	44.3	•	41.4	39.9	38.3	35.0	•	15.6
to release)	0 0	*****	40.0	45.4 64.0	45.1	43.4	45.7	41.4	40.I	38.7	37.3	35.8	32.7	25.3	14.6
	10	*****	41.2	41.0	40.3	39.3	38.2	37.0		34.6	33.6	202			13.0
	11	*****	39.3	39.1	38.5	37.4	36.4	35.3	34.2	33.0	31.8	30.6	27.9		12.5
	12	*****	37.6	37.4	36.8	35.8	34.8	33.8		31.6	30.5	29.3	26.7		11.9
	13	***	36.1	35.9	35.4	34.4	33.5	32.5		30.4	29.3	28.1	25.7		11.5
	15	*****	33.6	33.0	32.9	35.6	31.2	30.2	20.00 20.00	28.5	22.82	26.2	24.7	19.2 7.8	11.1
	16	******	32.6	32.4	31.9	31.0	30.2	29.3		27.4	26.4	25.3	23.1		10.3
HIGHLIGHT	17	*****	31.6	31.4	30.9	30.1	29.3	28.4		26.6	25.6	24.6	22.4		•
(Use with caution)	18	******	****	30.5	30.1	29.3	28.4	57.6		25.8	54.9	23.9	21.8	16.9	•
	19	*****	****	29.7	29.3	28.5	27.7	56.9		25.1	24.5	23.3	21.2	6.	•
	20	******	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	29.0	28.5	27.8	27.0	26.2	25.3	24.5	23.6	22.7	20.7	16.0	٠, د.
	1 0	***	k >	20.0	0.7.0	1.73	20.0	6.00	•	23.7	25.0	7.22	20.5	٠ ۱	•
	7 6	***************	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	27.0	2.12	20.00	7.62	25.0		23.5	52.5	21.6	19.7	15.3	•
	5.5	******	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	26.0	26.0	25.7	2.62	4 6	0.62	22.0	22.C	20.7	19.5	•	•
	25	*****	****	25.9	25.5	24.8	24.1	23.4		21.9	21:3	20.3	18.5		•
	3 8	*****	****	23.7	23.3	22.7	22.0	21.4	20.7	20.0	19.3	18.5	16.9	13.1	
	35	*********	****	21.9	21.6	21.0	20.4	19.8		18.5	17.8	17.1	15.6	12.1	
	40	*******	******	****	20.2	19.6	19.1	18.5		17.3	16.7	16.0	14.6	11.3	
	45	***************	*****	****	19.0	18.5	18.0	17.5		16.3	15.7	15.1	m.	10.7	•
	50	*********	*****	****	18.0	17.6	17.1	••		15.5	14.9	14.3	13.1	10.1	•
	55	********	*****	****	17.2	16.7	16.3	Ŋ.	15.3	14.8	14.2	13.7	ä	9.7	•
	9	*************	****	****	16.5	116.0	15.6	Ŗ	_		13.6	13.1	ij	•	•
	65	********	****	****	٠ ا	15.4	15.0	14.5	14.1	•	13.1	12.6	11.5	8.9	•
	0 :	******	***	***	ġ,	14.8	14.4	÷ 1	•	13.1	12.6	ລ່ ເ	i,	•	•
	ر د و	***************************************	******	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	7.41	14.5	13.9	13.5		12.6	7.21	11.7		ω. •	•
	8 6	******	******	****	'n	13.5	13.1	ຸ່ລ່	12.3	11.9	11.4	11.0	10.0	8.0	
OUAL TETEN	06	*******	******	******	****	13.1	12.7	ું	11.9	•	11.1	•	•	•	
	95	*********	*****		*****	12.7	12.4	•	-	•	10.8	•	9.5	•	•
	100	********	****	***	*****	12.4	12.1		11.3	•	10.6	•	•	•	•
	125	******************	*****	****	***	11.5	8.0T			•	÷ •	•	0.7	•	•
	000	***************************************	*****	*****	***	* `	, מ ה	, d) c	•	, v		, 4 o R	•	•
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,	450	***********************	*****	*****	******	****	***************************************	*****	• *	i n	הי	•	•	9	
	500	*******	*****	******	******	******	**********	*****	***	9		7	• •	•	
	750	**************************************	******	*****	******	******	******	******	*******	*****	****	****	4	•	
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NOTES:

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 (4) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES IN THIS TABLE ARE CRUDE INDICATORS AND IN
 GENERAL ARE HIGHER THAN THOSE THAT WOULD BE OBTAINED USING MORE
 EXACT TECHNIQUES. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES ARE THEY OFFICIAL.

CRUDE SAMPLING VARIABILITY TABLES FOR THE GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY (15+)

PRAIRIES

	י ראכבוזו אטב	;				•	ı				1				;
	<u> </u>	0.1%	1.0%	2.0%	_	70.07	15.0%	20.02	_	_	35.0%	40.0%	50.0%	70.0%	20.06
-		123.2	122.7	122.1	120.2	117.0	113.7	110.3	106.8	103.2	99.4	95.5	87.2	7	6
20 1		87.2	86.8	86.3		82.7	80.4	78.0	•	•	70.3	\sim	61.7	7	ς.
κ.		71.2	70.8	70.5	69.4	67.5	9.59	63.7	•	•	57.4	n	50.3	۶.	તં
3 1	*	****	61.3		60.1	58.5	56.8	55.1	•	•	49.7	\sim	43.6	m	÷
	*	****	54.9	54.6		52.3	50.8	49.3	•		44.5	N	39.0	0	니
SUPPRESS	* *	****	50.1	8.65	49.1	47.8	46.4	45.0	•		40.6	39.0	35.6	۲.	'n.
(Estimate too small a	* *	****	to.t	40.T		7.5	43.0	41.7	40.4		37.6	o i	33.0	25.5	14.7
		k	100	40.0	47.3	4. F	40.2	39.0	•	•	1.65	33.8	30.8	mi .	mi,
•		***	7.0			39.0	37.9	36.8	•	34.4	33.1	31.8	29.1	તં ,	'n.
07:		*****	38.8	38.6		37.0	36.0	34.9	• •	32.6	31.4	30.2	27.6	,.	તં.
T .		****	37.0	36.8		35.3	34.3	33.3	•	31.1	30.0	20.03	26.3	<i>.</i>	d,
77		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	100.4	25.6	7.4.	33.8	32.8	31.8	•	29.8	7.82	27.6	25.2	٠,	.i (
<u> </u>		******	0.4.0	25.7	5	7 35 4	31.5	50.0 0.0	•	28.6	57.6	26.5	24.2		<i>.</i>
† t		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	52.8	32.6	52.1	31.3	30.4	29.5		27.6	26.6	25.5	23.3	18.1	<i>.</i>
CT .		****	31.7	31.5	31.0	30.2	29.4	28.5	•	56.6	25.7	24.7	22.5	۲,	
		****	50.7	50.5		29.5	28.4	27.6	•	•	24.9	23.9	21.8	히	•
HIGHLIGHT 17		*****	29.8	59.6	29.1	28.4	27.6	26.7	•		24.1	23.5	21.1	•	•
(Use with caution) 18		*****	28.9	28.8	28.3	27.6	26.8	26.0			23.4	22.5	20.6	15.9	•
		*****	28.1	28.0		26.8	26.1	25.3	•		22.8	21.9	20.0	ĸ.	•
20		******	27.4	27.3	26.9	26.2	25.4	24.7			22.2	21.4	19.5	ī,	•
21		*****	26.8	26.6		25.5	24.8	24.1			21.7	20.8	19.0	4	•
22		******	26.2	26.0	_	24.9	24.5	23.5			21.2	20.4	18.6	4	
23		*****	25.6	25.5		24.4	23.7	23.0			20.7	19.9	18.2	14.1	•
24		*****	25.0	24.9	24.5	23.9	23.2	22.5			20.3	19.5	17.8	H	•
25		*****	24.5	24.4		23.4	22.7	22.1			19.9	19.1	17.4	, M	• •
30		******	22.4	22.3		21.4	20.8	20.1	19.5	18.8	18.2	17.4	15.9	12.3	
35		******	****	20.6	20.3	19.8	19.2	18.6			16.8	1.91	14.7	; ;	
40		******	****	19.3		18.5	18.0	17.4			15.7	, R	13.8		
45		*****	****	18.2	17.9	17.4	16.9	7.91			14.8	14.2	13.0		•
50		******	****	17.3	17.0	16.5	16.1	15.6			14.1	٠ ٣	10.6		
55		*****	****	16.5	16.9	15.8	15.3	14.9			14.6	0	8	•	•
9		*******	****	15.8	15.5	15.1	14.7	14.2			8 2	Š	7	1.4	•
65		*******	***	15.1	14.9	14.5	14.1	13.7			12.3		10.8		
70		******	*********	****	14.4	14.0	13.6	13.2	12.8		11.9	11.4	10.4	8.1	
75		*******	********	****	13.9	13.5	13.1	12.7			11.5	-	10.1		
80		******	**************	****		13.1	12.7	12.3			11.1	0	9.7		
85	**	******	**************	****		12.7	ų.	12.0			10.8	0	9.5	7.3	
06 6121		******	**************	****	12.7	12.3	ä	11.6			10.5	0	9.5		
		******	*********	****		12.0	11.7	11.3			10.2	9.6	8.9		
100		*****	*************	****	12.0	11.7	ij	11.0			6.6	9.6	8.7		
125		******	***************	****		10.5	。	6.6			8.9	8.5	7.8		
150	**	******	********	****	9.8	9.6	6	9.0	•		8.1	7.8	7.1		
200	**	******	**********	*******		8.3	•	7.8	•		7.0	6.9	6.2		
250	**	******	********	*	*****	7.4	7.2	7.0	6.9		6.3		5.5	4.3	
300	**	*****	*****	*	****	8.9		7.9			5.7				
350	*	*****	*****	*	*****	*	6.1	, r.	•		T.	, r	•		
400	*	*****	**********	*	****	****	•	r.	•		י ני		•	•	
450	**	*****	*************		******	: ** : **	•	i r	ה		7		•		•
500	*	*****	**********	*****	*****	*		0.4	•		4.4		, k	, k	
750	**	*****	*****	*****	****	*****	• *	****		, M	, k	, M	, 6	• -	
000									•	•					

1500	**************************************	1.0
2000	[6]	
3000	***************************************	0.7

NOTES:

- (1) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES (COEFFICIENTS OF VARIATION) ARE IN PERCENTS.
 (2) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF TOTALS, LOCATE
 THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE ESTIMATED TOTAL. THE LEFT-MOST COLUMN GIVES
 THE SAMPLING VARIABILITY.
 (3) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF PERCENTAGES,
 USE THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE NUMERATOR OF THE PERCENTAGE AND THE
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 (4) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES IN THIS TABLE ARE CRUDE INDICATORS AND IN
 GENERAL ARE HIGHER THAN THOSE THAT WOULD BE OBTAINED USING MORE
 EXACT TECHNIQUES. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES ARE THEY OFFICIAL.

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11

CRUDE SAMPLING VARIABILITY TABLES FOR THE GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY (15+)

BRITISH COLUMBIA

		ļ					- E	1,245	;						
	NUMERATOR OF PERCENTAGE						ESTIMATE	ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE	TAGE						
	(000.)	0.1%	1.0%	2.0%	5.0%	10.0%	15.0%	20.0%	25.0%	30.0%	35.0%	40.0%	50.0%	70.07	20.06
	-	156.1	155.4	4	152.2	148.2	144.0	139.7	135.3	130.7	125.9	121.0	110.4		4.64
	~	110.4	109.9	109.3	107.6	104.8	101.8	98.8	92.6	95.4	89.0	•	78.1	60.5	34.9
	м,	****	89.7	89.3		85.5	83.1	90.6	78.1	•	72.7	69.8	63.8		28.5
	3 L	****	7.7.	77.3		74.1	72.0	69.8	67.6	•	63.0	60.5	55.2		24.7
	n -4	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	6.49	1.60		66.5	\$ 6 5 0 6 0 7 0	62.5	60.5	•	56.3	54.1	4.64		22.1
	^	*****	58.7	58.4	57.5	יי אַנ היי אַנ	20.0	. v. c.	55.5	55.5 40.6	51.4 47.4	47.4	45.1	24.0	20.2
	- α	*****	54.9	54.7		52.4	50.0	40.4	47.B		7 7	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	70.0	i c	10.7
	0	*****	51.8	51.5		40.4	48.0	46.6	45.1		42.0	40,3	36.8	28.5	2 2
	10	*****	49.1	48.9		46.9	45.5	44.2	45.8		39.8	38.3	34.9		15.6
	11	******	46.9	46.6	45.9	44.7	43.4	45.1	40.8		38.0	36.5	33.3	'n	14.9
	12	****	44.9	44.6	43.9	45.8	41.6	40.3	39.0	•	36.3	34.9	131.9	4	14.3
	13	***	43.1	45.9	45.2	41.1	39.9	38.7	37.5	•	34.9	33.6	30.6	23.7	13.7
UPPRESS	5 11	****	41.5	41.3	40.7	39.6	38.5	37.3	36.1	34.9	33.7	32.3	29.5	က် (13.2
Estimate too small	CT 71	K X K X K X	- 0 - 0 - 0 - 1	7.0	0.6	18.5	3/.2	30.1	. t	٦.	52.5	31.2	28.5	22.1	12.8
to release)	9 [K X K X K X K X K X K X K X K X K X K X	20.0	30.7	36.1	0.75	26.0	, t	23.0		31.5	30.2	27.6	21.4	12.3
	۲ ج	****	7 7 7 7	26.75		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	24.4	25.0	0.75 2.15	7.10	50.5	27.5	8.02	20.7	12.0
	2 6	****	20.00 A RF	, m	700.7	7.4.4	23.7	7.76.1	7.1.7		. 62.	20.0	20.0	20.5	9.1.
	, ,	*****	2.05.0	6.66		34.6	33.0	32.0	20.02	0.00		0.7.0	20.0	9.6	11.5
	21	*****	33.0	33.7		102	31.4	7 C	200		27.6	7.73	24.7	17.1	0.11
	22	*****	33.1	33.0		31.6	30.7	29.8	28.8		26.8	25.8	, K	18.2	ה ה
	23	**********	****	32.5	31.7	30.9	30.0	29.1	28.2		26.3	25.2	23.0	17.8	70.2
	54	******	****	31.6		30.5	29.4	28.5	27.6		25.7	24.7	22.5	17.5	10.1
I GHL I GHT	25	*****	****	30.9		29.6	28.8	27.9	27.1	26.1	25.2	24.5	22.1	17.1	6.6
Jse with caution)	30	*****	****	28.5	27.8	27.1	26.3	25.5	24.7		23.0	22.1	20.2	lr.	9.0
	35	*****	****	26.1	25.7	25.0	24.3	23.6	22.9		21.3	20.4	18.7	4	8.3
	40	*****	****	24.4	24.1	23.4	22.8	22.1	21.4		19.9	19.1	17.5	13.5	7.8
	45	*****	****	23.0	22.7	22.1	21.5	8.02	20.5	19.5	18.8	18.0	16.5	ું	7.4
	20	*******	****	*****	21.5	21.0	20.4	19.8	19.1		17.8	17.1	15.6	12.1	7.0
	22	*********	****	****	20.5	20.0	19.4	18.8	18.2		17.0	16.3	14.9	i.	6.7
	09	********	****	****	19.7	19.1	18.6	18.0	17.5	16.9	16.3	15.6	14.3	11.0	4.9
	65	*******	* * * * *	***	18.9	18.4	17.9	17.3	16.8	16.2	15.6	15.0	13.7	10.6	6.1
	₹ 5	****	***	***	18.5	17.7	2.7.5);e	7 7 7	•	15.0	14.5	13.2	10.2	יט פינ
	٥ ج د	*************************	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	17.0	1.11	16.0	1.01	15.0	1.61	14.5	14.0 14.0	12.8	٠. ٥ ٠. ٥	Д
	8 2	*****	****	****	16.5	16.1	15.6	15.2	14.7		13.7	13.1	12.0	, 6 W	4.
	96	*******	****	****	16.0	15.6	15.2	14.7	14.3	13.8	13.3	12.8	11.6	9.0	•
	95	*****	****	****	15.6	15.2	14.8	14.3	13.9	13.4	•	12.4	11.3	8.8 8.8	5.1
	001	*********	***	***	15.2	14.8	14.4	÷ ,	13.5	13.1	12.6	12.1	11.0	1 0	•
	621	***************************************	***	***	* * * * * *		12.9		1.21	11. '	; ,	p. 0	•		•
	150	*********************	****	****	***	15.1	8.11	41.4	0.11	10.7	20.5	, .	•	o :	•
	200	*****	***	****	****	10.5	.	•	9.6	•	•	9.0	•	6.0	3.5
	250	*****	****	****	*****	***	•	•	•	9.3	•	7.7	•	5.4	
	300	*******************************	***	****	****		8.3	e 1	7.8	7.5	 	7.0	•	6.9	2.9
QUALIFIED	350	**********	****	* * * * *	*****	****	***		•	•	•	6.5	•	9.6	٠.
1	400	*****	****	****	******	*******	***	•	6.8	6.5	•	•	٠	•	2.5
1	450	********	****	****	*************************************	***	***	9.9	4.6	9	υ ο .	5.7	5.5	9 1	
	200	************	****	****	****	****	0.0	***	6.0	5.8	5.6	٠	٠	3.8	•
	750	******	*****	*****	******	*****	******	******	******	****	4.6	4.4	4.0	3.1	1.8
	1000	******	*****	*****	******	******	***************************************	*******	******	******	******	*****	3.5	2.7	1.6

2.2	****
*************************************	**************************************

NOTES:

- (1) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES (COEFFICIENTS OF VARIATION) ARE IN PERCENTS.
 (2) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF TOTALS, LOCATE
 THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE ESTIMATED TOTAL. THE LEFT-MOST COLUMN GIVES
 THE SAMPLING VARIABILITY.
 (3) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF PERCENTAGES,
 USE THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE NUMERATOR OF THE PERCENTAGE AND THE
 COLUMN CLOSEST TO THE PERCENTAGE.
 (4) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES IN THIS TABLE ARE CRUDE INDICATORS AND IN
 GENERAL ARE HIGHER THAN THOSE THAT WOULD BE OBTAINED USING MORE
 EXACT TECHNIQUES. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES ARE THEY OFFICIAL.

PART II CRUDE SAMPLING VARIABILITY TABLES FOR POPULATION 55 YEARS OF AGE AND OLDER

CRUDE SAMPLING VARIABILITY TABLES FOR THE GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY (55+)

CANADA

NOME	NUMERATOR OF	ı.					ESTIMATE	ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE	rage						
	(,000)	0.1%	1.0%	2.0%	5.0%	10.0%	15.0%	20.0%	25.0%	30.0%	35.0%	40.0%	50.02	70.07	20.06
	-	156.6	155.9	155.1	152.7	148.6	144.4	140.1	135.7	ניוצו	126 3			a a	9
	8	110.7		109.7	108.0	3	102.1	99.1	95.9	92.7	89.3	3 2	78.3	60.0	35.0
	٣	90.4	90.0	89.5	88.2	85.8	83.4	80.9	78.3	75.7	72.9			40.1	180
	ţ	78.3		77.5	4.92	74.3	72.2	70.1	67.8	65.5	63.2			42.9	24.8
	Ŋ	****		69.4	68.3	66.5	9.59	62.7	60.7	58.6	56.5			38.4	22.2
	9	****		63.3	62.3	60.7	59.0	57.2	55.4	53.5	51.6			35.0	20.2
	۲ ،	****	58.9	58.6	57.7	56.2	54.6	53.0	51.3	49.5	47.7			32.4	18.7
	ω σ	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	55.1	54.8	54.0	52.5	51.1	49.5	48.0	46.3	44.7	42.9	39.5	30.3	17.5
	۲ -	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	70.00	7.10	7.00 F.04	44.0	48.1	40.7	4.00	43.7	42.1			28.6	16.5
	2 =	****	47.3	6,44	40.5	0.44	42.7	44.0	42.4	4. L	2.4.4			27.1	15.7
	12	*****	45.0	44.0	44.1	6.7	41.7	40.5	4 0	17.50	36.1 7.5.1			. c2 - d	74.4
	13	*****	43.2	43.0	45.4	41.2	40.1	38.9	37.6	36.4	35.0		30.7	23.8	13.7
SUPPRESS	14	*****	41.7	41.5	40.8	39.7	38.6	37.5	36.3	35.0	33.8			22.9	13.2
(Estimate too small	15	****	40.5	40.0	39.4	38.4	37.3	36.2	35.0	33.8	32.6	31.3	-	25.2	12.8
to release)	9 !	****	39.0	38.8	38.2	37.2	36.1	35.0	33.9	32.8	31.6		27.7	21.5	12.4
(acmana) an	71	****	37.8	37.6	37.0	36.0	35.0	34.0	32.9	31.8	30.6			20.8	12.0
	9 0	***	7.00 A 75.	35.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00	5 K	0.66 L 45	24.0	33.0	32.0	50.5 F. 05	8 6		_	20.2	11.7
	, ,	****	20.0	20.00	0.65 1.45	44.1	1:62	77.7	1.15	7 P	20.00			7.67	1 . t
	21	*****	34.0	33.8	33.3	39.4	31.5	30.6	20.0	28.5	27.6	24.13	24.0	19.5	7 . T
	22	*****	33.2	33.1	32.6	31.7	30.8	29.9	28.9	27.9	6.43			18.	9.01
	23	******	32.5	32.3	31.8	31.0	30.1	29.5	28.3	27.3	26.3			17.9	10.3
	54	*****	31.8	31.7	31.2	30.3	29.5	28.6	27.7	26.8	25.8			17.5	10.1
11GHL IGHT	25	*****	31.2	31.0	30.5	29.7	28.9	28.0	27.1	26.2	25.3	24.3		17.2	6.6
(Use with caution)	30	******	28.5	28.3	27.9	27.1	56.4	55.6	8.43	23.9	23.1	25.2		15.4	9.0
	35	****	26.3	26.2	25.8	25.1	24.4	23.7	22.9	25.2	21.4	20.5		14.5	9.6
	5 r	****	24.6	24.5	24.1	23.5	22.8	22.2	21.5	20.7	20.0	19.2		13.6	7.8
		********	23.52	23.1	877	25.2	21.5	20.9	20.5	19.5	18.8	18.1	ان	12.8	7.4
	0 H	***************************************	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	20.0	9.17	0.12	10.4	19.0 19.0	7.6T	18.5	17.9	77:57		12.1	0 1
	609	******	***	20.0	19.7	20.0	18.6	18.1	17.5	_ ° %	14:0	10.1	; d	0.11	4
	65	*****	****	19.2	18.9	18.4	17.9	17.4	16.8	1,6	15.7	15.1	·	10.	† - • •
	70	******	*****	18.5	18.3	17.8	17.3	16.7	16.2	15.7	15.1	14.5	'n	10.3	. 6
	75	******	*****	17.9	17.6	17.2	16.7	16.2	15.7	Ŋ	14.6	14.0	12.8	6.6	5.7
	80	*****	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	17.3	17.1	9.97	16.1	15.7	15.2	14.7	14.1	13.6	તં	9.6	•
	88	************	*****	24.0	9-24	16.1	15.7	7. c1	7.4.	7.5	13.7	13.2		6, 6 6, 6	•
	8	*****	***	15.9	15.7		14.5	14.0	0 1	7 7	14.0	10.0 10.0	11.4	. «	
	100	**************************************	*****	****	12		14.4	14.0	13.6		12.6	12.7		9	
•	125	****************	*****	****	13.7	13.3	12.9	12.5	12.1		11.3	10.9	6.6	7.7	
•	150	**********	******	*****	12.5	12.1	11.8	11.4	11.1	ö	10.3	6.6			•
~	200	***************	*****	****	10.8	10.5	10.2	6.6	9.6	•	8.9	9.8			•
~	250	***************	*****	*****	****	•	9.1	8.9	8.6	8.3	8.0	7.7		-	3.1
,	300	**********	*****	*****	****	٠.	8.3	8.1	7.8	•	7.3	7.0	•		•
NOUAL I FIED	350	************	****		****	7.9	7.7	7.5	7.3	•	6.8	6.5	•		•
1	400	*******	****		****	7.4	7.5	7.0	6.8	•	6.3	6.1	5.5	4.3	2.5
ı	450	ネボボボボボボボボボボボボボボボボボボボボボボボボボボボボボボボボボボボボ	***		9.9 0.7 *******	7.0	6 .8	9.9	4.9	•	6.0	•	•	•	•
un, i	200	*****************	***	****	***	**	6.5	e . 9	6.1	5.9	5.6	5.4	•	•	•
	750	*****************	****		***	***	***	5.1	5.0	4. 80	9.4	4.4	0.4	3.1	1.8
n T	1000	****************	*****		******	****	***************************************	****	4.3	4.1	4.0	3.8	•	•	1.6

1.1									
2.2 1.9 1.6 *****									
2.5 2.5 ****									

######################################									
**************************************		0000000	0000000	0000000	000000	0000000	0000000	0000000	0000000
0.5 2.9 3.1 2.9 3.1 2.9 3.1 2.9 3.1 3.1 3.1 2.9 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1		(1) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES (COEFFICIENTS OF VARIATION) ARE IN PERCENTS, 0000000	Z) IO DETEKMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FUR ESTIMATES UF TOTALS, LUCATE DOUDDOU THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE ESTIMATED TOTAL. THE LEFT-MOST COLUMN GIVES 0000000	THE SAMPLING VARIABILITY.	ARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF PERCENTAGES,	USE THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE NUMERATOR OF THE PERCENTAGE AND THE COLUMN CLOSEST TO THE PERCENTAGE.	IN THIS TABLE ARE CRUDE INDICATORS AND IN		EXACT TECHNIQUES. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES ARE THEY OFFICIAL.
1500 2000 3000 4000	NOTES:	U 3	ž		∵ ∵		ت		

CRUDE SAMPLING VARIABILITY TABLES FOR THE GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY (55+)

NEWFOUNDLAND

An 1945	NIMEDATOD OF	ji,					N=210 ESTIMATED DEDCENTAGE	DEDCEN.	10 A T						
PER	PERCENTAGE	<u>_</u>				_		ברעררו	- AGL						
	(000.)	0.1%	1.0%	2.0%	5.0%	10.0%	15.0%	20.02	25.0%	30.0%	35.0%	40.0%	50.0%	70.07	20.06
SSEGGIS	-	*****	****	84.2	82.9	80.7	78.5	76.1	73.7	71.2	68.6	62.9	60.2	46.6	56.9
SCHALOS	۵	********	*****	****	58.7	57.1	55.5	53.8	52.1	50.3	48.5	46.6	45.5	33.0	19.0
(Estimate too small	m	*******	******	****	47.9	9.95	45.3	43.9	45.5	41.1	39.6	38.1	34.7	56.9	15.5
to release)	4	******	*****	****	41.5	40.4	39.5	38.1	36.8	35.6	34.3	3	30.1	23.3	13.5
	Ŋ	******	*******	********	****	36.1	35.1	34.0	33.0	31.8	30.7	29.5	26.9	20.8	12.0
	9	*****************	*****	*****	***	33.0	32.0	31.1	30.1	29.1	28.0	26.9	24.6	19.0	11.0
	7	************	******	*****	****	30.5	29.7	28.8	27.9	26.9	25.9	24.9	22.7	17.6	10.2
	80	******	******	******	****	28.5	27.7	26.9	26.1	25.2	24.3	23.3	21.3	16.5	9.5
	٥	*******	*****	*****	************	****	26.2	25.4	9.42	23.7	22.9	22.0	20.1	15.5	0.6
	10	******	******	*****	*******	****	24.8	24.1	23.3	22.5	21.7	20.8	19.0	14.7	8.5
	11	**************	*******	*****	******	****	23.7	22.9	25.2	21.5	20.7	19.9	18.1	14.1	8.1
HIGHLIGHT	12	*******	*******	*****	*******	****	22.6	22.0	21.3	20.6	19.8	19.0	17.4	13.5	7.8
(10 j 41 100 44 jon 00117	13	*******	******		*******	****	21.8	21.1	20.4	19.7	19.0	18.3	16.7	12.9	•
(Ose With caution)	14	******	*******		****************	*****	****	20.3	19.7	19.0	18.3	17.6	1.91	12.5	7.2
	15	******************	******	*****	******	*****	****	19.7	19.0	18.4	17.7	17.0	15.5	12.0	6.9
	16	***********	*****		***********	*****	*****	19.0	18.4	17.8	17.2	16.5	15.0	11.7	6.7
	17	*******************	********	*****	******	*****	****	18.5	17.9	17.3	16.6	16.0	14.6	11.3	6.5
	18	***********************	********	*****	******	*****	******	*****	17.4	16.8	16.2	15.5	14.2	11.0	6.3
	19	**********************	*******	*****	******	*****	******	*****	16.9	16.3	15.7	15.1	13.8	10.7	6.2
	20	*******	*******	*****	******	*****	********************	*****	16.5	15.9	15.3	14.7	13.5	10.4	6.0
	21	*********************	*****	*****	*****	****	*****	****	16.1	15.5	15.0	14.4	13.1	10.2	5.9
	22	************************	******	*****	*****	*****	******	******	****	15.2	14.6	14.1	12.8	6.6	5.7
	23	*********************	********	*****	******	****	******	*****	****	14.8	14.3		12.5	6.7	5.6
	54	*******	******	*****	*****	*****	***********************	*****	****	14.5	14.0	13.5	12.3	9.5	5.5
	25	*************************	******	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	****	14.2	13.7	13.2	12.0	9.3	5.4
	30	****************************	*****	*****	******	******	******	******	*****	*****	12.5	12.0	11.0	8.5	•
	35	***************************************	*****	*****	******	*****	******	*****	*****	*****	****	11.1	10.2	7.9	•
	40	******	*****	*****	******	****	******	******	*****	******	***************************************	****	9.5	7.4	4.3
	45	**************************************	*******	*****	*****	*****	*****	******	******	******	*****	******	*****	6.9	4.0
	20	**************************************	********	******	******	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	******	*****	9.9	3.8
	55	**************************************	*******	*****	******	*****	*****	******	*****	*****	*****	*****	****	6.3	3.6
	09	******	******	*****	******	*****	*****	******	*****	*****	***************************************	*****	****	6.0	3.5
	65	******	*****	*****	******	*****	*****	******	*****	*****	***************************************	*****	*****	*****	3.3
UNQUALIFIED	70	******	*******	******	******	******	*****	*****	******	*****	***************************************	*****	*****	*****	3.5
	75	*******	*******	*****	*******	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	**************************************	*****	*****	*****	3.1
NOTES:	3:														

5	(1) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES (COEFFICIENTS OF VARIATION) ARE IN PERCENTS. 0000000	0
(2)	(2) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF TOTALS, LOCATE 0000000	0
	THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE ESTIMATED TOTAL. THE LEFT-MOST COLUMN GIVES 0000000	2
	THE SAMPLING VARIABILITY. 0000000	0
(3)	(3) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF PERCENTAGES, 0000000	0
	THE THE DAME OF THE MIMEDATOR OF THE DEDCENTAGE AND THE	<u></u>

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USE THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE NUMERATOR OF THE PERCENTAGE AND THE COLUMN CLOSEST TO THE PERCENTAGE.

(4) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES IN THIS TABLE ARE CRUDE INDICATORS AND IN GENERAL ARE HIGHER THAN THOSE THAT WOULD BE OBTAINED USING MORE EXACT TECHNIQUES. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES ARE THEY OFFICIAL.

CRUDE SAMPLING VARIABILITY TABLES FOR THE GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY (55+)

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND

NCHE	NUMERATOR OF					ш	N=128 ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE	= 128) PERCEN	TAGE						
SUPPRESS	PERCENIAGE	0.1%	1.0%	2.0%	5.0%	10.0%	15.0%	20.0%	25.0%	30.02	35.0%	40.0%	50.0%	70.07	90.0%
(Estimate too small	_	******	****	***	69.7	67.8	62.9	64.0	61.9	59.8	57.7	55.4	50.6	39.2	22.6
to re[ease)	~	*************	*******	********	****	48.0	9.95	45.2	43.8	42.3	40.8	39.5	35.8	27.7	16.0
	*	************	******	******	******	****	38.1	36.9	35.8	34.5	33.3	32.0	29.5	22.6	13.1
	*	***************	******	******	******	*****************	****	32.0	31.0	29.9	28.8	27.7	25.3	19.6	11.3
HIGHLIGHT	ιυ *	*************	*****	******	******	*********************	*****	****	27.7	26.8	25.8	24.8	22.6	17.5	10.1
(lice with court.	* •	*************	******	******	******	**********************	*****	****	25.3	24.4	23.5	22.6	20.6	16.0	9.5
מפפ אורוו כפתרוסט)	*	***************************************	******	******	******	*****	*****	*****	****	22.6	21.8	20.9	19.1	14.8	8.5
	* •	****************************	*****	******	*****	*****	*****	******	******	*****	20.4	19.6	17.9	13.8	8.0
	*	************************************	*****	******	*****	*****	*****	******	*******	*******	****	18.5	16.9	13.1	7.5
	er er	**************************************	******	******	*****	*****	*****	*****	******	******	******	*****	16.0	12.4	7.2
	11 *	**************************************	*****	******	*****	*****	*****	******	******	******	******	****	15.2	11.8	6.8
	12 *	*******************************	******	******	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	******	******	*****	14.6	11.3	6.5
UNGUAL I FIED	13 *	**************************************	******	******	****	*****	*****	*****	******	******	******	*******	*****	10.9	6.3
	14	**************	******	******	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	***************************************	*******	*******	*****	10.5	6.0
	15 *	***************************************	*****	******	*****	*****	*****	******	******	******	*******	*******	*****	10.1	5.8
	¥ 91	**************************************	******	******	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	******	*******	****	9.8	5.7
	17 *	****************	******	******	******	*****	*****	******	******	***************************************	******	******	****	9.5	5.5
	18	***************************************	*****	******	*****	*****	*****	******	******	******	*****	******	******	****	5.3
	* 61	****************	*****	******	*****	*****	*****	*****	******	******	******	*******	**************************************	****	5.2
	* 02	**************	*****	******	*****	*****	*****	******	******	******	******	*******	***************************************	*****	5.1
	21 *	***************************************	*****	******	*****	*****	*****	******	******	*******	******	*******	*******	*****	4.9
	* 22	**************************************	*****	*****	******	*****	*****	*****	*****	******	******	******	*****	****	4.8

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3	(1) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES (COEFFICIENTS OF VARIATION) ARE IN PERCENTS. 0000000	0000000
(2)	(2) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTINATES OF TOTALS, LOCATE 0000000	0000000
	THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE ESTIMATED TOTAL. THE LEFT-MOST COLUMN GIVES 0000000	0000000
	THE SAMPLING VARIABILITY.	0000000
(3)	(3) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF PERCENTAGES,	0000000
	USE THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE NUMERATOR OF THE PERCENTAGE AND THE	0000000
	COLUMN CLOSEST TO THE PERCENTAGE.	0000000
(4)	(4) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES IN THIS TABLE ARE CRUDE INDICATORS AND IN	0000000
	GENERAL ARE HIGHER THAN THOSE THAT WOULD BE OBTAINED USING MORE	0000000
	EXACT TECHNIQUES. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES ARE THEY OFFICIAL.	0000000

⁽³⁾ TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF PERCENTAGES, USE THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE NUMERATOR OF THE PERCENTAGE AND THE COLUMN CLOSEST TO THE PERCENTAGE.

(4) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES IN THIS TABLE ARE CRUDE INDICATORS AND IN GENERAL ARE HIGHER THAN THOSE THAT WOULD BE OBTAINED USING MORE EXACT TECHNIQUES. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES ARE THEY OFFICIAL.

CRUDE SAMPLING VARIABILITY TABLES FOR THE GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY (55+)

NOVA SCOTIA

ATOR O	¥.					ESTIMATE	D PERCEN	ITAGE						
(,000)	0.1%	1.0%	2.0%	5.0%	10.0%	15.0%	20.0%	25.0%	30.0%	35.0%	40.0%	50.0%	70.07	90.0%
-	*****	85.4	85.0	m.	81.4	79.2	76.8	74.3	71.8		66.5	60.7		27.1
ผ	*****	*****	60.1	59.5	57.6	56.0	54.3	52.6	50.8		47.0	45.9		19.2
m	*****	****	49.1	48.3		45.7	44.3	42.9	41.5		38.4	35.0	1.	15.7
4	*****	*****	****	41.8	40.7	39.6	38.4	37.2	35.9	34.6	33.2	30.4		13.6
r,	*****	*****	****	37.4	36.4	35.4	34.3	33.2	32.1	31.0	29.7	27.1	21.0	તં
9	*****	****	****	34.2	33.2	32.3	31.3	30.4	29.3		27.1	24.8	19.2	11.1
7	*****	*****	****	31.6	30.8	29.9	29.0	28.1	7		25.1	22.9	17.8	10.3
۵	*****	*****	*****	29.6	28.8	28.0	27.1	26.3	25.4	24.5	23.5	21.5	16.6	9.6
٥	*****	******	*****	*****	27.1	26.4	25.6	24.8	23.9	23.1	22.2	20.2	15.7	0
10	******	******	******	*****	25.8	25.0	24.3	23.5	22.7	21.9	21.0	19.5	14.9	9.6
11	*****	******	*****	*****	24.6	23.9	23.5	22.4	21.7	20.9	20.1	18.3	4.	8.2
12	*****	******	******	*****	23.5	22.8	22.2	21.5	20.7	20.0	19.2	17.5	m.	7.8
13	*****	******	******	*****	22.6	22.0	21.3	20.6	19.9	19.2	18.4	16.8	13.0	7.5
14	*****	******	******	****	÷	21.2	20.5	19.9	19.2	18.5	17.8	16.2	12.6	•
15	******	******	******	****	H	20.4	19.8	19.2	18.5	17.9	17.2	Ŋ.	ું.	•
16	******	******	******	****	20.4	19.8	19.2	18.6	18.0	17.3	16.6	15.2		
17	*******	******	*****	****	19.8	19.2	18.6	18.0	17.4	16.8	16.1	14.7		
18	******	******	******	******	****	18.7	18.1	17.5	16.9	16.3	15.7	14.3		
19	*******	******	*****	******	****	18.2	17.6	17.1	16.5	15.9	15.3	13.9		•
20	*******	******	*****	*****	****	17.7	17.2	16.6	16.1	15.5	14.9	13.6		
21	******	******	******	******	****	17.3	16.8	16.2	15.7	15.1	4	13.2		
22	*******	*******		******	****	ဖ	16.4	15.9	15.3	14.8	14.2	12.9		
23	******	******		*****	****	16.5	16.0	15.5	15.0	14.4	13.9			
54	*******	******	*******	*****	****	16.2	B	15.2	14.7	14.1	13.6	ં		5
25	******	*******	*****	******	****	15.8	15.4	14.9	14.4	13.8	m	ູ່		
30	******	*******	*******	*****	*****	*****	14.0	13.6	13.1	12.6	,			
35	******	*******	*******	******	******	******	*****	12.6	12.1	11.7	-			9.4
40	******	******	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	11.8	11.4	10.9	ö		•	
45	*******	*******	****	*****	*****	*****	******	****	10.7	10.3	6.6	•	•	_
20	******	******	****	****	******	*****	******	*****	10.2	•	9.4	•	9.9	
55	*****	******	****	*****	~******	*****	*****	*****	****	•	9.0	•	•	3.7
9	*****	*****	****	******	******	*****	*****	*****	****	8.9	9.6	•	•	3.5
65	*****	^*****	****	***	****	****	****	******	****	****	8.2	•		•
0/	·****	^*****	****	***	***	****	*****	******	*****	****	****	•		•
75	~**** *	~******	****	******	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	****	****	7.0		
8	******	******	*****	*****	*****	*****	****	*****	*****	*****	****	6.8		3.0
85	****	******	*****	******	*****	*****	*****	******	*****	******	*****	9.9	•	
06	*****	*****	****	******	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	******	*****	•	•
95	*****	*****	****	******	*****	*****	******	******	*****	****	******	*****	4.8	•
00	******	******	****	****	******	*****	*****	******	*****	*****	******	*****	4.7	2.7
25 50	*******	*****	*****	****	****	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	****	***	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	****	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	9.6
) }														•
NOTES:														
	2 CENTAGE 3 CENTAGE 4 CENTAGE 5 CENTAGE 6 CENTAGE 11	1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100	1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100	1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100	1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100	1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100	1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100	1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100	1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100	1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100	1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100	1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100	1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100	STATE STAT

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⁽¹⁾ SAMPLING VARIABILITIES (COEFFICIENTS OF VARIATION) ARE IN PERCENTS. 0000000 (2) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF TOTALS, LOCATE 0000000 THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE ESTIMATED TOTAL. THE LEFT-MOST COLUMN GIVES 0000000 THE SAMPLING VARIABILITY. 0000000 (3) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF PERCENTAGES, 0000000 USE THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE NUMERATOR OF THE PERCENTAGE AND THE 0000000

CRUDE SAMPLING VARIABILITY TABLES FOR THE GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY (55+)

NEW BRUNSWICK

	NIMEDATOR OF	11				-	NE 323	N= 323 FSTIMATEN PEDCENTAGE	7.A.C.F						
PER	PERCENTAGE					•		Luce	1						
•	(000.)	0.1%	1.0%	2.0%	5.0%	10.0%	15.0%	20.0%	25.0%	30.0%	35.0%	40.0%	50.0%	70.07	20.06
SUPPRESS	-	****	73.3	73.0	71.8	6.69	68.0	62.9	63.8	61.7	59.4	57.1	52.1	40.4	23.3
(Estimate to cmal)	7	**********	****	51.6	50.8	46.4	48.1		45.1	43.6	42.0	40.4		28.5	16.5
לבארוווומרפ נסס אוומרנ	m	********	****	****	41.5	40.4	39.2	38.1	36.9	35.6	34.3	33.0	30.1	23.3	13.5
to release)	4	*******	******	****	35.9	35.0	34.0	33.0	31.9	30.8	29.7	28.5	26.1		11.7
	5	*********	*****	****	32.1	31.3	30.4	29.5	28.5	27.6	26.6	ĸ.	23.3	18.1	10.4
	9	*******	*****	****	29.3	28.5	27.7	26.9	26.1	25.2	24.3	23.3	21.3	16.5	9.5
	7	************	*****	******	****	26.4	25.7	24.9	24.1	23.3	22.5	21.6		15.3	8.8
	89	*******	******	******	****	24.7	24.0	23.3	22.6	21.8	21.0	20.2	18.4	14.3	8.2
	0	*******	*****	******	****	23.3	22.7	ς.	21.3	20.6	19.8	19.0	17.4	13.5	7.8
	10	************	*****	******	****	22.1	21.5	20.8	20.5	19.5	18.8	18.1	16.5	12.8	7.4
	11	************	*****	******	****	21.1	20.5	19.9	19.5	18.6	17.9	17.2	15.7	12.2	7.0
HIGHLIGHI	12	********************	*****	******	****	20.5	19.6		18.4	17.8	17.2	16.5	15.0	11.7	6.7
(Use with caution)	13	**************	*****	******	****	19.4	18.8		17.7	•	16.5	6	4	11.2	6.5
	14	*****************	*****	*****	*****	****	18.2		17.1	4	1 15.9	ت	m.	10.8	6.2
	15	****************	*****	******	******	****	\sim	7	16.5	15.9	5	14.7	'n	10.4	6.0
	16	******	****	*****	*******	****	17.0	16.5	16.0	15.4	14.9	14.3	13.0	10.1	5.8
	17	*******************	*****	******	*****	****	16.5	16.0	15.5	15.0	14.4	13.8	12.6	9.8	5.7
	18	****************	*****	******	*****	****	16.0	15.5	15.0	14.5	14.0	13.5	12.3	9.5	5.5
	19	*************************	*****	******	*****	****	15.6	15.1	14.6	14.1	13.6	m	•	9.3	5.3
	20	*******************	*****	******	*****	*******	*****	14.7	14.3	13.8	m.	ું.	11.7	9.0	5.5
	21	******	*****	******	*****************	*******	*****	14.4	13.9	13.5	13.0	ပ်	•	8.8	5.1
	22	******	****	*****	***************	*****	*****	•	13.6	13.1	12.7	જં	11.1	9.8	5.0
	53	*******************	*****	*****	******	*******	****	13.7	13.3	12.9	12.4	•	•	9.4	4.9
	24	*******************	*****	******	*****	*******	*****	13.5	13.0	12.6	12.1	11.7	10.6	8.2	4.8
	25	******************	****	******	******	*******	****	13.2	12.8	12.3	11.9	11.4	10.4	8.1	4.7
	30	**********************	*****	*****	*****	******	*******	****	11.7	11.3	10.9	10.4	9.5	7.4	4.3
	35	***************************************	****	******	*****	******	*******	*******	****	10.4	10.0	6.7	•	6.8	3.9
	40	***************************	*****	******	*****	*******	******	******	******	****	9.4	9.0	8.2	4.9	3.7
	45	**************************************	****	******	*****	*******	*******	******	*****	****	8.9	8.5	7.8	6.0	3.5
	50	**************************************	******	*****	*****	******	******	******	*****	*****	****	8.1	7.4	5.7	м. М
	55	**************************************	*****	******	*****	******	*****	*****	*****	****	****	****	7.0	5.4	3.1
	09	*******	******	******	*****	******	*****	*****	*****	*****	***************************************	****	6.7	5.2	3.0
UNQUALIFIED	65	**************************************	*****	******	*****	*******	******	******	******	*****	*****	****	6.5	5.0	5.9
	20	**************************************	*****	******	*****	*******	******	******	******	******	*****	******	*****	•	2.8
	75	******	*****	******	*****	*******	******	******	******	******	*******************************	*****	*****	4.7	2.7
	80	*******	*****		*****	*****	*****	******	*****	*****	***************************************	******	*****	4.5	5.6
	85	******	*****	******	*****	******	*****	******	******	******	**************************************	*****	****	4.4	2.5
	90	**************************************	*****	*****	******	*******	******	******	******	******	*****	******	*****	4.3	2.5
1	95	**************************************	*****	******	*****	******	******	******	******	******	******	*****	******	*****	2.4
	100	******	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	****	****	**************************************	*****	*****	*****	2.3
				,											
NOTES:	:8:														

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⁽¹⁾ SAMPLING VARIABILITIES (COEFFICIENTS OF VARIATION) ARE IN PERCENTS. 0000000 (2) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF TOTALS, LOCATE 0000000 THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE ESTIMATED TOTAL. THE LEFT-MOST COLUMN GIVES 0000000 THE SAMPLING VARIABILITY.

(3) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF PERCENTAGES, 0000000 USE THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE NUMERATOR OF THE PERCENTAGE AND THE 00000000 COLUMN CLOSEST TO THE PERCENTAGE.

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CRUDE SAMPLING VARIABILITY TABLES FOR THE GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY (55+)

ATLANTIC PROVINCES

NUMER PERC	NUMERATOR OF PERCENTAGE	ш					ESTIMATED	ED PERCENTAGE	TAGE						
ij	(000.)	0.1%	1.0%	2.0%	5.0%	10.0%	15.0%	20.0%	25.0%	30.0%	35.0%	40.0%	50.0%	70.0%	20.06
SUPPRESS	-	****	81.3	80.9	7.67	77.5	75.3	7.8.1	20 8	48.4	9	1 17	7.0	a	9 36
(Estimate too small	۰ م	*****	57.5	57.2	56.3	54.8	53.3	51.7	50.0			44.8		1	18.3
to refease)	М	*****	46.9	46.7			43.5	42.2	40.9			36.5			
	4	*****	40.7	40.5			37.7	36.5	Ŗ	34.2		31.7			ູ້
	5	******	****	36.2		34.7		32.7	31.7			28.3	25.8	9	11.6
	9	*****	*****	33.0	32.5	Li	30.8	29.8	28.9	27.9		•	23.6		10.6
	7	******	*****	30.6		29.3	28.5	27.6	9	25.8	4	23.9	21.8		9.8
	æ	******	*****	58.6	28.5	7	26.6	25.8	25.0	24.5		•	20.4	۲.	9.1
	6	*******	******	****	26.6	25.8	25.1	24.4	23.6	25.8	22.0	21.1	19.3		
	10	********	******	****	25.2	4	23.8	23.1	ä	Ä	-	•	е Э	•	•
HIGHLIGHT	11	**************	****	****	24.0	'n	22.7	22.0	•	50.6	6.	19.1	17.4	m.	7.8
(noithe with	12	********	****	****	23.0	22.4		21.1	•	6	19.0		16.7	જં	•
לפס אונון כפתרוסון	13	*******	*****	****	22.1	<u>.</u>		20.3	•	19.0	œ.	17.6	9	12.4	•
	ታ ! ተ !	********	***	* : * : * :	21.3	20.7		19.5	18.9	18.3	:	او	15.4	လံ	•
	۲ ;	**********	****	****	50.6	;		18.9	•	17.7	۲.	16.3	14.9	11.6	•
	9 !	***************	****	***	Ġ,	19.4		18.3		17.1	•	ų.	14.4	Ä	•
	17	*******	*****	****	19.3			17.7	7	16.6	•	5	÷		•
	18	*******	*****	****	•	œ.		17.2	ان	9	Ŋ.	•	13.6	10.6	6.1
	19	********	*****	****	18.3	17.8		16.8			r.	4	'n	6	•
	50	********	*****	****	17.8	•	16.8] 16.3	Ŗ.	15.3	4	4	'n	。	•
	21	*******	*****		****	16.9	•	•	Ŋ.	14.9	4	M	ູ້	•	•
	22	******	****		*****	•1	•	15.6	ų.	14.6	÷	•	12.3	•	•
	23	********	*****		*****	٠	ı.	5	4	14.3	m.	'n	ູ	9.3	•
	54	***************	******		******	15.8	'n	•		14.0	ņ	12.9	11.8	•	•
	25	********	*****		*******	•	ທ່	4	4	13.7		'n	11.6	٠	•
	30	********	******		******	•		13.3	12.9	12.5	12.0	11.6	10.6	8.2	•
	35	*******	*****		*******	•	ä	'n	•	11.6		•	9.8	•	•
	40	********	*****		******	12.3	÷.	Ä	•	10.8	•	•	9.1	7.1	•
	45	********	*****		************	****	11.2		•	10.2	٠.	•	8.6	6.7	
	50	********	******		*************	*****	•	10.3	•	4.4	•	•	8.2	6.3	
	55	***************	******		************	*****	10.2		•	9.5	•		7.8	•	
	09	********	*****		******	****	6.7	9.6	9.1	8.8	8.5	8.5	7.5	•	3.3
ONWOAL I FIED	65	*******	*****		***********	*****	****	9.1	•	8.5	•	•	7.2	•	
	2	*******	*****		***********	******	****	٠	8.5	8.2	•	7.6	•	5.3	•
	75	*******	~*****		**********	*****	****	•	٠	7.9	•	7.3	٠	•	•
	80	*******	-******** *		************	*****	****	8.2	•	7.6	٠	7.1	•	٠	
	85	********	*****		*************	*****	*****	*****	7.7	7.4	•	6.9	•	4.9	
	8	*******	*****		********************	*****	*****	*****	•	7.2	•	•	•	•	•
I	95	********	*****		************	*****	*****	****	7.3	•	٠	6.5	5.9	•	
ri	100	*******	*****		*****************	******	******	*****	7.1	6.8	•	٠	5.8	4.5	•
r	125	********	******		****	*****	*****	******************	****	6.1	5.9	5.7	5.5	•	•
ri	20	***************	*******		******	******	*****	************************	*****	*****	****	5.5	•	3.7	
2	200	***********	******		*****	*****	*****	**************************************	*****	******	*****	****	4.1	3.5	1.8
તાં	250	*******	*******		*****	*****	*****	**************************	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	8.8	1.6
'n m	300	*********************	*******		*****	******	****	在这种,我们就是这种的人,我们就是这种,我们就是这种,我们就是这种,我们就是这种,我们就是这种,我们就是这种,我们就是这种,我们就是这种,我们就是这种,我们就是 《《《《《》》,我们是这种,我们是这种,我们是这种,我们是这种,我们是这种,我们是这种,我们是这种,我们是这种,我们是这种,我们是这种,我们是这种,我们是这种,	*****	*****	******	******	***************************************	K * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
ı															•
- NOTES:	::														

(1) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES (COEFFICIENTS OF VARIATION) ARE IN PERCENTS. 0000000 (2) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTINATES OF TOTALS, LOCATE 0000000

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CRUDE SAMPLING VARIABILITY TABLES FOR THE GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY (55+)

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18.5 24.9 15.4 14.9 19.7 14.4 8.8 8.3 7.5 7.5 6.9 6.4 48.2 15.2 14.4 61 37.5 26.5 25.9 30.2 29.3 28.5 25.4 24.9 15.4 19.7 14.9 4.4 ö 39.3 37.8 30.5 48.2 29.0 27.3 24.9 28.4 23.0 21.5 20.3 19.3 18.4 14.0 17.6 15.2 4.4 13.6 9 ********************************** 44.8 39.3 34.4 30.9 29.6 28.9 16.4 15.9 15.4 14.9 18.3 14.6 19.1 14.2 65.8 30.0% 73.6 55.6 52.0 30.0 39.3 38.0 34.7 33.8 31.4 29.4 26.9 17.6 21.9 18.3 17.0 16.5 16.0 15.5 20.8 19.8 19.0 14.7 9.3 10.4 Ŋ 0 ********************** 8 7 25.0% 88.0 68.1 36.9 34.9 39.3 34.1 31.8 25.7 22.7 18.9 38.1 19.7 18.2 17.6 24.1 ***************************** N # 580 ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE 30. 9 5 Ŋ 20.02 59.5 49.8 32.8 32.1 31.5 26.6 18.8 9.91 14.1 ********************* 8 'n 54.1 51.3 48.9 46.8 15.0% 18.7 9: ********************* <u>6</u> 48.2 9.55 40.5 53.4 23.6 38.3 36.4 34.8 24.9 21.5 6.6 19.3 18.7 **************** ****************** 5.0% 99.0 9.09 49.5 47.6 45.8 44.3 45.9 41.6 39.3 38.3 35.0 ************* ************* ************** **************** *************** ****************** ************* **************** ***************** 36. 2.0% 00.5 65.8 58.0 52.5 50.3 48.3 45.0 Ŋ ************** ********* *************** **************** ************ *************** *************** ************* 45. 38. 39. 66 175.0 87.5 61.9 52.8 101.0 *********** *********** ********** *********** ****** ********** ********** ****** *********** ********** ****** ******** 0.1% 175.8 ***** ***** ***** ***** ****** ***** ***** ***** ***** ****** NUMERATOR OF PERCENTAGE (000.) 20 21 22 23 24 25 25 40 40 45 50 55 60 65 75 75 80 85 90 90 1100 1125 1150 2000 250 350 (Estimate too small (Use with caution) to release) **QUALIFIED** HIGHLIGHT SUPPRESS

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NOTES:

(1) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES (COEFFICIENTS OF VARIATION) ARE IN PERCENTS. 0000000 (2) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF TOTALS, LOCATE 0000000 THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE ESTIMATED TOTAL. THE LEFT-MOST COLUMN GIVES 0000000 THE SAMPLING VARIABILITY. 0000000 (3) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITY. 0000000 USE THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE NUMERATOR OF THE PERCENTAGE AND THE 0000000 COLUMN CLOSEST TO THE PERCENTAGE. 0000000 COLUMN CLOSEST TO THE PERCENTAGE. 000000000000000000000000000000000000
1) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES (COEFFICIENTS OF VARIATION) ARE IN PERCENTS 2) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF TOTALS, LOCAT THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE ESTIMATED TOTAL. THE LEFT-MOST COLUMN GIVE: THE SAMPLING VARIABILITY. 3) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF PERCENTAGES, USE THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE NUMERATOR OF THE PERCENTAGE AND THE COLUMN CLOSEST TO THE PERCENTAGE. 4) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES IN THIS TABLE ARE CRUDE INDICATORS AND IN GENERAL ARE HIGHER THAN THOSE THAT WOULD BE OBTAINED USING MORE EXACT TECHNIQUES, UNDER NO CERCUMSTANCES ARE THEY OFFICTAL.
1) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES (COEFFICIENTS OF V 2) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR E THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE ESTIMATED TOTAL. THE SAMPLING VARIABILITY. 3) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR E USE THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE NUMERATOR OF COLUMN CLOSEST TO THE NUMERATOR OF GENERAL ARE HIGHER THAN THOSE THAT WOULD EXACT TECHNIQUES. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES.

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CRUDE SAMPLING VARIABILITY TABLES FOR THE GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY (55+)

							ONTARIO								
JN d	NUMERATOR OF PERCENTAGE	FC					N= 866 ESTIMATE	n ≤ 866 Stimated Percentage	TAGE						
•	(000 ,)	0.1%	1.0%	2.0%	5.0%	10.0%	15.0%	20.02	25.0%	30.0%	35.0%	40.0%	50.0%	70.0%	90.0%
	-	181.0	180.2	179.3	176.5		167.0	٨.	156.8	ואו	0 791	F 0%		6	:
	N I	****	127.4	٠.	124.8	121.5	118.1	114.5	110.9	107.1	103.2	200.0	7.021	2.66	57.5 60 F
	m «	****	104.0	•	101.9	99.5	4.96	93.5	9.06	87.5	84.3	81.0	73.9		33.1
	t r	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	90.1		88.3	85.9	83.5	81.0	78.4	75.8	73.0	70.1	64.0		28.6
) vo	*****	73.6	• .	70.7	9.6	/ t. /	4.2/	70.1	67.8		62.7	57.3	•	25.6
	7	*****	68.1	٠.	66.7	64.9	63.1	61.2	59.3	57.3	57.6	57.3	52.3	40.5	23.4
	∞ (****	63.7	•	62.4	60.7	59.0	57.3	55.5	53.6	51.6	49.6	45.3		20.2
	10	*****	60.1 57.0	•	58.8	57.3	55.7	54.0	52.3	50.5	48.7	46.8	42.7		19.1
	11	****	54.3		53.2	51.8	50.8	51.2 68.8	49.6	47.9	46.2	4.4.4	40.5	31.4	18.1
	12	*****	52.0	51.8	51.0	49.6	48.2	46.8	45.3	43.7	44.0	42.3	37.0	29.9	17.3 16.5
	13	******	50.0	•	49.0	47.7	46.3	6.44	43.5	45.0	40.5	38.9	35.5	27.5	15.9
	15	*****	20.04	46.4	47.7	45.9	9.45	43.3	41.9	40.5	39.0	37.5	34.2	26.5	15.3
	16	****	45.0	44.8	44.1	43.0	41.7	41.8	40.0	39.T	37.7 36.5	36.2		25.6	14.8
UPPRESS	17	*****	43.7	•	45.8	41.7	40.5	39.3	38.0	36.7	35.4	34.0		24.8	14.5
Estimate too small	87 5	******	***	42.3	41.6	40.5	39.4	38.5	37.0	35.7	34.4	33.1		23.4	13.5
to release)	5 6	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	41.1	40.5	39.4	38.3	37.2	36.0	34.8	33.5	32.2		8.22	13.1
	212	********	* * * * * * *	30.1	48.5	26.4 77.4	37.5	36.2	35.1	33.9	32.6	31.4		22.2	12.8
	22	*****	****	38.2	37.6	36.6	35.6	34.5	33.6	77:55	51.9	30.6		21.6	12.5
	23	****	****	•	36.8	35.8	34.8	33.8	32.7	31.6	30.4	29.3	26.7	20.7	11.9
	, , ,	*************	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	36.6	36.0	35.1	34.1	33.1	32.0	30.9	29.8	28.6		20.2	11.7
	20%	************	***	7 62	20.3	1	33.4	32.4	31.4	30.3	29.5	28.1		19.8	•
וכחו זכחו	35	*****	***	30.3	29.8		28.2	27.4	28.6	27.7	26.7	25.6		18.1	•
IdmLidmi	40	*********	*****	****	27.9		26.4	25.6	24.8	24.0	23.1	22.2	20.2	15.0	· ·
Jse With caution)	2 r	*********	****	****	26.3		24.9	24.1	23.4	22.6	21.8	20.9	19.1	14.8	
	ט ע מ	**********************	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	25.0		23.6	22.9	22.2	21.4	50.6	19.8	18.1	4	•
	09	*****************	***	× * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	20.0		27.2	21.8	21.1	20.4	19.7	18.9	17.3	mi.	•
	65	*******	*****	****	21.9		20.7	20.1	19.5	18.8	18.0	12.1	16.5	12.8	4.6
	20	******	****	****	21.1		20.0	19.4	18.7	18.1	17.5		15.3	;	
	۲ ۾	*******************	***	***	20.4		19.3	18.7	18.1	17.5	16.9	16.2	14.8	H	
	8 8	******************	****	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			18.	1.81	17.5	16.9	16.3	15.7	14.3	<u>.</u>	•
	06	************************	*****	******	***	18.1	17.6	17.1	16.5	16.0	15.6	15.2	13.9	10.8 7	6. 6
	95	********	*****	*****	******		17.1	16.6	16.1	15.5		14.4	13.1		•
	001	****	***	****	***		16.7	6	IJ	•	14.6		12.8	6.6	
	150	************************************	*******	********	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		14.9	4,	÷ (13.1	•	11.5	8.9	5.1
	200	0°11	*****	*****	****	******	0.C1	13.21 11.6	12.8	12.4	11.9	11.5	10.5	 	•
	250		K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K	X			•	; ,	;	;	TO.3	•	7.1	7.0	•
	200	。 のこうこうこうこうこうこうこうこうこうこうこうこうこうこうこうこうこうこうこう	******	*********	***	K 2	9.07	•	o,	•	۰. د د	•	8.1	6.3	3.6
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	400	**************************************	*****	******	*****	****	****	***	, v	1.0	. r	•		•	3.T
	450	**************************************	*****	*****	*****	****	*****	*****	** **	2.5	. 4	•	÷ c	•	.,
IQUALIFIED	500	****************************	******	*******	*****	*****	*****	*****	***	. 4	, r.	, v	ם ע	•	
	750	1。)	*****	*****	******	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****) * * * * * * * *	. 7	, M	
	1000	,,不是这个人,我们的一个人,我们们的一个人,我们们的一个人,我们们的一个人,我们们的一个人,我们们的一个人,我们们们的一个人,我们们们的一个人,我们们们的一个人	******	******	****	****	*****	*****	*****	*****	******	*****	****	3.1	1.8

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1) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES (COEFFICIENTS OF VARIATION) ARE IN	2) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF TOTAL
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7	(1) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES (COEFFICIENTS OF VARIATION) ARE IN PERCENTS. 0000000	VARIATION) ARE IN PERCENTS.	0000000
	(2) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF TOTALS, LOCATE 0000000	ESTIMATES OF TOTALS, LOCATE	0000000
	THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE ESTIMATED TOTAL. THE LEFT-MOST COLUMN GIVES 0000000	THE LEFT-MOST COLUMN GIVES	0000000
	THE SAMPLING VARIABILITY.		0000000
_	(3) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF PERCENTAGES,	ESTIMATES OF PERCENTAGES,	0000000
	USE THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE NUMERATOR OF THE PERCENTAGE AND THE	THE PERCENTAGE AND THE	0000000
	COLUMN CLOSEST TO THE PERCENTAGE.		0000000
_	(4) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES IN THIS TABLE ARE CRUDE INDICATORS AND IN	CRUDE INDICATORS AND IN	0000000
	GENERAL ARE HIGHER THAN THOSE THAT WOULD BE OBTAINED USING MORE	BE OBTAINED USING MORE	0000000
	EXACT TECHNIQUES. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES ARE THEY OFFICIAL.	ARE THEY OFFICIAL.	0000000

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CRUDE SAMPLING VARIABILITY TABLES FOR THE GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY (55+)

MANITOBA N=428

	20.06	28.5	20.1	16.4	14.2	ς.	;		•	;		o .		•	٠.۲	•	, t	٠	•	•	•	4.9		6.1		9.6					4.2		•	3.7		•		•	. T			•	, e	•		•
	70.07	49.3	34.9	28.5	24.7	22.1	20.1		12.0		ėı	15.0	14.9	;,	177.	· ·	15.7	٠	12.0	٠.		11.0	10.8	6	0	0	6			7.8	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		5			•	•	•	•	*****
	50.0%	63.7		36.8	31.8	28.5			7.4.F		21.2	7.02	7.6T	10.	77.7	: ,	101	1	٠ ن	Š.	4.	4	ĸ.	13.6	w.	13.0		11.6			9.5	9.0	8.6	8.2	7.9	7.6	7.4	•			, v	•	KKO	K > X > X > X > X > X > X > X > X > X >	K K K K	*****
	40.0%	69.7	49.3	40.3	34.9	31.2			20.4		23.62	1.22	0.12	7.07	17.5	9 6	17.0		10.9	16.4	16.0	15.6	15.2	14.9	14.5	14.2	13.9	12.7	11.8	ä	10.4	•	9.4	9.0	8.7	8.3	8.1	7.8	7.6	*****	***	K ::	K K X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	***	***	******
	35.0%	72.6	51.3	41.9	36.3	32.5	29.6	r	25.4		7.5	63.0	6.12	; ,	7.07	٠.	7.0.		17.0	17.1	16.7	•	15.8	15.5	15.1	14.8	14.5	13.3	12.3	11.5	10.8	10.3	9.6	9.4	9.0	8.7	4.8	****	****	****	****	K	K	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K	******
	30.0%	75.3	53.3	43.5	37.7	33.7	30.8			0 .	7.67 7.07 1.07		7.77		•	; ,	17.0	9 9	18.3		17.3	16.8	16.4	16.1	5	Ŋ.	Ŋ,	m		11.9	11.2	10.7	10.2	6.7	9.3	****	****	******	*****	*****	****	K	***************************************	***	***	**************************************
TAGE	25.0%	78.0	55.1	45.0	39.0	34.9	31.8				2, 6		, , ,	2.50	0.10	2.5	100			•	17.9	17.4	17.0	16.6		5	Ŋ.	14.2	M	12.3	11.6	•	10.5	****	****	******	*****	*****	******	*****	***	K	x	K > X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	***	*****
D PERCENTAGE	20.0%	80.5	56.9	46.5	40.3	36.0		7 02	, ac		20.00 E E	6.00	24.5	7.66		100	0.00	;	19.5	<u>,</u>	18.5	18.0	17.6	17.2	16.8	16.4		4		12.7	*****	****	****	******	*****	******	******	*******	******	*****	****	KKKKKK		***	***	******
ESTIMATED	15.0%	83.0		47.9	41.5	37.1		1		1 .	1.12		0.00	, k		, ,	4.00		7.0.7	19.6	19.0	18.6	18.1	17.7	17.3	16.9	16.6		****	****	*******	*****	******	*******	*****	*******	******	*******	*****	*****	****	KKKKK	***	***	***	******
	10.0%	85.4	60.4	49.3	42.7	38.2	34.9	7 62	2027		20.0		0.03	94.7			21.6	1 6	7.02	· .	19.6	19.1	18.6	18.2	*****	****	****	****	*******	******	******	******	******	*******	*******	*******	******	******	*****	*****	****	KKKKK	***	***	***	******
	5.0%	87.8	62.1	50.7	43.9	39.2	35.8	27.0	33.5		67.5 0 0		K KO . D	KXXXX	K X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	******	***************************************		k	******	******	***	****	****	******	******	*****	*****	******	******	******	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	****	K	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	***	***	*****
	2.0%	89.1	63.0	51.5	9.44	*****	****	XXXX	***	>	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		****	KKKKK							*****	*****	******	*****	******	******	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	******	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	****	K 2	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	***	***	*****
	1.0%	9.68	63.4	****	****	*****	******	******	***	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	****		****	K X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	***************************************	K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K	***	,	***	*****	****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	****	*****	*****	****	*****	*****	*****	*****	****	*****	K 2 K 2 K 2 K 2 K 2 K 2 K 2 K 2 K 2 K 2	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	***	***	*****
	0.1%	*****	*****	*******	***********	***********	****************	**************	*****************	***************************************	********************	***************************************	**************************************	**************************************	********************	***************************************	*************************		****	*****************	******	********************	*******************	****************	*****************	*****************	*****************	***************	*******************	*******************	*************************	***********************	*************************	*************************	*********************	*****************************	**************************************	**************************************	************************	我就是我的一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个	**************************************	***************************************	**O***********************************	***	*************************************	***************
NUMERATOR OF	(000 ,)	*	* ∾			īΩ ₩							12													* * * *					42 *			* 09												* 002
NUMER		SUPPRESS	Fetimate too small		to release)								HGHI IGHT		(Ose With caution)								-						. •	,				-	INQUALIFIED			~	***			•	4	- ;	-i ;	N

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⁽¹⁾ SAMPLING VARIABILITIES (COEFFICIENTS OF VARIATION) ARE IN PERCENTS. 0000000 (2) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTINATES OF TOTALS, LOCATE 0000000 THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE ESTINATED TOTAL. THE LEFT-MOST COLUMN GIVES 00000000 THE SAMPLING VARIABILITY. 00000000 (3) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF PERCENTAGES, 00000000

USE THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE NUMERATOR OF THE PERCENTAGE AND THE COLUMN CLOSEST TO THE PERCENTAGE.

(4) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES IN THIS TABLE ARE CRUDE INDICATORS AND IN GENERAL ARE HIGHER THAN THOSE THAT WOULD BE OBTAINED USING MORE EXACT TECHNIQUES. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES ARE THEY OFFICIAL.

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CRUDE SAMPLING VARIABILITY TABLES FOR THE GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY (55+)

SASKATCHEMAN

NUMB PER (Suppress (Estimate too small to release)	NUMERATOR OF PERCENTAGE ('000) 1 2 2 4 4 4 5 6 6 7 7 7 10 11 11 12 11 13	**************************************	1.0% 1.0% 1.0% 1.0% 1.0% 1.0% 1.0% 1.0%	1.3 99.7 1.6 70.5 1.6 70.5 1.6 70.5 0.7 44.6 0.7 44.6 0.7 44.6 10.7 44.6		ESTIMATE 15.0% 94.4 66.7 54.5 47.2 47.2 47.2 47.2 33.4 33.4 31.5 29.8 27.2 26.2 26.2 26.2	ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE 15.0% 20.0% 25. 94.4 91.5 88 66.7 64.7 62 54.5 52.8 44 42.2 46.9 39 38.5 37.4 36 33.4 63.4 31 31.5 30.5 29 28.4 27.6 26 26.2 25.4 26 27.2 26.4 25 26.2 25.4 26 27.2 26.4 25 27.2 26.5 25 27.2 26.5 25 27.3 26 27.	TAGE 25.0% 88.6 62.7 51.2 44.3 39.6 31.3 31.3 29.5 28.0 26.7 225.9	30.0% 65.6 60.5 60.5 60.5 60.5 42.8 35.0 23.7 23.7 23.7 23.7 23.7 23.7 23.7 23.7	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	40.0% 79.3 79.3 56.1 45.8 39.6 39.0 28.0 28.0 22.9 22.9 22.9	50.0% 72.4 41.8 41.8 41.8 25.2 27.4 27.4 27.4 27.4 27.4 27.4 27.4 27	70.0% 156.1 28.0 28.0 28.0 28.0 28.0 19.8 19.8 16.2 16.2 16.2	90.0% 116.2 110.8 110.8 9.0 9.0 8.6
	16 11 11 11 11 12 13 13 14 15 16 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	**************************************	2	23.6 22.9 21.6 21.1 20.1 19.7 17.2	22.9 22.5 20.5 20.5 19.5 18.7	22.2 20.3 20.3 20.3 10.3 18.5 17.7			99997799994	· · · · · · · · · · · · ·		8 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 1 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
NQUAL I F I ED	35 40 40 50 50 60 70 70 80	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	**************************************		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	*** **********************************	13.9 13.0 11.7 11.7 10.7 8 9.9 8 8.9	13.4 10.7 10.7 9.8 9.5 9.5	112.2 10.0 9.0 9.3 9.6 9.6 8.6 8.6	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
10 10 12 15 15 15 15 15	85 90 95 100 125 150	**************************************	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	1.0 0.0 4************************************	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	7.8 7.6 7.4 7.5 7.8 7.2 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.8	** ** ** **	www.n.n.n.n.n.n.n.n.n.n.n.n.n.n.n.n.n.n

(1) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES (COEFFICIENTS OF VARIATION) ARE IN PERCENTS. 0000000 (2) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF TOTALS, LOCATE 0000000 THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE ESTIMATED TOTAL. THE LEFT-MOST COLUMN GIVES 0000000 THE SAMPLING VARIABILITY. 0000000 (3) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF PERCENTAGES, 0000000 USE THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE NUMERATOR OF THE PERCENTAGE AND THE 0000000

CRUDE SAMPLING VARIABILITY TABLES FOR THE GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY (55+)

ALBERTA n=453

(1) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES (COEFFICIENTS OF VARIATION) ARE IN PERCENTS. 0000000 (2) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF TOTALS, LOCATE 0000000 THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE ESTIMATED TOTAL. THE LEFT-MOST COLUMN GIVES 0000000

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THE SAMPLING VARIABILITY. (3) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF PERCENTAGES,	USE THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE NUMERATOR OF THE PERCENTAGE AND THE COLUMN CLOSEST TO THE PERCENTAGE.	(4) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES IN THIS TABLE ARE CRUDE INDICATORS AND IN GENERAL ARE HIGHER THAN THOSE THAT WOULD BE OBTAINED USING MORE	EXACT TECHNIQUES. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES ARE THEY OFFICIAL.
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CRUDE SAMPLING VARIABILITY TABLES FOR THE GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY (55+)

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NUMEI	NUMERATOR OF	L .					ESTIMATE	ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE	TAGE						
	(,000)	0.1%	1.0%	2.0%	5.0%	10.0%	15.0%	20.02	25.0%	30.02	35.0%	40.0%	50.0%	70.07	20.06
	-	*****	102.9	102.4	100.8	98.1	95.3	92.5	89.6	86.5	83.4	80.1	73.1	56.6	32.7
	~1	*****	72.8	72.4			67.4		•	61.2	59.0	56.6	51.7		
	٣	*****	59.4	59.1	58.5	56.6	55.0	53.4	51.7		48.1	46.2	42.5	32.7	•
SUPPRESS	4	*****	51.4	51.2	50.4	49.1	7		44.8	m	•	0	•		16.4
(Estimate too small	rv.	*****	46.0	45.8	'n		ς.	41.4	40.0	38.7	•	35.8	32.7		14.6
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	9	*****	45.0	41.8	41.1	40.0	38.9		36.6	35.3	- 1	132.7	•	23.1	13.3
(aspaial o	_	*****	38.9	38.7	38.1	37.1	•	35.0	33.8	'n	31.5	30.3		21.4	12.4
	©	*****	****	36.2	35.6		33.7		31.7	30.6	29.5	•	'n,	•	Ä,
	7	******	***	34.1	33.6	32.7	31.8	30.B	6.62	0	•	26.7	5.4.4	18.9	6.01
	9 :	*****	***	32.4	31.9		30.I	2620	28.3	27.4	26.4	•	'n o		10.3
	12	******************	****	50.7	50°.	•	20.1 27.E		0.72	7.07	1.62	+ P	0.22	1,11	· · ·
	77	***************************************	K X K X K X	0.62	1.63 0 0 0 0	60.0	6.17	7.07	6.0.7 a 26	20.00	1.4.2	•	1.17	10.1	† r
	7 7	************	***	27.4	ے و		20.00	24.7	0. 6	24.0	1 6 6 6			, R	
HIGHLIGHT	15	*****	****	26.4	26.0	25.3	24.6	23.9	23.1	22.3	21.5		18.9	14.6	4.6
(Use with caution)	16	*******	*****	*****	'n		23.8	23.1	22.4	21.6			6	14.2	
	17	********	*****	*****	÷	•	23.1	22.4	21.7	21.0		٠.	7.	m	
	18	********	*****	*****	m	•	22.5	21.8	21.1	20.4	19.7		17.2	M	7.7
	19	********	*****	*****	ъ.	22.5	21.9	21.2	20.5	19.8	19.1	18.4	•	13.0	7.5
	20	********	******	*****	22.5	21.9	21.3	20.7		ö	18.6		16.4	12.7	7.3
	21	********	*****	*****	22.0	21.4	20.8	20.5	6	œ.		7.	16.0	2	7.1
	22	********	******	*****	21.5	20.9	20.3	6	6	18.4	17.8	17.1	15.6	12.1	7.0
	23	********	******	*****	21.0	20.5	19.9	19.3	ø.	•	17.4	٠.	15.2	11.8	6.9
	54	********	******	*****	20.6		19.5	6	18.3	•		16.4	- 14.9		6.7
	25	********	*****	*****	20.5		19.1	8	7	~		16.0	4	•	6.5
	30	********	******	*****	18.4	7	17.4	16.9	6	١.	15.2	4	13.3	10.3	6.0
	35	********	*****	*****	7.	6.	اف	15.6	•	4		13.5	12.4		5.5
	40	***********	******	******	****	15.5	•	4	4	•	13.2	12.7	•	9.0	5.2
	45	********	*****	******	*********	•	4	13.8	13.3	•	•	11.9	•	•	4.9
	50	***********	******	******	*****	13.9	'n	m	ä	•	11.8	ä		8.0	4.6
	55	*******************	*****	*****	****	13.2	•	12.5		11.7	11.2	10.8	6.6	7.6	4.4
	9	****************	*****		*******	12.7	12.3	ä	Ä	•	10.8	10.3	•	7.3	4.2
	65	********	*****	******	*******	12.2	ä	_;	•	0	•	6.6	•	7.0	4.1
	20	************	*****	******	*****	11.7	H		10.7	10.3	10.0	9.6	8.7	6.8	•
	75	************	*****	*****	*****	11.3		10.7	•	·	٠.	9.5	•	•	3.8
JNQUALIFIED	80	********	*****	*****	************	****		•	•	•	•	9.0	8.5	6.3	•
	82	****************	*****	****	****	****			6.7	•	•	8.7	7.9	•	•
	8	****************	*****	*****	****	****		•	•	•	٠	•	7.7	0.9	٠
ı	95	****************	******	******	*****	*****	•	9.5	9.5	8.9	•	•	7.5	5.8	•
.7	100	****************	*****	******	*****	*****	9.5	•		•	8.3	8.0	7.3	5.7	м. М
-	125	*******************	******	******	*****	*****	*****	8.3	8.0	7.7	•	•	•	•	٠
	150	*******************	*****	******	******	******	*****	7.6	7.3	7.1	•	6.5	•	•	•
••	200	*************************	******	******	*****	*****	******	******	*****	6.1	5.9	•	5.5	4.0	•
	250	*************************	*****	******	*****	******	*******	*****	*****	****	5.3	5.1	4.6		2.1
	300	*******	******		*****	******	*******	**************************************	*****	*****	*****	4.6	4.2		1.9
. •••/	350	******	*****		*****	*****	******	*****	*****	*****	**************************************	*****	3.9	3.0	•
1	400	**************************************	*****	*****	*****	*****	******	*****	*****	****	*****	*****	*****	2.8	1.6
	450	*******	*****	*****	****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水水	*****	****		•
		***************************************	******		KKKKK	KKKKK	******	K K K K K	******	*****	**************************************	*****	*****		
	200	***************************************			***	. K K K K K K K	*****	***	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	***	***	ξ ξ ξ ξ ξ	6.0	T . T

000000	0000000	0000000	0000000	0000000	0000000	0000000	0000000	0000000	0000000
(1) SAUPLING VARIABILITES (CUEFFICIENIS OF VARIATION) ARE IN PERCENTS. 0000000	(2) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF TOTALS, LOCATE 0000000	THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE ESTIMATED TOTAL. THE LEFT-MOST COLUMN GIVES 0000000	THE SAMPLING VARIABILITY.	(3) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF PERCENTAGES,	USE THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE NUMERATOR OF THE PERCENTAGE AND THE	COLUMN CLOSEST TO THE PERCENTAGE.	(4) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES IN THIS TABLE ARE CRUDE INDICATORS AND IN	GENERAL ARE HIGHER THAN THOSE THAT WOULD BE OBTAINED USING MORE	EXACT TECHNIQUES. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES ARE THEY OFFICIAL.

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CRUDE SAMPLING VARIABILITY TABLES FOR THE GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY (55+)

BRITISH COLUMBIA N= 471

							† =	F							
NUME	NUMERATOR OF	щ.					ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE	D PERCEN	ITAGE						
	(1000)	0.1%	1.0%	2.0%	5.0%	10.0%	15.0%	20.0%	25.0%	30.0%	35.0%	40.0%	50.0%	70.07	90.0%
	-	****	1 48 2	137 5	135 4	131.8	1.86.1	124.2	7.061	116.2	0.211	107.6	98.2	1,92	6.5.9
	۱ ۵	****	2.20	, 6	, K	•	9 00	87.0	, E	82.0		76.1	49.5		
	J 14	******	40.		28.		0 6	71.7	69.5	67.1		62.1	56.7	43.0	25.4
	י ס	*****	69.1	68.8	67.7		; ;	62.1	60.1		56.0	M	49.1		22.0
	. ru	*****	61.8	61.5	0	80		55.6	53.8	52.0	50.1	8	43.9	34.0	19.6
	9	*****	****	56.1	55.3		52.3	50.7	49.1	47.4	45.7	43.9	40.1	31.1	17.9
	^	*****	****	52.0	51.2		48.4	47.0	45.5	43.9	42.3	40.7	37.1	•	16.6
SUPPRESS	80	******	*****	48.6	47.9	46.6	45.3	43.9	45.5	41.1	39.6	œ.	34.7	56.9	15.5
11000		*****	*****	45.8	45.1	43.9	42.7	41.4	40.1	38.7	37.3	35.9	32.7	25.4	14.6
(Estimate too small		******	*****	43.5	42.8	41.7	40.5	39.3	38.0	36.8	35.4	34.0	31.1	24.1	13.9
to release)	11	*****	*****	41.5	40.8	39.7	38.6	37.5	36.3		33.8	32.4	29.6		13.2
	12	******	*****	****	39.1	38.0	37.0	35.9	34.7		32.3	31.1	28.4	22.0	12.7
	13	*******	*****	*****	37.6	36.5	35.5	34.5	33.4	32.2	31.1	29.8	27.2	21.1	12.2
	14	******	*****	****	36.2	35.5	34.2	33.2	32.2		29.9	28.8	26.3	20.3	11.7
	15	*********	*****	****	35.0	1	33.1	J 32.1	31.1	30.0	28.9	27.8	25.4	19.6	11.3
	16	***************	*****	*****	33.8	-	32.0	31.1	6	29.1	28.0	56.9	24.6	19.0	11.0
	17	*******	*****	****	32.8	32.0	31.1	30.1	29.5	28.2		26.1	23.8	18.5	10.7
	18	*******	*****	****	31.9		30.2	29.3	28.4	27.4	26.4		23.2	17.9	10.4
HIGHLIGHT	19	*******	*****	*****	31.1		29.4	28.5	27.6	26.7	25.7		22.5	17.5	10.1
(Use with caution)	20	******	*****	*****	30.3		28.6	27.8	56.9	26.0		24.1	22.0	17.0	9.8
``````````````````````````````````````	21	******	*****	*****	29.5	28.8	27.9	27.1	26.3	25.4	54.4	23.5	21.4		9.6
	22	*********	*****		e,	28.1	27.3	26.5	55.6	24.8	23.9	22.9	20.9	16.2	4.6
	23	*******	******	*****	œ.	27.5	26.7	25.9	25.1	24.5	23.4	22.4		•	9.5
	54	******	*****		27.6	26.9	26.1	25.4	54.6	23.7		22.0	20.0	15.5	9.0
	25	******	******	*****	27.1	26.4	25.6	24.8	24.1	23.5	22.4	21.5	19.6		φ.
	30	*******************	*****	******	*****	24.1	23.4	22.7	22.0	21.2	٠.	19.6	•	٠	8
	35	******	*****	******	*****	22.3	21.6	21.0	ö	19.6	•	18.2	16.6		7.4
	40	******	******	*********	*****	20.8	20.2	19.6		•	17.7	17.0	15.5	12.0	6.9
	45	******	*****	*******	*****	19.6	19.1	18.5		•	16.7	16.0	14.6	11.3	6.5
	50	******	*****	*******	*****	18.6	18.1	17.6	•	16.4	15.8	15.2	13.9	•	6.2
	55	******	******	******	*****	17.8	17.3	•		5	ış.	14.5	13.2	•	5.9
	9	******	*****	*****	*************	*****	16.5	6.	15.5	•	÷	13.9	ä	•	5.7
	92	*****	*****		*************	*****	15.9	•	14.9	14.4	'n	m.	•	4.6	9.1
	20	*******	*****	*****	**************	****	15.3	4	•	mi I	m	ູ່	<u>.</u>	•	5.3
	75	*******	*****		**************	*****	٠	+	13.9	13.4	ี่ ถ่า	•	•	•	
	80	******	***	***	*******	***	14.3	13.9	13.4	13.0	6.21	N F	10.0		· •
	85	****************	***	****	K	**************************************	13.7	•	10.0	, cr	10.1	: -	•	•	. 4
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	350	*******	*****		******	****	*****	*****	*****	本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本	****	****	****	4.1	•
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(1) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES (COEFFICIENTS OF VARIATION) ARE IN PERCENTS. 0000000 (2) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF TOTALS, LOCATE 0000000	THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE ESTIMATED TOTAL. THE LEFT-MOST COLUMN GIVES 0000000 THE SAMPLING VARIABILITY.	(3) TO DETERMINE SAMPLING VARIABILITIES FOR ESTIMATES OF PERCENTAGES,	USE THE ROW CLOSEST TO THE NUMERATOR OF THE PERCENTAGE AND THE	COLUMN CLOSEST TO THE PERCENTAGE.	(4) SAMPLING VARIABILITIES IN THIS TABLE ARE CRUDE INDICATORS AND IN	GENERAL ARE HIGHER THAN THOSE THAT WOULD BE OBTAINED USING MORE	EXACT TECHNIQUES. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES ARE THEY OFFICIAL.

Confidential when completed

#### General social survey Selection control form

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								RECORD O	F CALLS	
10	11 D	ate	12 S	tart	13 Fir	nish	14 Result	15 Interv	newer's Name	16 Comments
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21.	I'd III Is thi	<b>s</b>	ke su	re that	i've dia	led the	right n	umber.		
	○ Ye ○ No	s -> 0	Nel aga	in. If sti	Wrong	, END				
22.	○ Pri	vate hore th home siness, pecify) (	ne and b	usiness.	/instituti	on ,	Go	rivate home? o 30		
23.	Does numb	anyone	use t	this tele	ephone	numbe	or as a	home phone		
24.	How		ersons home	live or phone	stay a numbe	t this e	ddress	and use this		

○ 15 or more → Complete form GSS-1A

	In this health study all information we participation is voluntary, your assists I need to select one person from your i	hou	is es	sontial if	the rec	suits of_	the st	udy are to be accurate.  The oldest, what is the fi							
•••	person living or staying here who has	no	usuai	place of	reelde	nce ele	wher	•?				-			
			Ε	nter name	e and i	oges in	42 🗪	1 44							
32.	Are there any persons away from this household attending school.	40 4	11 42						43	44	45	46	47 F	48	48
	visiting, travelling or in the hospital who USUALLY live here?	Post	S No	mes of ho	isehok	d memb	era.		SEL	AGE		M	8	I G D	
	OYes → Enter names and ages in 42 and 44			ren Name				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			T				
	ONo.		Su	mame							L	L			L
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		2 Gi	ven Name	با				_						ĺ
33.	Does anyone else live at this address,	Ц	- 1	тепе	للل				┷	<u> </u>	Ļ	_		_	L
	such as other relatives, roomers, boarders or employees?		3 GA	ven Name		ىنى	1.1		4						
	OYes → Enter names and ages in	Н	Su	emanne	-	111		1111111	+-		+	_	_	-	H
	42 and 44		4	ven Name	-	سلسا	1.1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-						
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			5	ven Neme	+		11		┪.						
34.	INTERVIEWER:	H	+	ven Neme	+-		<del></del>	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	+	1-	Ť	T			r
	• Enter answers for 44 through 48 for		6	meme					٦,	١,					
	each person recorded in 42.	П	Gi	ven Name			1 1				Ī				
	• Then go to 50.	Ш	7 Su	mame		1 1 1	1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>					
			g Gi	ven Name					_						
			- 1	ımame					1.	1.	_		<u> </u>	_	
50.	Now I'm going to use a selection pro whom to interview. This will just take				- A	election = Eligit = Selec	de Hou	aper usehold Members							
51.	INTERVIEWER:														
	• In item 43, number the persons 15 order from oldest to youngest.	to t	54 y <b>o</b> q	ers of age	<b>17</b>										
	Determine the selected person by re Selection Grid.	ierr	<del>ung</del> to	the											
	• In item 43, circle the number of the	sek	octod (	person.											
52.	The person I am to interview is		reed n		3	O. Final Statu		81. Number of Eligible Household Members		inter	viev	ver	Nu	mb	er
	Is he/she there?					ـــــا	<u> </u>					<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>	,	_
	○Yes → Go to 70				6	3. Note Item N		-							
	○ No → Set up appointment and go to 70					1 ,	<u>.</u>	<u> </u>				_	1	<u>.</u>	
53.	Best time to contact selected person.				$\dashv$				لــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ			1			
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						• # :	the se	lected person is to 54		00	omi	o <del>le</del> ti	• G	SS	-2
						• #	the se	lected person is		00	om	olet	• G	ss	-3

SECTION A	7. Do you have diabetes?
I would now like to ask you some questions related	o O Yes
your health. Most of the questions are about specified health concerns but the first question is about health	h   'O No /
in general.	Go to 9
1. How would you describe your state of health	,
Compared to other persons your age, would yo	u — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
say it was	8. At what age were you first diagnosed?
· O Excellent	
² ○ Good	⁹⁷ ○ Never diagnosed
³ O Fair, or	26 O Don't know
O Poor?	
	9. Do you have any respiratory problems such as
2. Now I'd like to ask you some questions about your blood pressure. How long ago did you la	asthma, emphysema, chronic bronchitis.
have your blood pressure checked?	persistent cough or shortness of breath?
Within last 6 months	¹O Yes
O 7 to 12 months ago	² O No
1	² O Don't know
³ O 13 to 24 months ago	
• O More than 2 years ago	
O Never	10. Do you have arthritis, rheumatism or bursitis?
^ ○ Don't know )	· O Yes
	O No
3. Have you ever been told by a doctor or nurs that you have high blood pressure?	Don't know
· O Yes	
, O No	SECTION B
O No Go to 5	
C Don't know Go to 5	11. It is important in the next few questions for you to refer to the 14 day period from Sunday
› Go to 5	11. It is important in the next few questions for you to refer to the 14 day period from Sunday to Saturday
Co to 5  Note: Women should exclude high blood	11. It is important in the next few questions for you to refer to the 14 day period from Sunday
Note: Women should exclude high blood pressure due to pregnancy.	11. It is important in the next few questions for you to refer to the 14 day period from Sunday to Saturday During those two weeks, was your main activity working, going to school, keeping house or something else?
Note: Women should exclude high blood pressure due to pregnancy.  4. Has any medication or treatment such as change in diet ever been prescribed for you	11. It is important in the next few questions for you to refer to the 14 day period from Sunday to Saturday  During those two weeks, was your main activity working, going to school, keeping house or something else?  **O Working**
Note: Women should exclude high blood pressure due to pregnancy.  4. Has any medication or treatment such as	11. It is important in the next few questions for you to refer to the 14 day period from Sunday
Go to 5  Note: Women should exclude high blood pressure due to pregnancy.  4. Has any medication or treatment such as change in diet ever been prescribed for you high blood pressure?  Yes	11. It is important in the next few questions for you to refer to the 14 day period from Sunday to Saturday
O Don't know  Note: Women should exclude high blood pressure due to pregnancy.  4. Has any medication or treatment such as change in diet ever been prescribed for you high blood pressure?	11. It is important in the next few questions for you to refer to the 14 day period from Sunday
Go to 5  Note: Women should exclude high blood pressure due to pregnancy.  4. Has any medication or treatment such as change in diet ever been prescribed for you high blood pressure?  Yes	11. It is important in the next few questions for you to refer to the 14 day period from Sunday
O Don't know  Note: Women should exclude high blood pressure due to pregnancy.  4. Has any medication or treatment such as change in diet ever been prescribed for you high blood pressure?  O Yes  O No	11. It is important in the next few questions for you to refer to the 14 day period from Sunday
O Don't know  Note: Women should exclude high blood pressure due to pregnancy.  4. Has any medication or treatment such as change in diet ever been prescribed for you high blood pressure?  Yes  No  Don't know  The next few questions refer to certain other	11. It is important in the next few questions for you to refer to the 14 day period from Sunday
O Don't know  Note: Women should exclude high blood pressure due to pregnancy.  4. Has any medication or treatment such as change in diet ever been prescribed for you high blood pressure?  O Yes  O No  Don't know  The next few questions refer to certain othe health problems. Have you ever had troubly with your heart, such as a heart attack, anging	11. It is important in the next few questions for you to refer to the 14 day period from Sunday
Note: Women should exclude high blood pressure due to pregnancy.  4. Has any medication or treatment such as change in diet ever been prescribed for you high blood pressure?  Yes  No  Don't know  5. The next few questions refer to certain othe health problems. Have you ever had troubly with your heart, such as a heart attack, anging heart failure or rheumatic heart disease?	11. It is important in the next few questions for you to refer to the 14 day period from Sunday
O Don't know  Note: Women should exclude high blood pressure due to pregnancy.  4. Has any medication or treatment such as change in diet ever been prescribed for you high blood pressure?  O Yes  O No  Don't know  The next few questions refer to certain othe health problems. Have you ever had troubly with your heart, such as a heart attack, anging	11. It is important in the next few questions for you to refer to the 14 day period from Sunday
Note: Women should exclude high blood pressure due to pregnancy.  4. Has any medication or treatment such as change in diet ever been prescribed for you high blood pressure?  Yes  No  Don't know  5. The next few questions refer to certain othe health problems. Have you ever had troubly with your heart, such as a heart attack, anging heart failure or rheumatic heart disease?  Yes  No	11. It is important in the next few questions for you to refer to the 14 day period from Sunday to Saturday
Note: Women should exclude high blood pressure due to pregnancy.  4. Has any medication or treatment such as change in diet ever been prescribed for you high blood pressure?  Yes  O Yes  Don't know  The next few questions refer to certain othe beatth problems. Have you ever had trouble with your heart, such as a heart attack, anging heart failure or rheumatic heart disease?	11. It is important in the next few questions for you to refer to the 14 day period from Sunday
Note: Women should exclude high blood pressure due to pregnancy.  4. Has any medication or treatment such as change in diet ever been prescribed for you high blood pressure?  Yes  No  Don't know  5. The next few questions refer to certain othe health problems. Have you ever had trouble with your heart, such as a heart attack, anging heart failure or rheumatic heart disease?  Yes  No  Go to 7	11. It is important in the next few questions for you to refer to the 14 day period from Sunday
Note: Women should exclude high blood pressure due to pregnancy.  4. Has any medication or treatment such as change in diet ever been prescribed for you high blood pressure?  Yes  No  Don't know  5. The next few questions refer to certain othe health problems. Have you ever had trouble with your heart, such as a heart attack, anging heart failure or rheumatic heart disease?  Yes  No  Go to 7	11. It is important in the next few questions for you to refer to the 14 day period from Sunday
Note: Women should exclude high blood pressure due to pregnancy.  4. Has any medication or treatment such as change in diet ever been prescribed for you high blood pressure?  Yes  O Yes  O Don't know  The next few questions refer to certain othe health problems. Have you ever had trouble with your heart, such as a heart attack, anging heart failure or rheumatic heart disease?  Yes  O Yes  O Yes  O O Don't know  Go to 7	11. It is important in the next few questions for you to refer to the 14 day period from Sunday
Note: Women should exclude high blood pressure due to pregnancy.  4. Has any medication or treatment such as change in diet ever been prescribed for you high blood pressure?  Yes  No  Don't know  5. The next few questions refer to certain other health problems. Have you ever had trouble with your heart, such as a heart attack, anging heart failure or rheumatic heart disease?  Yes  No  O Yes  O Yes  O Yes  O No  O Don't know  Go to 7	11. It is important in the next few questions for you to refer to the 14 day period from Sunday
Note: Women should exclude high blood pressure due to pregnancy.  4. Has any medication or treatment such as change in diet ever been prescribed for you high blood pressure?  O Yes  O No  Don't know  5. The next few questions refer to certain othe beatth problems. Have you ever had trouble with your heart, such as a heart attack, anging heart failure or rheumatic heart disease?  O Yes  O No  O Don't know  6. At what age were you first diagnosed?	11. It is important in the next few questions for you to refer to the 14 day period from Sunday
Note: Women should exclude high blood pressure due to pregnancy.  4. Has any medication or treatment such as change in diet ever been prescribed for you high blood pressure?  Yes  No  Don't know  5. The next few questions refer to certain other health problems. Have you ever had trouble with your heart, such as a heart attack, anging heart failure or rheumatic heart disease?  Yes  No  O Yes  O Yes  O Yes  O No  O Don't know  Go to 7	11. It is important in the next few questions for you to refer to the 14 day period from Sunday

15.	On how many of those days would you normally (worked? have   gone to school? (done housework?)	23.	During the you see or thealth?  To None  Bo Don't least the young	last 12 months, how many times did alk to a medical specialist about your
16.	(Not counting days spent in bed) Were there any days in those 2 weeks that you cut down on things you normally do because of your health?  1 Yes  1 No Go to 20	24.	During the	last 12 months, how many times did alk to a dentist?
17.	How many days did you cut down for all or most of the day?	25.	you see or	last 12 months, how many times did talk to a nurse about your health, aking appointments?
18.	Interviewer:  If code 4, 5 or 6 in Q. 11,  Otherwise.  Co to 19  Otherwise.  Co to 20		³⁷ O None ³⁶ O Don't k	tnow
19.		26.	hospital, nu during the la	nend any nights as a patient in a ursing home or convalescent home ast 12 months?  How many nights?
l		65		
		DE .	TION D	
SEC 20.	During those 14 days, did you see or talk to a medical doctor about your health?  1 Yes 1 No Go to 22	New wha you tem	v I would like t you can do normally porary diffic regnancy or i  Do you hav without rest	ve any trouble walking 400 metres ing; that's about 3 city blocks?
20.	During those 14 days, did you see or talk to a medical doctor about your health?  The second of the second of this contact?  The second of this contact?	New wha you tem to p	v I would like t you can do normally porary diffic regnancy or i  Do you hav without rest	on an average day, with any aids if use them. Please exclude any ulties you might be experiencing due njury.  The any trouble walking 400 metres ing; that's about 3 city blocks?  Are you completely unable to do this?  One was a substant of the about 3 city blocks?
20.	During those 14 days, did you see or talk to a medical doctor about your health?  3 Yes 4 No Go to 22  What was the main reason for this contact?	New wha you tem to p	v I would like t you can do normally porary diffic regnancy or i  Do you hav without rest  ' Yes	on an average day, with any aids if use them. Please exclude any ulties you might be experiencing due njury.  The any trouble walking 400 metres ing; that's about 3 city blocks?  Are you completely unable to do this?  O Yes  No  any trouble walking up and down a
20.	During those 14 days, did you see or talk to a medical doctor about your health?  3 Yes 4 No Go to 22  What was the main reason for this contact?  5 Illness or health problem 6 Medical check-up 7 Shots, inoculations or vaccination	New what you term to prove 27.	v I would like the you can do normally porary diffic regnancy or i  Do you have vithout rest  Ves  No  Do you have flight of stain	on an average day, with any aids if use them. Please exclude any ulties you might be experiencing due njury.  The any trouble walking 400 metres ing; that's about 3 city blocks?  Are you completely unable to do this?  One was trouble walking up and down a rs?  Are you completely unable to do this?
20.	During those 14 days, did you see or talk to a medical doctor about your health?  1 Yes 1 No Go to 22  What was the main reason for this contact?  3 Illness or health problem 6 Medical check-up 7 Shots, inoculations or vaccination 8 Pre or post-natal care	New what you term to prove 27.	v I would like t you can do normally porary diffic regnancy or i  Do you hav without rest  'O Yes  2 O No  Do you have flight of stair	on an average day, with any aids if use them. Please exclude any ulties you might be experiencing due nijury.  The any trouble walking 400 metres ing; that's about 3 city blocks?  Are you completely unable to do this?  One was trouble walking up and down a res?
21.	During those 14 days, did you see or talk to a medical doctor about your health?  3 Yes 4 No Go to 22  What was the main reason for this contact?  5 Illness or health problem 6 Medical check-up 7 Shots, inoculations or vaccination 8 Pre or post-natal care 9 Other (specify)  Now I'd like to ask you about your contacts during the last 12 months with the health care	New what you term to prove 27.	v I would like t you can do normally porary diffic regnancy or i  Do you hav without rest  ' Yes  ' No  Do you have flight of stain  ' Yes  ' No  Do you have kilograms 1	on an average day, with any aids if use them. Please exclude any ulties you might be experiencing due njury.  The any trouble walking 400 metres ing; that's about 3 city blocks?  Are you completely unable to do this?  O Yes  Are you completely unable to down a rs?  Are you completely unable to do this?
21.	During those 14 days, did you see or talk to a medical doctor about your health?  1 Yes 1 No Go to 22  What was the main reason for this contact?  3 Illness or health problem 6 Medical check-up 7 Shots, inoculations or vaccination 8 Pre or post-natal care 9 Other (specify)  Now I'd like to ask you about your contacts during the last 12 months with the health care system.  During the last 12 months, how many times did you see or talk to a general practitioner about your health?	New whay you temp to pi	V I would like the you can do normally porary diffic regnancy or i  Do you have vithout rest  Ves  No  Do you have flight of stain  No  Do you have controlled by Controll	on an average day, with any aids if use them. Please exclude any ulties you might be experiencing due njury.  The any trouble walking 400 metres ing; that's about 3 city blocks?  Are you completely unable to do this?  O Yes  Are you completely unable to do this?  Are you completely unable to do this?
21.	During those 14 days, did you see or talk to a medical doctor about your health?  3 Yes 4 No Go to 22  What was the main reason for this contact?  5 Illness or health problem 6 Medical check-up 7 Shots, inoculations or vaccination 8 Pre or post-natal care 9 Other (specify)  Now I'd like to ask you about your contacts during the last 12 months with the health care system.  During the last 12 months, how many times did you see or talk to a general practitioner about	New whay you temp to pi	v I would like the you can do normally porary diffic regnancy or i  Do you have vithout rest  Ves  No  Do you have flight of stail  No  Do you have kilograms I pound bag of	on an average day, with any aids if use them. Please exclude any ulties you might be experiencing due njury.  The any trouble walking 400 metres ing; that's about 3 city blocks?  Are you completely unable to do this?  O Yes  No  any trouble walking up and down a rs?  Are you completely unable to do this?  No  any trouble carrying an object of 5 of metres; that's like carrying a 12 f groceries about 30 feet?  Are you completely unable to do

31.	periods of ti bank for 20 and so Yes—  One of the sound o	ve any trouble standing for long me; for example, waiting in line at a minutes or more?  Are you completely unable to do this?  O Yes  No  Are any trouble, when standing, wn to pick up an object from the hard you completely unable to do this?  O Yes	SECTION E  The next few questions concern your physical condition and physical activity.  38. What is your height?  1
32.		ve any trouble cutting your own	O Don't know
	toenails?  ¹○ Yes— ¹○ No	Are you completely unable to do this?  O Yes  No	40. Do you consider yourself to be  Overweight  Ouderweight  About the proper weight?
33.	or handle?	Are you completely unable to do this?  'O Yes  'O No	SECTION F  41. Thinking back over the last 3 months did you participate in active physical exercise, that is, exercise which made you perspire or breathe more heavily than normal?
34.	head?	any trouble reaching above your  Are you completely unable to do	¹ O Yes ² O No ———— Go to 50
	¹○ No	this? O Yes O No	42. What did you do? Anything else? (Mark all that apply.)  : O Running or jogging
35.	Po you have a normal country and a normal co	Are you completely unable to do this?  O Yes O No  e any trouble hearing what is said in negration with at least two persons, and aid if you normally use one?	2 Bicycling 3 Tennis 4 Exercise in a class or at home 5 Swimming 6 Raquetball or squash 7 Other (specify) 8 Other (specify) 9 Other (specify)
	, ○ Ae2—	Are you completely unable to do this?  O Yes  No	43. Over the last 3 months which did you do most frequently?  1 O Running or jogging 2 O Bicycling
37.	you can do a of a long to problem?	ted in the kind or amount of activity thome, at work or at school because term physical condition or health How are you limited?	Tennis  Cexercise in a class or at home  Solution Requested or squash Other (specify)

44.	How frequently did you participate in this activity?	50. Which of the following best describes the level of physical effort in your work or daily activities?
	1 times per week OR	<ul> <li>Light - such as office work, driving, sitting</li> </ul>
	2 times per month	Moderate – such as vacuuming, carpentry, walking
	CLess than once a month	Heavy - such as pushing or carrying
	O Don't know	heavy objects
45.	About how much time did you spend on each occasion?	C Bon Cknow
	³ O More than one hour	51. Over the past 3 months how frequently did you participate in light physical exercise or
	4 O 46 minutes to one hour	recreation such as walking, dancing, golfing, gardening, baseball, etc.?
	⁵ O 31 minutes to 45 minutes	
	⁶ O 16 minutes to 30 minutes	times a week OR
	O 15 minutes or less	2 times a month
	3. O Don't know	5 O Less than once a month
46.	Interviewer:	⁶ ○ Don't know
	If only one circle	52. Overall, do you consider the amount of physical
	marked in Q. 42 Go to 50	activity you usually get to be
	Otherwise, ² O Go to 47	O Too much
		* O Too little
47.	Which was the next most frequent exercise you participated in during the last 3 months?	³ ○ The right amount?
	³ O Running or jogging	SECTION G
	10 -	
	O Bicycling	The next questions are about smoking.
	³ O Tennis	53. At the present time do you smoke cigarettes
	<ul> <li>Tennis</li> <li>Exercise in a class or at home</li> </ul>	53. At the present time do you smoke cigarettes daily, occasionally or not at all?
	<ul> <li>Tennis</li> <li>Exercise in a class or at home</li> <li>Swimming</li> </ul>	53. At the present time do you smoke cigarettes daily, occasionally or not at all?  Daily
	Tennis  Exercise in a class or at home  Swimming  Raquetball or squash	53. At the present time do you smoke cigarettes daily, occasionally or not at all?  Daily  Co to 57
	<ul> <li>Tennis</li> <li>Exercise in a class or at home</li> <li>Swimming</li> </ul>	53. At the present time do you smoke cigarettes daily, occasionally or not at all?  Daily  Occasionally
	Tennis  Exercise in a class or at home  Swimming  Raquetball or squash	53. At the present time do you smoke cigarettes daily, occasionally or not at all?  Daily  Occasionally  Go to 57
48.	Tennis  Exercise in a class or at home  Swimming  Raquetball or squash	53. At the present time do you smoke cigarettes daily, occasionally or not at all?  Daily  Occasionally  Not at all  So to 57
48.	Tennis  Exercise in a class or at home  Swimming  Raquetball or squash  Other (specify)	53. At the present time do you smoke cigarettes daily, occasionally or not at all?  Daily  Occasionally Not at all  Go to 57  4. At what age did you start smoking cigarettes daily?
48.	Tennis  Exercise in a class or at home  Raquetball or squash  Other (specify)  How frequently did you do this activity?  times a week  OR	53. At the present time do you smoke cigarettes daily, occasionally or not at all?  Daily  Occasionally  Not at all  Go to 57
48.	Tennis  Exercise in a class or at home  Swimming  Raquetball or squash  Other (specify)  How frequently did you do this activity?  Times a week  OR  Times a month	53. At the present time do you smoke cigarettes daily, occasionally or not at all?  Daily  Occasionally Not at all  Go to 57  4. At what age did you start smoking cigarettes daily?
48.	Tennis  Exercise in a class or at home  Raquetball or squash  Other (specify)  How frequently did you do this activity?  times a week  OR	53. At the present time do you smoke cigarettes daily, occasionally or not at all?  Daily  Occasionally Not at all  Go to 57   4. At what age did you start smoking cigarettes daily?  Don't know
48.	Tennis  Exercise in a class or at home  Swimming  Raquetball or squash  Other (specify)  How frequently did you do this activity?  Times a week  OR  Times a month	53. At the present time do you smoke cigarettes daily, occasionally or not at all?  Daily  Occasionally Not at all  Go to 57  4. At what age did you start smoking cigarettes daily?  Don't know  55. About how many cigarettes do you smoke each
	Tennis  Exercise in a class or at home  Swimming  Raquetbail or squash  Other (specify)  How frequently did you do this activity?  Times a week  OR  Less than once a month	53. At the present time do you smoke cigarettes daily, occasionally or not at all?  Daily  Occasionally Not at all  Go to 57  54. At what age did you start smoking cigarettes daily?  Don't know  55. About how many cigarettes do you smoke each day?  What brand of cigarettes do you usually smoke?
	Tennis  Exercise in a class or at home  Requested or squash  Other (specify)  How frequently did you do this activity?  I times a week  OR  Less than once a month  Don't know  About how much time did you spend on each	53. At the present time do you smoke cigarettes daily, occasionally or not at all?  Daily  Occasionally Not at all  Go to 57  4. At what age did you start smoking cigarettes daily?  Don't know  55. About how many cigarettes do you smoke each day?  Go to 62
	Tennis  Exercise in a class or at home  Swimming  Raquetball or squash  Other (specify)  How frequently did you do this activity?  Times a week OR  Less than once a month  Don't know  About how much time did you spend on each occasion?	53. At the present time do you smoke cigarettes daily, occasionally or not at all?  Daily  Occasionally Not at all  Go to 57  54. At what age did you start smoking cigarettes daily?  Don't know  55. About how many cigarettes do you smoke each day?  What brand of cigarettes do you usually smoke?
	Tennis  Exercise in a class or at home  Swimming  Raquetball or squash  Other (specify)  How frequently did you do this activity?  Times a week  OR  Times a month  Cless than once a month  Don't know  About how much time did you spend on each occasion?	53. At the present time do you smoke cigarettes daily, occasionally or not at all?  Daily  Occasionally  Not at all  Go to 57   54. At what age did you start smoking cigarettes daily?  Don't know  55. About how many cigarettes do you smoke each day?  Go to 62  (code from brand chart)
	Tennis  Exercise in a class or at home  Swimming  Raquetball or squash  Other (specify)  How frequently did you do this activity?  Times a week OR  Times a month  Cless than once a month  Don't know  About how much time did you spend on each occasion?  More than one hour  6 d6 minutes to one hour	53. At the present time do you smoke cigarettes daily, occasionally or not at all?  Daily  Occasionally  Not at all  Go to 57   54. At what age did you start smoking cigarettes daily?  Don't know  55. About how many cigarettes do you smoke each day?  Code from brand chart)  57. Do you smoke pipes, cigars, or cigarillos daily?
	Tennis  Exercise in a class or at home  Swimming  Raquetball or squash  Other (specify)  How frequently did you do this activity?  I times a week  OR  Less than once a month  Chess than once a month  Don't know  About how much time did you spend on each occasion?  More than one hour  40 46 minutes to one hour  30 31 minutes to 45 minutes	53. At the present time do you smoke cigarettes daily, occasionally or not at all?  Daily  Occasionally  Not at all  Go to 57   54. At what age did you start smoking cigarettes daily?  Don't know  55. About how many cigarettes do you smoke each day?  Code from brand chart)  56. What brand of cigarettes do you usually smoke?  (code from brand chart)  57. Do you smoke pipes, cigars, or cigarillos daily?
	Tennis  Exercise in a class or at home  Swimming  Raquetball or squash  Other (specify)  How frequently did you do this activity?  Times a week OR  Times a month  Less than once a month  Don't know  About how much time did you spend on each occasion?  More than one hour  A minutes to one hour  The minutes to 45 minutes  The minutes to 30 minutes	53. At the present time do you smoke cigarettes daily, occasionally or not at all?  Daily  Occasionally  Not at all  Go to 57   54. At what age did you start smoking cigarettes daily?  Don't know  55. About how many cigarettes do you smoke each day?  Code from brand chart)  57. Do you smoke pipes, cigars, or cigarillos daily?

J	Have you ever smoked cigarettes daily?	The next question concerns drinking in the last 7 days. By a drink we mean:
İ	[₹] O Yes	
	'O No Go to 62	One pint bottle of beer One small glass of wine
	·	- 1 1/2 ounces of liquor
		66. (a) Thinking back over the last 7 days, on how
59.	At what age did you start smoking daily?	many of these days did you have any alcoholic drinks?
		O None Go to 67
		(b) On how many of these days did you have 2 or
60.	At what age did you last stop smoking daily?	more drinks?
		10.11
		None Go to 67
		(c) On how many of these days did you have 4 or
61.	About how many cigarettes did you usually	more drinks?
	smoke daily?	
		O None Go to 67
		(d) On how many of these days did you have 8 or more drinks?
62	How many people in your household, excluding	
02	yourself, smoke daily?	
		¹O None —— Go to 67
		(e) On how many of these days did you have 12
	³⁶ O Don't know	or more drinks?
		¹O None
SEC	TION H	one. Cone
The	following questions are about drinking wine,	
beer	r or liquor all kinds of alcoholic beverages.	67. Compared to this time last year are you now drinking
63.	In the last 12 months have you taken a drink of	
	beer, wine, liquor or other alcoholic beverage?	· O More
	¹ O Yes	: O About the same Go to 70
1	20 "	Abbut the same
	² C No Go to 68	O Less
	Go to 68	;O Less
	- ○ No Go to 68	68. Did you ever drink alcoholic beverages?
<u> </u>		68. Did you ever drink alcoholic beverages?  'O Yes
64.		68. Did you ever drink alcoholic beverages?
64.	How often did you take a drink? Was it	68. Did you ever drink alcoholic beverages?  'O Yes  'O No Go to 70
64.	How often did you take a drink? Was it  * O Everyday	68. Did you ever drink alcoholic beverages?  'O Yes
64.	How often did you take a drink? Was it  O Everyday  O At least once a week	68. Did you ever drink alcoholic beverages?  'O Yes  'O No Go to 70
64.	How often did you take a drink? Was it  C Everyday  At least once a week  One or more times a month	68. Did you ever drink alcoholic beverages?  'O Yes  'O No Go to 70  69. Why did you stop?
64.	How often did you take a drink? Was it  Ceveryday  At least once a week  One or more times a month  Less often than once a month?	68. Did you ever drink alcoholic beverages?  'O Yes 'O No Go to 70  69. Why did you stop?  'O Health
64.	How often did you take a drink? Was it  C Everyday  At least once a week  One or more times a month	68. Did you ever drink alcoholic beverages?  'O Yes 'O No Go to 70  69. Why did you stop?  'O Health
64.	How often did you take a drink? Was it  Ceveryday  At least once a week  One or more times a month  Less often than once a month?	68. Did you ever drink alcoholic beverages?  'O Yes  'O No Go to 70  69. Why did you stop?  'O Health Other (specify)
64.	How often did you take a drink?  Was it  Ceveryday  At least once a week  One or more times a month  Less often than once a month?  Don't know  At what age did you start drinking alcoholic	68. Did you ever drink alcoholic beverages?  'O Yes  'O No Go to 70  69. Why did you stop?  'O Health Other (specify)  SECTION I  Recent studies have shown that the amount of sleep a person gets may be related to their health.  70. Within a 24-hour period, how much time do you
	How often did you take a drink? Was it  4 © Everyday  5 O At least once a week  6 One or more times a month  1 Less often than once a month?  4 O Don't know	68. Did you ever drink alcoholic beverages?  'O Yes  'O No Go to 70  69. Why did you stop?  'O Health O Other (specify)  SECTION I  Recent studies have shown that the amount of sleep a person gets may be related to their health.
	How often did you take a drink?  Was it  Ceveryday  At least once a week  One or more times a month  Less often than once a month?  Don't know  At what age did you start drinking alcoholic	68. Did you ever drink alcoholic beverages?  'O Yes  'O No Go to 70  69. Why did you stop?  'Go Health Other (specify)  SECTION I  Recent studies have shown that the amount of sleep a person gets may be related to their health.  70. Within a 24-hour period, how much time do you usually spend in bed resting, reading and
	How often did you take a drink?  Was it  Ceveryday  At least once a week  One or more times a month  Less often than once a month?  Don't know  At what age did you start drinking alcoholic	68. Did you ever drink alcoholic beverages?  'O Yes  'O No Go to 70  69. Why did you stop?  'O Health O Other (specify)  SECTION I  Recent studies have shown that the amount of sleep a person gets may be related to their health.  70. Within a 24-hour period, how much time do you usually spend in bed resting, reading and sleeping?
	How often did you take a drink?  Was it  Ceveryday  At least once a week  One or more times a month  Less often than once a month?  Don't know  At what age did you start drinking alcoholic beverages?	68. Did you ever drink alcoholic beverages?  'O Yes  'O No Go to 70  69. Why did you stop?  'Go Health Other (specify)  SECTION I  Recent studies have shown that the amount of sleep a person gets may be related to their health.  70. Within a 24-hour period, how much time do you usually spend in bed resting, reading and

71,	Of this time, how long do you sleeping?	usually spend				
				-		
	hours minutes					
	9 O Don't know					
72.	Do you consider that you get		1			
	¹O Too much sleep					
	² O Too little sleep					
	3 About the right amount?			_ ·		
SEC	TION J					
73.	The next questions ask you to rat you are very satisfied, somewhat rate your feelings about each of th	satisfied, somev	about ar vhat dis	reas of your satisfied or	life and living conditi very dissatisfied. Ho	ons, whether w would you
			omewhat Satisfied	Somey Dissati		No Opinion
	(a) Your health	01 🔾 02	0	32 O	<b>∞</b> ○	
	(b) Your job or major activity		Q	U8 ()	o9 O	:40
	(c) Your finances (d) Your housing		8	:3 O :8 O	14 () 19 ()	:50 
	(e) Family relations	21 🔾 22	Ŏ	23 🔾	4 Ŏ 30 C	25 Ö 30 O
74.	(f) Friendships Using the same scale, how do you		76(b)		t month, how many t	<del></del>
	life as a whole	icei about your	1000		of your town or commi	
	O Very satisfied			⁹⁷ ○ Never	——— Go to 76(c	)
	² O Somewhat satisfied				With whom did you to (Mark all that apply)	ravel?
	³ O Somewhat dissatisfied				O Alone	
	⁴ ○ Very dissatisfied?				² O Spouse/Partner	
	⁵ O No opinion		1		30 Son/Daughter	
75.	Would you describe yourself as	•			Other Relative	
	O Very happy				O Friend	
	² O Somewhat happy				6 Other (specify) _	
	<ul><li>Somewhat unhappy</li><li>Very unhappy?</li></ul>					
	SO No opinion		76(c)	Go to senio	or centres or clubs?	
SEC	TION K	···	1		97 O Never	
76.(4	The next questions concern services.	ocial activities.			·	
	In the last month, how many ti to public places such as movie theatre or sports events?		76(d)	cards, or to	ctivities such as bingo o attend courses?	
	97 ○ Never ———— Go to 76	S(b)		97 O Neve	er — Go to 76(€	·
	With whom did you (Mark all that apply)				(Mark all that apply)  O Alone	;o:
	¹O Alone				² O Spouse/Partner	
	² O Spouse/Partner				3 Son/Daughter	
	3 Son/Daughter				Other Relative	
	Other relative				5 Friend	
	⁵ O Friend				6 Other (specify) _	
	Other (specify)					
	L		76(e)	Attend me	etings of clubs or orga	nizations?
	·				97 O Never	

- 7 -

85.	Is the yard work for your dwelling, such as lawn mowing, leaf raking and snow removal usually done by				
	¹○ Yourself alone ———— Go to 88				
	⁶ ○ Yourself and someone else				
	Someone else				
86.	Who (besides yourself) does the yard work?  For each circle marked ask: How often is involved doing the yard work?			he yard work?	
		Once or more per week	Once or more per month	Less than once a month	
	o₁ ○ Spouse	02 🔘	<b>03</b> 🔾	⁷⁴ ()	
	os ○ Daughter	os O	o <del>r</del> 🔾	⁷⁸ 🔾	
	[∞] O Son	:0 🔘	пO	:20	
	13 Other relative	<b>4</b> 0	15 🔘	:6 🔾	
	TO Friend or neighbour	:6 🔿	19 🔾	20 🔾	
	²¹ ○ House maintenance service	<b>™</b> ○	3 O	24 🔘	
	25 O Lawn/garden maintenance service	26 🔾	27 🔿	.18 🔾	
	²⁹ ○ Senior centre or club	30 🔘	31 O	³² 🔾	
	³³ ○ Landlord or agent	34 🔾	35 🔾	36 🔾	
	3 ⁷ ○ Condominium corporation	36 🔘	<b>39</b> ○	40 ○	
	41 Other (specify)	⁴² 🔘	43 🔾	<b>~</b> O	
87.	If you had to, could you do the yard work without he	elp?		į.	
	Yes Are you completely unabl	e to do it?		,	
	² O No	·			
	40 No				
<u> </u>					
88.	•				
	⁵ ○ Yourself alone ———— Go to 92				
	⁶ ○ Yourself and someone else				
	⁷ O Someone else				
<b>69</b> .	Who (besides yourself) does the housework?  For each circle marked ask:  How often isinvolved doing the housework			the housework?	
		Once or more per week	Once or more per month	Less than once a month	
	⁰¹ O Spouse	02	æ ○	**	
	⁰⁵ O Daughter	os ()	o [#] 🔾	⁰⁶ O	
	[∞] ○ Son	:• 🔾	O	^{:2} O	
	Other relative	:• 🔾	:5 🔾	:6 🔾	
	^{:7} O Friend or neighber	:8 🔿	79 🔾	-20 O	
	²¹ O Homemaker service	<b>~</b> O	<b>a</b> O	*0	
	²⁵ ○ Friendly visitor service	26 🔾	z-O	²⁸ 🔾	
	²⁹ O Senior centre or club	30 🔘	31 🔾	32 🔿	
	³³ ○ Other (specify)	34 🔘	35 🔾	36 🔾	
90.	If you had to, could you do heavy housework such a	s washing floors an	d cleaning windo	ws without help?	
	· ○ Yes — Go to 92				
	² O No Are you completely unab	le to do heavy house	ework?		
	³O Yes				
1	40 No				

91.	If you had to, could you do light housework such as washing dishes and dusting without help?						
	:0	Yes	Are you completely unable to do light housework?				
	<u>2</u> 0	No -	³O Yes				
			.O %			1	
92.		•	sebold usually prepared	1 by		·	
	'O Yourself alone Go to 95						
	_	Yourself and someo	one eise				
	:0	Someone eise					
93.	3. Who (besides yourself) makes the meals? For each circle marked ask:  How often is involved in making.			making meals?			
				Once or more per week	Once or more per month	Less than once a month	
İ	" O	Spouse		92 🔾	na 🔾	<b>~</b> O	
		Daughter		<b>*</b> O	²⁷ 🔾	<b>*</b>	
	<b>3</b> 0	=		:• 🔿	:- 🔿	.: 🔾	
	_	Other relative		.4 🔘	.3 🔘	:6 🔾	
		Friend or neighbour		.a 🔘 e.	:9 🔘	20 🔾	
		Homemaker service		<b>=</b> O	<b>3</b> 🔾	24 O	
		Friendly visites servi	ice ·	.:6 🔘	27 🔾	.3 🔾	
		Senior centre or club		32 🔘	27 🔾	<i>a</i> O	
	a O	Other (specify)		<b>#</b> 🔘	<b>25</b> 🔘	36 🔘	
	If you had to make meals on a regular basis, could you do it without help?						
94.	If you	had to make meals	on a regular basis, could	d you do it without hel			
94.	_	Yes	Are you completely un		b:		
94.	:0				p:		
94.	:0	Yes	Are you completely un		p:		
	O. O.	Yes No	Are you completely un  C Yes  No	able to make meals?	p:		
94.	is the	Yes No grocery sho; ping i	Are you completely un  C Yes  No	able to make meals?	p:		
	is the	Yes No process showning if	Are you completely un  C Yes  No  n your household usuall	able to make meals?	p:		
	is the 'O	Yes No grocery show ping i Yourself alone Yourself and some	Are you completely un  C Yes  No  n your household usuall	able to make meals?	p:	·	
95.	Is the	Yes No process showning if	Are you completely un  C Yes  No  n your household usuali  Go to 98  one else	able to make meals?  ly done by  For each circle m		ı grocery	
95.	Is the	Yes No process showning is Yourself alone Yourself and some Someone else	Are you completely un  C Yes  No  n your household usuali  Go to 98  one else	able to make meals?  ly done by  For each circle m  How often is —	arked ask:	a grocery  Less than once a month	
95.	Is the	Yes No process showning is Yourself alone Yourself and some Someone else	Are you completely un  C Yes  No  n your household usuali  Go to 98  one else	For each circle m How often is — shopping?  Once or more	arked ask: involved in	Less than	
95.	Is the	Yes No grocery sho; ping if Yourself alone Yourself and some Someone else (besides yourself) sh	Are you completely un  C Yes  No  n your household usuali  Go to 98  one else	For each circle m How often is — shopping?  Once or more per week	arked ask: ——involved in Once or more per month	Less than once a month	
95.	Is the	Yes No grocery sho; ping i Yourself alone Yourself and some Someone else (besides yourself) si	Are you completely un  C Yes  No  n your household usuali  Go to 98  one else	For each circle m How often is shopping?  Once or more per week	Once or more per month	Less than once a month	
95.	Is the	Yes No grocery sho; ping i Yourself alone Yourself and some Someone else (besides yourself) si	Are you completely un  C Yes  No  n your household usuali  Go to 98  one else	For each circle m How often is - shopping?  Once or more per week	Once or more per month	Less than once a month	
95.	Is the	Yes No grocery sho; ping if Yourself alone Yourself and some Someone else (besides yourself) si  Spouse Daughter Son	Are you completely un  Cyes  No  n your household usuall  Go to 98  one else  hops for groceries?	For each circle m How often is — shopping?  Once or more per week  20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	Once or more per month	Less than once a month	
95.	15 the 10 TO Who (12 O 12	Yes No Percent Shorping in Yourself alone Yourself and some Someone else Obesides yourself) sl Spouse Daughter Son Other relative	Are you completely un  Cyes  No  n your household usuall  Go to 98  one else  hops for groceries?	For each circle m How often is — shopping?  Once or more per week  20 20 21 21 21 21 22 23 24 24 24 24 24 25 26 26 27 27 28 28 29 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	Once or more per month	Less than once a month	
95.	15 the 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Yes No grocery sho; ping if Yourself alone Yourself and some Someone else (besides yourself) si  Spouse Daughter Son Other relative Friend or neignbour	Are you completely un  Cyes  No  n your household usuall  Go to 98  one else  hops for groceries?	For each circle m How often is - shopping?  Once or more per week  20 20 21 21 22 23 24 25 25 26 26 27 27 28 29 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	once or more per month	Less than once a month	
95.	15 the 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Yes No grocery shorping if Yourself alone Yourself and some Someone else Desides yourself) sl  Spouse Daughter Son Other relative Friend or neighbour Homemaker service Friendly visitor service	Are you completely un  C Yes  No  n your household usuall  Go to 98  one else  hops for groceries?	For each circle m How often is — shopping?  Once or more per week  20 20 30 30	Once or more per month	Less than once a month  Control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of t	

97.	If you had to, could you do the grocery shopping without help?					
	:0	Yes	Are you completely unable to do shopping?			
	; O	No -	³ O Yes	•		
			40 No			
					<del></del>	
98.	Do y	ou usually get help w	ith managing your money s	uch as keeping track	of expenses and p	aying bills?
	2 O	Yes				
	, O	No -	Go to 101			
		•				
99.	). Who usually helps you?			For each circle marked ask: How often does help?		
				Once or more per week	Once or more per month	Less than once a month
	01 O	Spouse		92 🔾	·23 🔘	<b>*</b> O
	05 🔾	Daughter		<b>%</b> 🔾	07 🔾	36 🔘
	79 O	Son		:0 🔘	n 🔾	12 🔾
	:3 🔘	Other relative		:40	:5 🔘	:6 🔾
	17 O	Friend or neighbour		:9 🔾	:9 🔾	<b>20</b> ○
	²¹ O	Counselling service		22 🔾	¤O	24 🔾
		Legal/accounting serv	vice	26 🔘	27 O	<b>35</b> ○
	.a.	Senior centre or club		30 🔘	31 🔾	¹² O
	33 🔾	Other (specify)		34 🔾	35 🔘	38 O
100.	If you	u had to, could you m	anage your money without	hein?		
		Yes	anage your money without	, ne.p.		;
		No —	Are you completely unable	e to do it?		
			³ O Yes	. 10 20 11.		400
			40 No			
						į
101.	Do yo	ou usually get help w	ith personal care such as di	ressing, feeding or ta	king medication?	
	_					
	_	Yes				į
	°O	No —	Go to 104			:
102.	. Who usually helps you?		For each circle marked ask:  How often does help?			
				Once or more per week	Once or more per month	Less than once a month
	01 🔿	Spouse		02 🔾	03	<b>~</b> O
	05 🔾	Daughter		oe 🔾	o ₂ O	08 🔘
	,39 (C)	Son		10 🔘	:: O	:2O
		Other relative		:4 🔾	:5 🔾	:5 🔾
	_	Friend or neighbour		:8 🔾	:3 🔾	70 🔾
		Nursing service		<b>22</b> ○	²³ ()	24 🔘
		Friendly visitor service	ce	25 🔾	#O	25 🔾
		Homemaker service		30 🔾	31 O	¹² O
	~O	Other (specify)		⁵⁴ O	¹⁵ O	³⁶ O

103. If you had to, could you care for yourself without	help?		
Yes Are you completely unable to care for yourself?			
:O No			
O No			
SECTION N	109. Interviewer: Ask if not known:		
The following questions are about contact with your	ls your father still living?		
family and friends.	:O Yes		
104. Interviewer: Ask if not known:	² O No )		
Is your mother still living?	Go to 114		
:O Yes			
20 No Go to 109			
O Don't know	110. How old is your father?		
	²⁶ ○ Don't know		
105. How old is your mother?	Don t know		
MO Don't know	111. Does he live in this household?		
Don't know	• O Yes ———— Go to 114		
	:O Yes Go to 114		
106. Does she live in this household?			
Yes ——— Go to 109			
O No	112. How often do you see your father?		
No.			
	°C Daily		
107. How often do you see your mother?	O At least once a week		
³ O Daily	O Less than once a month		
'C At least once a week	O Never		
O At least once a month	- 1.6.td		
CLess than once a month			
O Never			
	113. How often do you have contact by letter or telephone with him?		
	O Daily		
108. How often do you have contact by letter or	<del>-</del>		
telephone with her?	² O At least once a month		
O Daily	O Less than once a month		
² O At least once a week	³ O Never		
³ O At least once a month			
O Less than once a month			
⁵ O Never			
	114. Do you have any children?		
	O Yes ——— How many?		
	² O No Go to 119		

115. Do all of them live in this household?	122. How often do you have contact by letter or
³○ Yes ——— Go to 118	telephone with them?
10 No	O Daily
	² O At least once a week
The next questions concern your children not living	³ At least once a month
in this household.	⁴○ Less than once a month
116. How often do you see them?	³ O Never
50 Daily	
⁶ ○ At least once a week	123. About how many other relatives have you had
7 At least once a month	contact with in the last 3 months? Include aunts,
C Less than once a month	uncles, cousins, nieces, nephews, in-laws.
³O Never	
	97 O None Go to 126
117. How often do you have contact by letter or telephone with them?	
O Daily	124. How often do you see your relatives?
² O At least once a week	
³ O At least once a month	O Daily
Less than once a month	² O At least once a week
O Never	³ O At least once a month
	C Less than once a month
	⁵ O Never
118. Do you have any grandchildren?	
°O Yes ——— How many?	
.○ Nº	125. How often do you have contact by letter or telephone with them?
	O Daily
119. Do you have any sisters or brothers?	² O At least once a week
³O Yes — How many?	³ O At least once a month
°O No ——— Go to 123	C Less than once a month
	⁵ O Never
120. Do all of them live in this household?	
• O Yes — Go to 123	126. Other than relatives, how many people do you consider close friends? That is, friends you feel
20 No	close to and can confide in.
U .40	
	97 O None ——— Go to 129
The next questions concern your brothers and sisters	
not living in this household.	
121. How often do you see your brothers and sisters?	
³ O Daily	127. How often do you see your close friends?
O At least once a week	LO Daily
°○ At least once a month	² O At least once a week
C Less than once a month	³ O At least once a month
O Never	C Less than once a month
	SO Never

128. How often do you have contact by letter or	133. What is your date of birth?	
telephone with them?		
O Daily	Day Month Year	
² O At least once a week	•	
³ O At least once a month	104 100	
C Less than once a month	134. Where were you born?	
3O Never	21 O Newfoundland	
SECTION O	12 O Prince Edward Island	
129. Now, I'd like to ask you for some background	[™] O Nova Scotia	
information. How many years of elementary or	[∞] O New Brunswick	
secondary education have you completed?	™ O Québec	
No schooling	os ○ Ontario	
²² ○ One	³⁷ ○ Manitoba	
² O Two	³⁴ ○ Saskatchewan	
[∞] ○ Three	²⁹ ○ Alberta	
[™] C Four	:0 O British Columbia	
○ Five Go to 131	"O Yukon	
⁹⁷ ○ Six	¹² O Northwest Territories	
³⁴ ○ Seven	23 Country outside Canada (specify)	
³⁹ ○ Eight		
¹º O Nine		
"O Ten	135. In what year did you first immigrate to Canada?	
¹² O Eleven	1 9	
¹³ O Tweive		
*O Thirteen	³⁷ Canadian citizen by birth	
15 C Don't know		
	136. What language did you first speak in childhood?	
	·C English	
130. Have you graduated from secondary school?	² O French	
· C Yes	³ C Italian	
°C No	German	
	O Ukrainian	
131. Have you had any further schooling beyond	Other (specify)	
elementary/secondary school?	·	
*O Yes	100 D	
¹○ No ———— Go to 133	137. Do you still understand that language?	
100 177	O Yes	
132. What is the highest level? (accept multiple response)	,O %	
Some community college, CEGEP, or nursing	138. What language do you speak at home now? (If	
school school	more than one language, which is spoken most often.	
² O Diploma or certificate from community college.	O English	
CEGEP, or nursing school	² O French	
³ O Some university	³ O Italian	
*O Bachelor or undergraduate degree or teacher's coilege	O Chinese	
30 Master's or earned doctorate	'O German	
Other (specify)	Other (specify)	
	Other (specify)	

139.	What, if any, is your religion?	144. Is this dwelling owned or being rented by a member of this household?
	¹¹ O No religion → Go to 141	Owned
	Roman Catholic	² O Rented
	¹³ O United Church	
	Anglican	145. Who is the person (or one of the persons) that lives here and is responsible for paying the rent.
	³⁵ O Presbyterian	or mortgage, or taxes, electricity, etc. for this dwelling?
	[∞] C Lutheran	
	TO Baptist	(enter page-line number)
	28 C Eastern Orthodox	⁹⁷ O Person lives elsewhere
	¹⁹ O Jewish	C Ferson lives elsewhere
	Other (specify)	146. How many telephones, counting extensions, are there in your dwelling?
140.	Other than on special occasions such as weddings, funerals or baptisms, how often do	4○ One ———— Go to 151
	you attend services or meetings connected with your religion?	¹○ Two or more
	¹ O At least once a week	147. Do all the telephones have the same number?
	² O At least once a month	°O No
	³ O At least once a year	O Yes ———— Go to 151
	¹○ Less than once a year	Go to 151
	O Never	148. How many different numbers are there?
	⁶ ○ Don't know	The rios in many different numbers are there.
	7	
141.	To which ethnic or cultural group do you or did your ancestors belong? (accept multiple response).	
	¹ O French	149. Are any of these numbers for business use only?
	² O English	*O No ——— Go to 151
	³O Irish	°O Yes
	⁴○ Scottish	
	⁵ O German	150 How many are for business use only?
	6 Italian	
	O Ukrainian	
	Don't know	151 factorial Village de Carte de Carte
	³ O Other (specify)	151. Last week, did you do any work at a job or business? (not counting work around the house)
		:○ Yes ——— Go to 162
142.	In what type of dwelling are you now living?	² O No
	: O Single detached house	³ O Permanently
	² O Semi-detached or double (side-by-side)	unable to work —— Go to 165
	³ Garden house, town-house or row house	
	Duplex (one above the other)	152. During that week did you have a job or business
	5 C Low-rise apartment (less than 5 stories)	at which you did not work?
	[↑] ○ High-rise apartment (5 or more stories)	'○ Yes ——— Go to 154
	Other (specify)	50 No
		153. Last week, did you have a job to start in the next
1.13	What is the Postal Code for this dwelling?	4 weeks?
. 70.	what is the Postal Code for this aweiling:	⁵○ Yes ) Go to 155
		) CO (O 100
		·O No

154. Why were you absent from work last week?	160. Were you enrolled as a full-time or part-time student?
New job to start in the future Go to 162	O Fuil-time
	² O Part-time ———— Go to 165
Own illness or disability	Co to 165
³ O Personal or family responsibilities	161. Did you have a job at anytime during the last 5
⁴ O Bad weather	years?
³ O Labour dispute (strike or lockout)	³O Yes
¹ O Layoff, expects to return (Paid workers only)	'O No Go to 165
O Vacation	
O Seasonal business	162. For whom doddid you work?
(Exclude paid workers)	
'O Other (specify)	<u>Littifuteenis</u>
·	
187 Table and the base and ball of the month?	163. What kind of business, industry or service is was
155. In the past 4 weeks, have you looked for work?	this?
O Yes	
² O No Go to 161	
156. In the past 4 weeks, what have you done to find work? :accept multiple response)	164. What kind of work do did you do?
work: accept multiple response)	
*C Public employment agency	
C Private employment agency	
4C Union	165. What was your income before taxes from wages.
Other (specify)	salaries and self-employment during 1984?
	\$ 00
	³ C No income or loss
157. Are you looking for a full-time or part-time job?	¹ O Don't know
°C Full-time	166. What was your income from government sources
(30 or more hours per week)	such as Family Allowance, U.I.C., Social Assistance, Canada or Quebec Pension Plan or
'C Part-time	Old Age Security?
(Less than 30 hours per week)	
	3
158. Was there any reason why you could not take a	O No income
job last week?	O Don't know
C Yes - Own illness or disability	167. What was your income from interest, dividends
² C Yes - Personal or family responsibilities	or private pensions?
³ O Yes - Going to school	
'O Yes - Already has a job	\$00
³ O Other (specify)	O No income or loss
O No - (Was available for work)	² O Don't know
	168. What was the total income of all household
159. Last week, did you attend a school, college or	members from all sources auring 1984?
university?	3 00
°O Yes	
'O No Go to 165	³ O No income
	O Don't know



# **General Social Survey**

**HEALTH AND SOCIAL SUPPORT - 1985** 

Public Use Micro Data File Documentation and User's Guide December 1986

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#### 1. INTRODUCTION

This package was designed to enable interested users to access and manipulate the microdata file for the September, 1985 General Social Survey. It contains information on the objectives, methodology and estimation procedures as well as guidelines for releasing estimates based on the survey.

Appendix A contains the data dictionary, the major part of this documentation package. The survey questionnaires are contained in Appendix D.

The documentation package 5 excluding the crude sampling variability tables and questionnaires is machine readable and can be found as a separate file following the data records.

#### 2. OBJECTIVES

For some time, Statistics Canada has been aware of gaps in the national statistical information system with respect to data on socio-economic trends. These gaps cannot be filled through existing data sources or vehicles because of the level of detail required or the population to be covered. To respond to these needs, Canada, like other countries such as Australia, Japan, the Scandinavian nations, and the United Kingdom has introduced a General Social Survey Program.

The General Social Survey (GSS) is gathering a variety of different kinds of data to meet different kinds of unmet needs, many with different audiences and relevant periodicities. GSS has two principal objectives: first, to gather data on social trends in order to monitor changes in Canadian society over time; and secondly, to provide information on specific policy issues of current or emerging interest, GSS is a continuing program with a single survey cycle each year.

To meet the stated objectives, the data collected by the GSS are made up of three components: Classification, Core and Focus.

Classification content consists of variables which provide the means of delineating population groups and for use in the analysis of Core and Focus data. Examples of classification variables are age, sex, education, and income.

Core content is intended to obtain information which monitors social trends or measures changes in society related to living conditions or well being. The Core content area for the September 1985 USS was health. Topics included health status measures such as short and long term disability, well-being, health problems, height and weight as well as barriers and bridges to improving health status such as smoking, alcohol use, sleep, physical activity, and use of health care services.

Focus content is aimed at meeting the second objective of GSS, namely to provide information touching directly on a specific policy issue or social problem, Focus content, in general, is not expected to be repeated on a periodic basis. For Cycle One Focus content was social support for the elderly.

#### 3. POPULATION

The target population for the General Social Survey was all persons 15 years of age and older in Canada excluding:

- 1. residents of the Yukon and Northwest Territories;
- 2. full-time residents of institutions.

Two separate sampling methodologies were employed in the survey and each excluded small sub-populations due to their design in addition to those above. Households containing persons 15 to 64 were surveyed through random digit dialling (RDD), a telephone sampling method. As a result, households without telephones were excluded. These represent less than 3% of the population. Households containing persons 65 and over were sampled in the Labour Force Survey (LFS). The LFS excludes all residents of Indian Reserves and full-time members of the Canadian Armed Forces. These exclusions represent less than 0.5% of the 65+ population.

The survey estimates have been adjusted (weighted) to represent persons without telephones, residents of Indian Reserves and the Armed Forces.

#### 4. SURVEY DESIGN

The General Social Survey employed three different sampling techniques.

For persons 15-64, the General Social Survey employed two different Random Digit Dialling sampling techniques. For Newfoundland and Ontario the Elimination of Non Working Banks method was used. A description of this procedure is given in Section 4.2. For the remaining provinces (Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia) the Waksberg method was used. This procedure is described in Section 4.1.

For persons 65 years of age or older, the survey was conducted with households that had rotated out of the sample used for the Canadian Labour Force Survey in previous months. Hence, the survey design for the 65+ group is based on the Labour Force Survey frame and sampling procedures. Section 4.3 provides a brief overview of the methodology of the Labour Force Survey as well as highlighting those aspects of the survey design particular to the General Social Survey (65+).

# 4.1 <u>Telephone Sample (Waksberg design) Persons 15-64 (PEI, NS, NB, QUE, MAN, SASK, ALTA, BC)</u>

The Waksberg Method is a Random Digit Dialling sampling technique which significantly reduces the cost of a survey as compared to dialling telephone numbers completely at random. The method employs a two-stage design which increases the likelihood of contacting households. The following describes what was done for the General Social Survey in the above-mentioned provinces for the 15-64 age group.

First, each of the eight provinces was divided into strata - one stratum representing the Census Metropolitan Areas (CMAs) of the province the other representing the non-CMA areas.

Montreal formed a separate stratum. An up-to-date list of all telephone area code and existing prefix number combinations was obtained for each stratum. To these, all possible combinations of the next two digits were added (i.e., all possible banks of 100 consecutive numbers within existing area code prefix combinations were identified). This resulted in a list of all the possible first eight digits of ten digit telephone numbers in each stratum. These eight digit numbers formed the first stage sampling units (i.e., were the Primary Sampling Units - PSUs).

Within each stratum, a random selection was made of one of these eight digit numbers and then the final two digits were generated at random. This number (called a Primary number) was called to determine whether or not it reached a household. If it did not reach a household (i.e., the number was not assigned for use or was a business institution, etc.), the number was dropped from further consideration. If it did reach a household, additional numbers referred to as secondary numbers were generated within the same bank (i.e., numbers with the same first eight digits as the primary number). These numbers were also called to determine whether or not they reached a household.

Secondary numbers were generated on a continuing basis until (i) five additional households were reached in each retained bank or (ii) the bank was exhausted or (iii) the survey period ended.

Primary numbers were generated continuously throughout the survey period in order to yield a predetermined required number of households within each stratum. An attempt was made to conduct an interview with a randomly selected respondent in all primary and secondary households reached in which there was at least one household member in the 15-64 age group.

This method is more efficient than 'pure' random digit dialling because there is a higher probability of reaching a household if the telephone number for that household is within a bank that contains at least one other household. For the General Social Survey, in the provinces in which the Waksberg method was used, around 57.9% of the secondary numbers called reached a household, while only 16.5% of the primary numbers called reached a household.

# 4.2 <u>Telephone Sample (Elimination of Non-Working Banks Design) Persons 15-64 (NFLD & ON)</u>

The Elimination of Non-Working Banks design is a form of Random Digit Dialling in which an attempt is made to identify all working banks for an area i.e., to identify all banks that have within them at least one household. Thus, all telephone numbers within non-working banks are eliminated from the sampling frame. This is the method that was used to sample the 15-64 age group in Newfoundland and Ontario.

Again, strata were formed within each of the two provinces representing CMA and non-CMA portions. Toronto formed a different stratum. For Newfoundland, a list of all banks that contained at least one household (i.e., all working banks) was drawn up for each stratum using the most recent telephone books from the province. (There were five telephone books in total.) A clerical procedure was undertaken to list every bank that occurred at least once within the residential portions of any of the five phone books.

A systematic sample of telephone numbers was then generated for each stratum within these working banks. The entire sample of telephone numbers was generated on the first day of interviewing.

Therefore, a prediction had to be made of the percentage of numbers dialled that would reach a household, This is what is known as the "hit rate". In addition to this a prediction had to be made of the percentage of households that would contain at least one person in the 15-64 age group. Approximately 1,500 telephone numbers were generated for the sample with the expectation that this would result in around 580 households being contacted, 400 of which would be eligible responding households. This represents a hit rate of approximately 36%.

In actuality a hit rate of 44% was achieved; 675 households were contacted of which 490 were eligible and responding. The hit rate was predicted from a previous Random Digit Dialling Survey which employed the Waksberg method.

As was done for the other eight provinces, an attempt was made to conduct a GSS interview with one randomly selected person between the ages of 15 and 64 from each eligible household reached.

It should be noted that a minor bias could result from this method of sampling. If households exist whose telephone numbers are unlisted or not yet listed in a telephone book and these telephone numbers belong to banks of numbers not represented in the telephone books by other households, then such households have a zero probability of selection. This bias has been estimated to be negligible by using information from Bell Canada.

For Ontario, Bell Canada's computer lists were used to generate working banks. Statistics Canada bought from Bell Canada, a list of all banks of telephone numbers that Bell uses throughout the province. For each bank, a number was given indicating the number of telephone numbers within the bank used by private households. This number included households who have unlisted numbers.

A problem occurred because Bell does not service all of Ontario. There are certain small areas serviced by independent phone companies. The area code prefixes for these areas were identified by matching the Bell File with a file of all area codes and prefixes. Area code prefixes from Ontario not on the Bell file were identified. All banks within these area code prefixes were generated and added to the sampling frame. (it would have been more effective to use the Waksberg method for these excluded areas, but the Waksberg method requires that an accurate population estimate be available for the survey area. Such an estimate was not available for the parts of Ontario not covered by Bell.)

As was done for Newfoundland, a systematic sample of telephone numbers was then generated from the telephone numbers within these working banks. Approximately 5,200 telephone numbers were generated with the expectation that this would result in around 2,400 households being contacted, 1,600 of which would be eligible responding households. This represents a hit rate of around 46%. In actuality, a hit rate of 54% was attained; 2,800 households were contacted, 1975 of which were eligible and responded.

## 4.3 The 65+ Sample (Labour Force Survey Design)

The LFS is a multi-stage area sample which is based upon information from the 1981 Census of Canada. It has recently been redesigned to reflect the changes in population characteristics shown by the 1981 Census and to respond to changes in information needs. Basically, the sample consists of three main parts: self-representing units (SRUs), non-self-representing units (NSRUs), and special areas. Each of these parts is discussed in Appendix B, following a brief discussion of the stratification used for the Labour Force Survey. Sample rotation procedures are also discussed.

The sample for the General Social Survey (65+) consisted of two Labour Force Survey rotation groups, the rotation groups that had rotated out of the Labour Force Survey Sample in the months of June and July 1985.

For this portion of the General Social Survey, the intention was to interview individuals 65 years of age or older. For the Labour Force Survey, the ages of all members of a household are recorded when the household rotates into the sample. These ages are not updated in the subsequent six months and therefore, the ages that appeared on the Labour Force Survey records for the 'rotates outs' from June and July were actually the ages as of January and February. In September/October when the survey was conducted, these ages were 8-9 months out of date. Therefore, households that contained at least one person 64 years of age or older were identified from 'rotates out' records from the June and July Labour Force Survey files.

One person 64 years of age or older was selected at random from each of these households and a label printed indicating which household member was to be interviewed. Persons 75 years of age or older were given three times the probability of selection within the selected households. This was done to increase the size of this group selected into the sample. For example, if a household was comprised of four individuals - one 62 years of age, one 67, one 74 and one 80, then:

- the 62 year old was given a zero probability of selection;
- the 67 year old was given a 1/5 probability of selection;
- the 74 year old was given a 1/5 probability of selection; and
- the 80 year old was given a 3/5 probability of selection.

A Labour Force Survey interviewer was sent out to each selected household to conduct a personal interview. She was given a Household Docket Form (F03) containing the household information as well as demographic information (age, sex, marital status, etc.) for each household member as of January/February. She was also given the label indicating which person was to be interviewed. Her first responsibility was to update the information on the F03 including the age of each household member. (She was allowed to conduct this portion of the interview by telephone). When she contacted the household, there were three possibilities:

- (1) the selected person was still residing in the household and 65 or over (i.e., not 64). In this case, she was instructed to set up an appointment to interview this person.
- (2) The selected person was 64 according to the June/July Labour Force Survey file and still had not turned 65.

(3) The selected person had died or moved out of the household.

For the second and third cases, the interviewer was instructed to select at random one person residing in the household who currently (i.e., in September/October) was 65 or over. In this case, persons 75 and over were not given 3 times the probability of selection. It was felt that it would be too difficult for the interviewer to implement this procedure. If there were no persons 65 or over currently residing in the household, she was instructed to terminate the interview.

This sampling procedure resulted in the selection of approximately 3,800 (65+) households. Non-response and out of scope households (i.e., households identified as having at least one person 65+ in June/July, yet having no such persons in September/October) reduced the effective sample take to 3,130 persons.

It should be noted that there are certain minor biases that resulted from this sampling method:

- (1) Persons (65+) who refused to participate in the Labour Force Survey or were temporarily absent or away from home in the month they rotated out of the sample (in June/July) and who were not interviewed in the previous month as wells had a zero probability of selection. (This represents approximately 2.5% of the total 65+ population.)
- (2) Persons (65+) who moved to a household that was occupied solely by persons 15-63 or households that were vacant in June/July had a zero probability of selection. (This represents approximately 1.5% of the total 65+ population.)
- (3) Persons (65+) who moved into a household occupied by other persons 65+ (still residing there) had a zero probability of selection. (This represents approximately 0.5% of the 65+ population.)

In total these exclusions represent less than 5% of the 65+ population.

#### 5. COLLECTION

Data collection for the General Social Survey was conducted by two data collection methods and three questionnaires. The questionnaires were developed utilizing existing material whenever possible so as to be able to establish trend data and examine change over time. To this end the 1978-79 Canada Health Survey was relied on heavily. Questionnaires and procedures were field tested in a pretest involving approximately 500 households in March 1985.

Persons 15 to 64 were interviewed by telephone while persons 65 and over were interviewed in person. Although personal interviews are more expensive, it was felt that the length of the interview might create problems for some older respondents due to hearing problems over the telephone and fatigue from a 30 minute interview. Therefore it was decided that persons 65 years of age or older should be interviewed in person.

Telephone data collection took place during the period September 25 to October 18, 1985. All telephone interviewing took place from centralized telephone facilities in Statistics Canada's regional offices with calls being made from approximately 9 a.m. until 9:30 p.m. Interviewers were trained by Statistics Canada staff in telephone interviewing techniques, survey concepts and

procedures during an 8 hour classroom training session. The majority of interviewers had previous telephone interviewing experience.

Personal interviews were conducted during the period September 20 to October 10, 1985. All personal interviewers were regular Statistics Canada interviewers who conduct the monthly Labour Force Survey. These interviewers were trained on the survey concepts and procedures through a home study guide.

It would have been too lengthy to include all the survey manuals as part of this documentation package but manuals could be made available if requested. Listed below is a list of the manuals used in the survey.

GSS-6	THE GSS (CYCLE ONE) TELEPHONE INTERVIEWERS'S MANUAL
GSS-7	THE GSS (CYCLE ONE) PERSONAL INTERVIEWERS'S MANUAL
GSS-9	GSS (CYCLE ONE) TELEPHONE PROCEDURES MANUAL
GSS-10	GSS (CYCLE ONE) PERSONAL INTERVIEW PROCEDURES MANUAL
GSS-11	GSS - TRAINING GUIDE
GSS-12	GSS HOME STUDY GUIDE PERSONAL INTERVIEW

#### 6. PROCESSING

The following is an overview of the processing steps for the survey.

# 6.1 <u>Data Capture</u>

Data from the survey questionnaires were entered directly into mini-computers in Statistics Canada's regional offices and transmitted to Ottawa. The data capture program allowed for a valid range of codes for each question and automatically followed the flow of the questionnaire. It was possible for operators to enter either invalid data or information that violated the questionnaire flow but only through the use of special functions after they had been alerted that the entry was not valid. No editing to check consistency between questions was done at this stage.

#### 6.2 Edit and Imputation

All survey records were subjected to an exhaustive computer edit to identify and correct invalid or inconsistent information on the questionnaires. Records with missing or incorrect information were assigned non-response codes or corrected from other information from the respondents' questionnaire. Editing was 'bottom-up' meaning that specific related information following a question with a branching pattern was employed to ensure the branching was correct. For example, question 63 'In the last 12 months have you taken a drink ...?' was edited in relation to question 64 'How often did you take a drink?' It was ensured that the information was consistent and complete.

#### **Imputation**

Due to the nature of the survey, imputation was not appropriate for most items and thus 'unknown' codes were usually assigned for missing data. However, non-response was not

permitted for those items required for weighting. Values were imputed for the following: age; sex; number of residential telephone lines (RDD sample).

The imputation technique employed was to split the file between records requiring one or more imputations and records with complete response on those items. A record requiring imputation was then computer matched to good records on relevant criteria such as geography. The value from the matched good record was placed on the record requiring imputation. The imputation routine continued sequentially through the file attempting to match all records.

The table below indicates the number of records requiring imputation for each item on the survey.

Variable	Records requiring Imputation		
Age	1		
Sex	67		
Telephone	57		

#### 7. ESTIMATION

The principle behind the estimation procedure when a probability sample is used, as was used for the General Social Survey, is that each person selected in the sample 'represents', besides himself/herself, several other persons not in the sample. For example, in a simple random sample of 2% of the population, each person in the sample represents 50 persons in the population.

For the microdata file that was created for the General Social Survey, there is one record for each person who responded to the survey. Each record contains demographic characteristics of the selected person as well as their health and social network and support information (where applicable). Instead of physically duplicating the sample records according to the number of persons the records represent, an overall weighting factor was placed on each record. The weighting factor refers to the number of times a particular record should be replicated to obtain population estimates. For example, if the number of persons who consider themselves to be in excellent health is to be estimated, this is done by selecting the records on the microdata file who reported that they were in excellent health and summing the weights on these records.

# 7.1 Weighting

Because the General Social Survey employed three different sampling techniques (as discussed in Section 4), three slightly different weighting procedures were employed. Each is discussed briefly in the following sections.

#### 7.1.1 <u>Labour Force Survey Design (Canada 65+)</u>

The sample used for persons 65 years of age and over for the General Social Survey (GSS 65+) was a subsample of the Canadian Labour Force Survey (LFS) sample. Therefore, the derivation of weights for this portion of the survey was closely tied to the weighting procedure used for the LFS. (For more details, see Methodology of the Canadian Labour Force Survey, 1976, Catalogue No.71-526 and for redesign information - M.P. Singh, J.D. Drew and G.H. Choudry, Post 1981 Censal Redesign of the Canadian Labour Force Survey, Survey Methodology A Journal of Statistics Canada, December 1984 (catalogue No. 12-001, Vol. 10, No. 2)

For the GSS 65+, sampling was restricted to a subset of the LFS sample. Households that had rotated out of the LFS sample in June and July 1985 were used. All households within these rotation groups that contained at least one person 64 years of age or over were considered as part of the GSS 65+ sample. The following outlines the steps used in weighting the GSS 65+ records.

## 1) Basic Weight

The first weighting step was to assign to each GSS 65+ responding record a household weight. This weight was transferred from the corresponding LFS record (from June/July).

#### 2) Subsampling and Non-Response Adjustment

In order to account for the fact that only a subsample of LFS households were selected and some households responded to the LFS but not to the GSS, a weight adjustment was made. The method used was to adjust the household weight on the GSS 65 + records (from Step 1). Using the October LFS file, the sum of the weights for all households with at least one member 64+ in a particular geographical area from all six rotation groups was calculated. The sum of household weights for GSS 65+ records within the same geographical area was also calculated. This sum was obviously smaller than the first one because of subsampling and non-response. A new household weight was derived for the GSS 65+ records by adjusting their household weight by the ratio of the first sum to the second. For records within any particular geographical area, the adjustment factor can be expressed as follows:

sum of the weights of October LFS households with (members 64+) sum of GSS 65+ household weights

# 3) Deletion of Out of Scope Records

As was discussed in Section 4, it was necessary to sample households with at least one person 64 years of age or over (rather than 65) because of the fact that the LFS age variable could have been as much as nine months out of date when interviewing took place in October. At this point in the weighting, records were dropped for which there were no household members 65+ in October.

#### 4) **Person Weight Calculation**

Within each sampled household, only one person was interviewed. In cases where there was more than one person 65 years of age or older living in a household, only one was selected at random. Persons 75+ were given three time the probability of selection within the household. At this point, a person weight was calculated for each GSS 65+ record as the inverse of the probability that the person was selected within the household. This

person weight was then multiplied by the adjusted household weight.

# 5) **Province - Age - Sex Adjustment**

In the last weighting step, the person weights were ratio adjusted to agree with Census projected age-sex distributions. Census projected population counts were obtained for males and females within each province for the following two age groups: 65-69 and 70+. For each of the resulting 40 classifications (10 X 2 X 2), the person weights for records within the classification were adjusted by multiplying by the following ratio:

projected census Population count
sum of the person weights of records in the prov-age-sex group

It should be noted that persons living on Indian Reservations and full-time members of the Armed Forces were included in these projections even though such persons were not sampled.

#### 7.1.2 Waksberg Design 15-64 (PEI, NS, NB, QUE, MAN, SASK, ALB, BC)

A self-weighting sample design is one for which the weights for each unit in the sample are the same. For a two-stage sample design, this happens proportional to size (PPS) sampling and a fixed number of units are selected within each selected Primary Sampling Unit with equal probability.

For the General Social Survey, the 15-64 age group households within the strata in each of the eight above-mentioned provinces were selected using this sampling scheme and thus, the sampled households within each stratum have identical weights. The first stage sampling units (i.e., the Primary Sampling Units) were banks of telephone numbers and the second stage units were actual telephone numbers corresponding to households within those banks. It should be noted that household weights differ from province to province because a different sampling rate was used for each province.

The following outlines the steps that were used in weighting the GSS Waksberg records for the 8 provinces.

#### 1) Basic Weight

In the first stage of weighting all households that were selected into the sample within a given stratum (within a province) were assigned an identical weight.

# 2) Non-Response Adjustment

Weights for responding households were adjusted to represent non-responding households. Within each working bank of telephone numbers selected in the sample, the sampling scheme used required that six households be contacted. In some cases, one or more of these six households refused to participate in the survey. Weights of responding households were adjusted to compensate for non-responding households by multiplying the basic weight of responding households within a bank by the following ratio:

No. of responding households within the bank

# 3) Deletion of out of scope households

For this part of the GSS, only households with at least one member between the ages of 15 and 64 were of interest. At this point of the weighting, out of scope households (i.e., households in which all household members were 65 years of age or older) were dropped.

# 4) Multiple Telephone Adjustment

Weights for households with more than one private telephone number were adjusted downwards to account for the fact that such households have a higher probability of being selected. The weight for each household was divided by the number of distinct telephone numbers that serviced the household.

# 5) **Person Weight Calculation**

A person weight was then calculated for each person who responded to the survey by multiplying the household weight for that person by the number of persons in the household who were eligible to be selected for the survey (i.e., the number of household members between the age of 15 and 64).

#### 6) Adjustment for External Totals

An adjustment was made to the person weights on records within each stratum in order to make population estimates consistent with Census projected population counts. This was done by multiplying the person weight for each record within the stratum by the following ratio:

Census population Project for the stratum
sum of the person weights of GSS Waksberg records within the stratum

# 7) Province - Age - Sex Adjustment

Again the final weighting step was to ratio adjust the weights of Waksberg records to agree with Census projected age-sex distributions. Census projected population counts were obtained for males and females within the following age groups: 15-19, 20-24, 25-34, 35-44, 45-54, 55-64. For each of the resulting 96 classifications (8 X 6 X 2) the persons weights for records within the classification were adjusted by multiplying by the following ratio:

projected census population count
sum of the person weights of records in the prov - age -sex group

It should be noted that persons living in households without telephone service are included in these projections even though such persons were not sampled.

# 7.1.3 Elimination of Non Working Banks Design 15-64 (Newfoundland and Ontario)

As was the case for the Waksberg design, when the Elimination of Non-Working Banks (ENWB) design is used, each household within a stratum has an equal probability of selection. This probability is equal to:

# No. of telephone numbers sampled within the stratum

total number of possible telephone numbers within the stratum

(The total number of possible telephone numbers for a stratum is equal to the number of working banks for a stratum times 100). The following steps outline the weighting procedure that was used for ENWB records.

#### 1) **Basic Weight**

Each household (responding and non responding) was assigned a weight equal to the inverse of its probability of selection:

total number of possible telephone numbers within the stratum

No. of telephone numbers sampled within the stratum

#### 2) Non-Response Adjustment

Weights for responding households were adjusted to represent non-responding households. This was done independently within each area code prefix. Records were adjusted by the following factor:

sum of the household weights of all households within the area code sum of the household weights of responding households with the area code prefix

Non-responding households were then dropped. The next 5 steps used in the weighting procedure for ENWB records were identical to what was done for Waksberg records (i.e., see Waksberg Section 7.1.2 for details)

- 3) Deletion of out of scope households
- 4) Multiple Telephone Adjustment
- 5) Person Height Calculation
- 6) Adjustment to External Totals
- 7) Province Age Sex Adjustment

#### 7.2 Weighting Policy

Users are cautioned against releasing unweighted tables or performing any analysis based on unweighted survey results. As was discussed in Section 7.1, there were several weight adjustments performed independently on records within each province. Sampling rates as well as non-response rates varied significantly from province to province.

For the telephone component of the GSS (i.e., the 15-64 population) contact was made with 11,258 households. Of these, 1,572 were out of scope (i.e., had no members 15-64) and 1,533 were nonresponding households. These were households that refused to respond to the survey or could not because of language difficulties or other problems. Included here as well are households that could not be reached during the entire survey period (i.e. Ring No Answers) a further 83 records were dropped during Head Office Processing because there were insufficient data on the record (i.e., partial responses with too much missing information). If it is assumed that all the non-responding and dropped households were all 'in scope' (i.e., had at least one member 15-64), this represents a response rate of 83.3%.

For the personal interview component (i.e., the 65+ population) attempts were made to interview in 3,816 households. Of these, 196 were out of scope (i.e., had no members 65+) and 475 were non-responding households. A further 15 records were dropped during Head Office Processing because of insufficient data. This represents a response rate of 86.5%.

It is known that non-respondents are more likely to be males and more likely to be younger (15-19).

In the responding sample, 2.7% were males between the ages of 15 and 19, while in the overall population, approximately 5.0% are males between 15 and 19. Therefore, it is clear that the sample counts cannot be considered to be representative of the survey target population unless appropriate weights are applied.

# 7.3 <u>Types of Estimates</u>

Two types of 'simple' estimates are possible from the results of the General Social Survey. These are qualitative estimates (estimates of counts or proportions of people possessing certain characteristics) and quantitative estimates involving quantities or averages. More complex estimation and analyzes are covered in Section 7.4.

#### 7.3.1 Qualitative Estimates

It should be kept in mind that the target population for the GSS was non-institutionalized persons 15 years of age or over living in the ten provinces. Qualitative estimates are estimates of the number or proportion of this target population possessing certain characteristics. The number of women living in Ontario who smoke is an example of this kind of estimate. These estimates are readily obtained by summing the final weights of the records possessing the characteristic in question.

#### 7.3.2 Quantitative Estimates

Some variables on the General Social Survey microdata file are quantitative in nature (e.g., height, weight and age). From these variables, it is possible to obtain such estimates as the average weight of people with high blood pressure. These estimates are of the following ratio form:

est (average) = 
$$\frac{X}{Y}$$

The numerator (X) is a quantitative estimate of the total of the variable of interest (weight in pounds). The denominator (Y) is the qualitative estimate of the number of participants (those having high blood pressure). The two estimates are derived independently and then divided. For the example given, X would be calculated by multiplying the final weights on records referring to persons reporting high blood pressure by the value given for weight in pounds and summing these products over all applicable records. The value Y would be calculated simply by summing the final weights of records reporting to have high blood pressure.

# 7.4 <u>Guidelines for Analysis</u>

As is detailed in section 4 of this document, the respondents from the GSS do not form a simple random sample of the target population. Instead, the survey had a complex design, with stratification and multiple stages of selection, and unequal probabilities of selection of respondents. Using data from such complex surveys presents problems to analysts because the survey design and the selection probabilities affect the estimation and variance calculation procedures that should be used.

The GSS used a stratified design, with significant differences in sampling fractions between strata. Thus some areas are over-represented in the sample (relative to their populations) while some other areas are relatively under-represented; this means that the unweighted sample is not representative of the target population. The survey weights must be used when producing estimates or performing analyzes in order to account for this over- and under-representation. While many analysis procedures found in statistical packages allow weights to be used, the meaning or definition of the weight in these procedures differ from that which is appropriate in a sample survey framework, with the result that while in many cases the estimates produced by the packages are correct, the variances that are calculated are almost meaningless.

For many analysis techniques (for example linear regression, logistic regression, estimation of rates and proportions and analysis of variance) a method exists which can make the variances calculated by the standard packages more meaningful. If the weights on the data are rescaled so that the average weight is one (1), then the variances produced by the standard packages will be more reasonable; they still will not take into account the stratification and clustering of the sample's design, but they will take into account the unequal probabilities of selection. The rescaling can be accomplished by dividing each weight by overall average weight before the analysis is conducted.

The calculation of truly meaningful variance estimates requires detailed knowledge of the design of the survey; such detail cannot be given in this microdata file because of confidentiality. Variances that take into account the sample design can be calculated for many statistics by Statistics Canada on a cost recovery basis.

#### 8. RELEASE GUIDELINES AND DATA RELIABILITY

It is important for users to become familiar with the contents of this section before publishing or otherwise releasing any estimates derived from the General Social Survey microdata file.

This section of the documentation provides guidelines to be followed by users. With the aid of these guidelines, users of the microdata should be able to produce figures consistent with those produced by Statistics Canada and in conformance with the established guidelines for rounding and release. The guidelines can be broken into two broad sections - sampling variability and rounding policy.

# 8.1 <u>Sampling Variability Guidelines</u>

The estimates derived from this survey are based on a <u>sample</u> of households. Somewhat different figures might have been obtained if a complete census had been taken using the same

questionnaire, interviewers, supervisors, processing methods, etc. as those actually used. The difference between the estimates obtained from the sample and the results from a complete count taken under similar conditions is called the sampling error of the estimate.

Although the exact sampling error of the estimate, as defined above, cannot be measured from sample results alone, it is possible to estimate a statistical measure of sampling error, the standard error, from the sample data. Using the standard error, confidence intervals for estimates (ignoring the effects of non-sampling error) may be obtained under the assumption that the estimates are normally distributed about the true population value. The chances are about 68 out of 100 that the difference between a sample estimate and the true population value would be less than one standard error, about 95 out of 100 that the difference would be less than two standard errors, and virtually with certainty that the differences would be less than three standard errors.

Because of the large variety of estimates that can be produced from a survey, the standard deviation is usually expressed relative to the estimate to which it pertains. The resulting measure, known as the <u>coefficient of variation</u> of an estimate is obtained by dividing the standard error of the estimate by the estimate itself and is expressed as a percentage of the estimate. Before releasing and/or publishing any estimates from the microdata file, users should determine whether the estimate is releasable based on the following guidelines:

TYPE OF ESTIMATE	COEFFICENT OF VARIATION (IN %)	ALPHABETIC INDICATORS	GUIDELINE STATEMENT
1. Unqualified	0.0 to 0.5% 0.6 to 1.0 1.1 to 2.5% 2.6 to 5.0% 5.1 to 10.0% 10.1 to 16.5%	A B C D E F	Estimates can be considered for general unrestricted releases. No special notation is required, although No special notation is required, although the alphabetic indicators at left are suggested.
2. Qualified	16.6 to 25.0%	G	Estimates can be considered for general unrestricted release by should be accompanied by warning of high sampling variability associated with the estimates. Such estimates should be identified by the letter G (or some other similar fashion).
3. Restricted	25.1 to 33.3%	Н	Estimates can be considered for general unrestricted release only when sampling variabilities are obtained using an exact variance calculation procedure. The estimates should be accompanied by a warning of high sampling variability associated with the estimates.
4. Not for Release	(i) 33.4% or over	J	Estimates should not be released in any form under any circumstances. In such statistical tables, such estimates should be deleted.

# 8.2 <u>Estimates of Variance</u>

Variance estimation is described separately for qualitative and quantitative estimates.

# 8.2.1 <u>Sampling Variability for Qualitative Estimates</u>

Derivation of sampling variabilities for each of the estimates which could be generated from the General Social Survey would be an extremely costly procedure, and for most users, an unnecessary one. Consequently, crude measures of sampling variability, in the form of tables, have been developed for use and are included in Appendix C (Crude Sampling Variability Tables). These tables have been produced using the coefficient of variation formula based on a simple random sample. Because estimates for the General Social Survey were not, in fact, based

on a simple random sample design and were, instead, based on three different sample designs (the Labour Force Survey design, the Elimination of Non Working Banks design and the Waksberg design), a factor called the design effect was introduced into the variance formula. The design effect for an estimate is the actual variance for the estimate (taking into account the design that was used) divided by the variance that would result if the estimate had been derived from a simple random sample. For each province and Canada, average design effects were calculated taking into consideration several of the estimates produced by the survey. In Appendix C, Part I the Crude Sampling Variability Tables for the 15+ age group were based on these average design effects.

Several questions on the GSS were asked only to persons 55 years of age and over. (i.e., the social support questions). As was discussed in Section 4, the sampling design as well as the sampling rates were quite different for the 65+ group, which forms the majority of the 55+ group. Therefore, separate design effects were calculated for the 55+ group for each province. Separate Crude Sampling Variability Tables for this age group can be found in Part II of Appendix C as well.

# 8.3 Rounding

In order that estimates produced from the General Social Survey microdata file correspond to those produced by Statistics Canada users are urged to adhere to the following guidelines regarding the rounding of such estimates. It is unwise to release unrounded estimates, as they imply greater precision than actually exists.

#### 8.3.1 Rounding Guidelines

- (1) Estimates of totals in the main body of a statistical table should be rounded to the nearest thousand using the normal rounding technique (see definition in section 8.3.2).
- (2) Marginal sub-totals and totals in statistical tables are to be derived from their corresponding unrounded components and then are to be rounded themselves to the nearest thousand units using normal rounding.
- (3) Averages, proportions, rates and percentages are to be computed from unrounded components and then are to be rounded themselves to one decimal using normal rounding.
- (4) Sums and differences of aggregates and ratios are to be derived from corresponding unrounded components and then rounded to the nearest thousand units or the nearest one decimal using normal rounding.
- In instances in which, due to technical or other limitations, a different rounding technique is used, which results in estimates being released which differ from the corresponding estimates produced by Statistics Canada, users are encouraged to note the reason for such differences in the released document.

# 8.3.2 Normal Rounding

In normal rounding, if the first or only digit to be dropped is 0 to 4; the last digit to be retained is not changed. If the first or only digit to dropped is 5 to 9, the last digit to be retained is raised by one. for example, the number 8499 rounded to thousands would be 8 and the number 8500 rounded to thousands would be 9.

#### 9. Additional Information

Additional information about this survey can be obtained from the individuals listed below. Data from the survey is available through published reports, special request tabulations, and this micro data file. The microdata file is available from the Housing, Family and Social Statistics Division of Statistics Canada at a cost of \$750. Tabulations can be obtained at a cost that will reflect the resources required to produce the tabulation.

# **Data Collection and Data Processing**

Subject Matter

Sample Selection Procedures / Weighting and Estimation

Ed Praught Housing, Family and Social Statistics Division (613) 951-9180